

Double tropopause characteristics from the full radio occultation record

H. Wilhelmsen, F. Ladstädter, T. Schmidt, A.K. Steiner

Wegener Center for Climate and Global Change
University of Graz, Graz, Austria

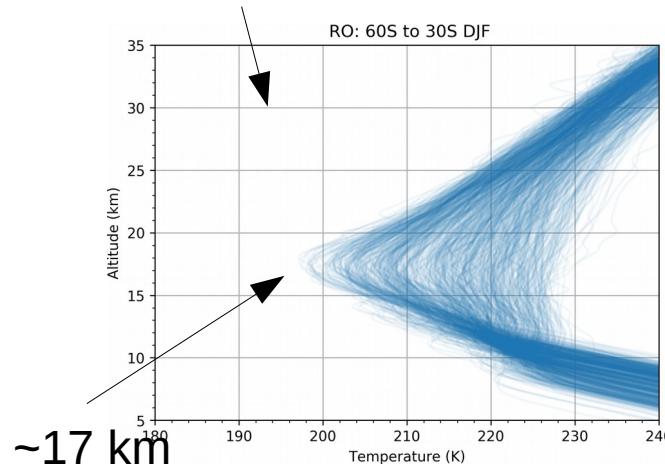
hallgeir.wilhelmsen@uni-graz.at

Outlook

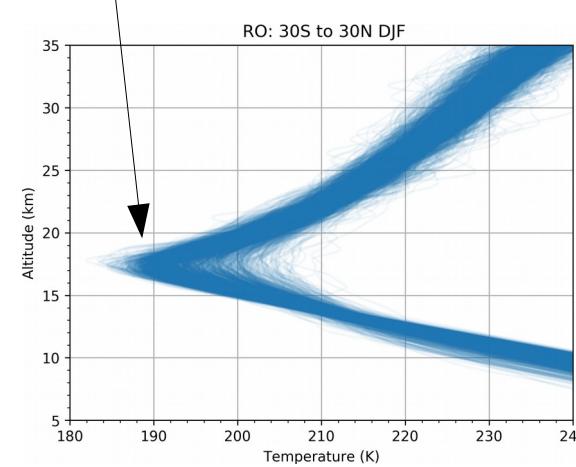
- Double tropopause (DT)
- Global view
- Global view – seasons
- DT – time lines
- Some details

The thermal tropopause

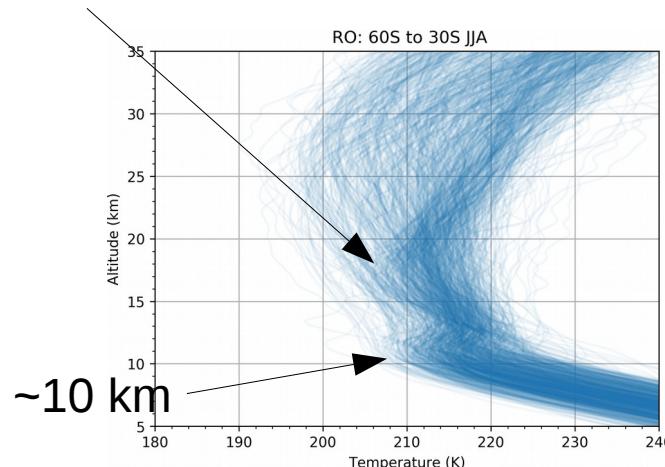
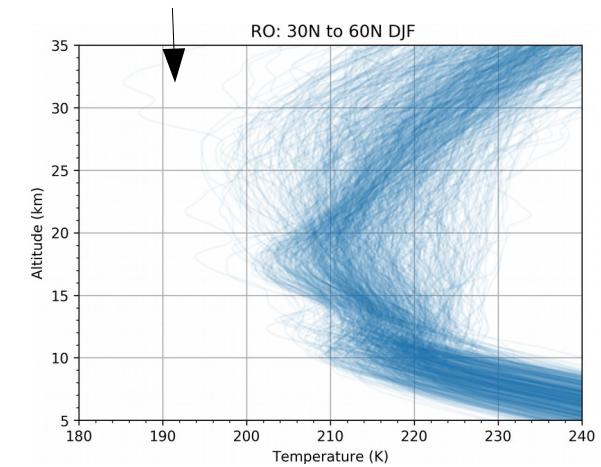
Summer



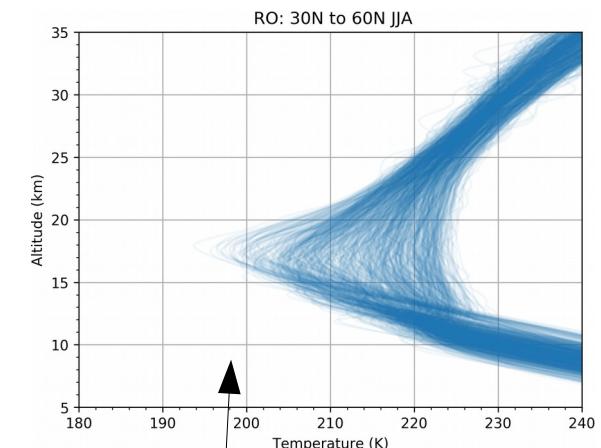
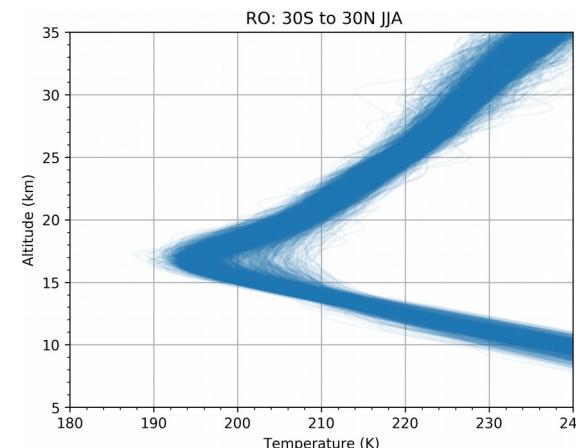
There it is!



Winter

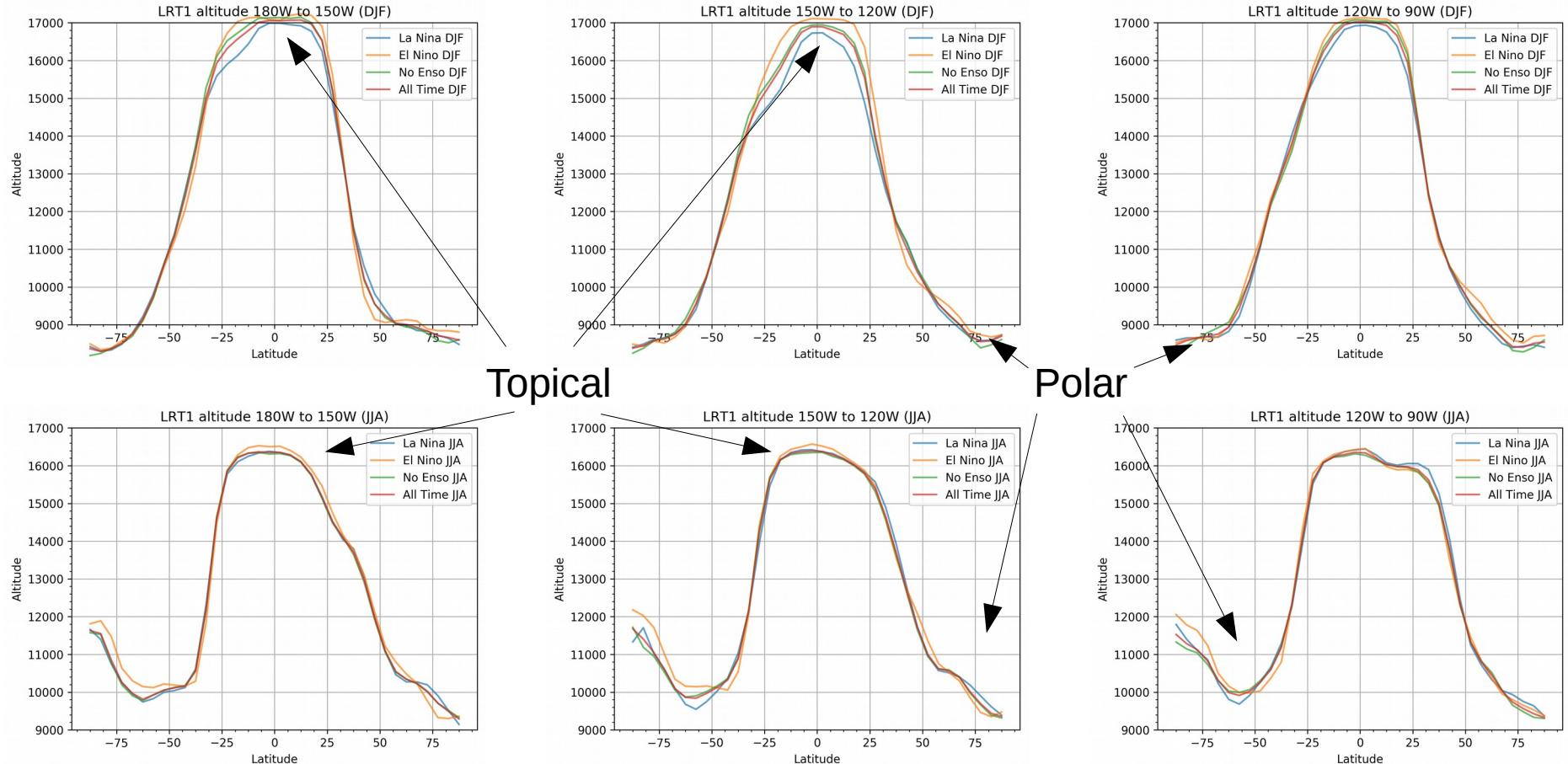


Winter



Summer

Mean height of first lapse rate tropopause is latitude dependent



WMO lapse rate tropopause definition

First tropopause

Smoothing
without
smoothing

Second or more
tropopauses

in the meantime. The new definition of tropopause is as follows :

(a) The *first tropopause* is defined as the lowest level at which the lapse rate decreases to $2^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{km}$ or less, provided also the average lapse rate between this level and all higher levels within 2 km does not exceed $2^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{km}$.

(b) If above the first tropopause the average lapse rate between any level and all higher levels within 1 km exceeds $3^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{km}$, then a *second tropopause* is defined by the same criterion as under (a). This tropopause may be either within or above the 1 km layer.

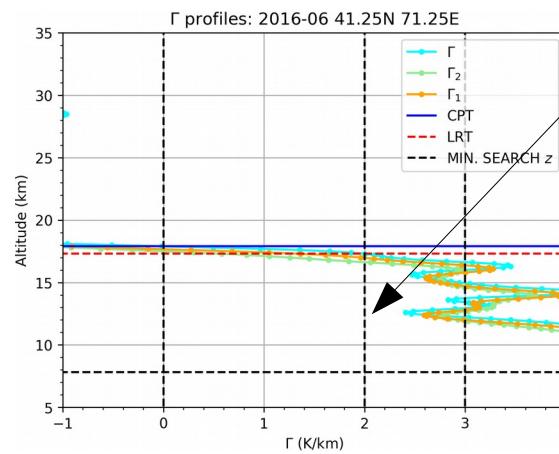
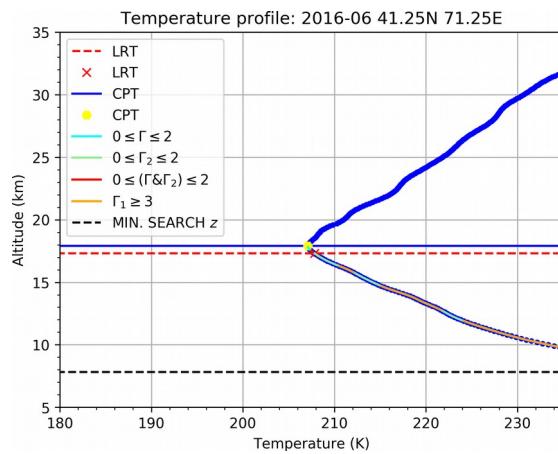
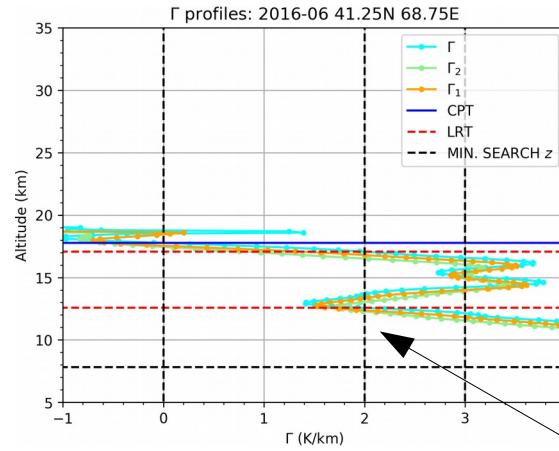
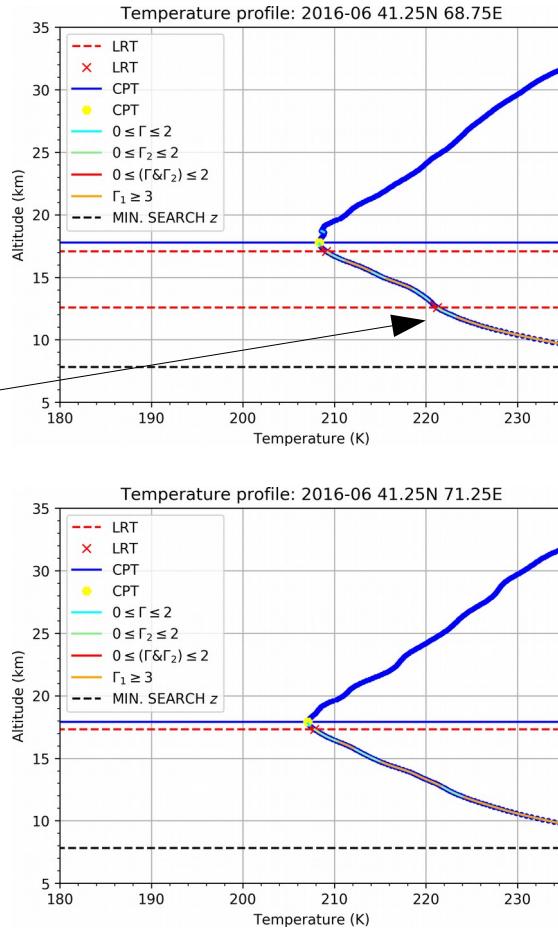
On the question of significant levels, the commission considered that they

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Source: WMO 1957

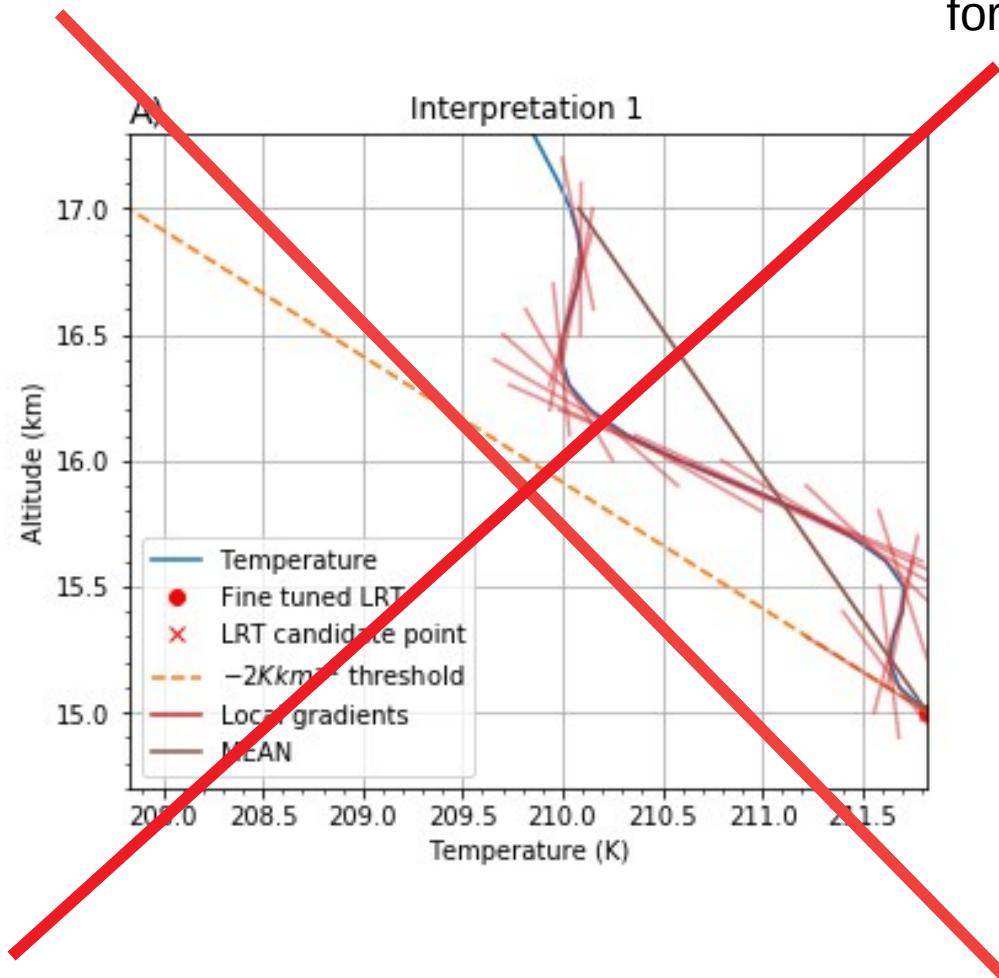
“That is not a tropopause”

WRONG!
THAT IS NOT A
TROPOPAUSE!

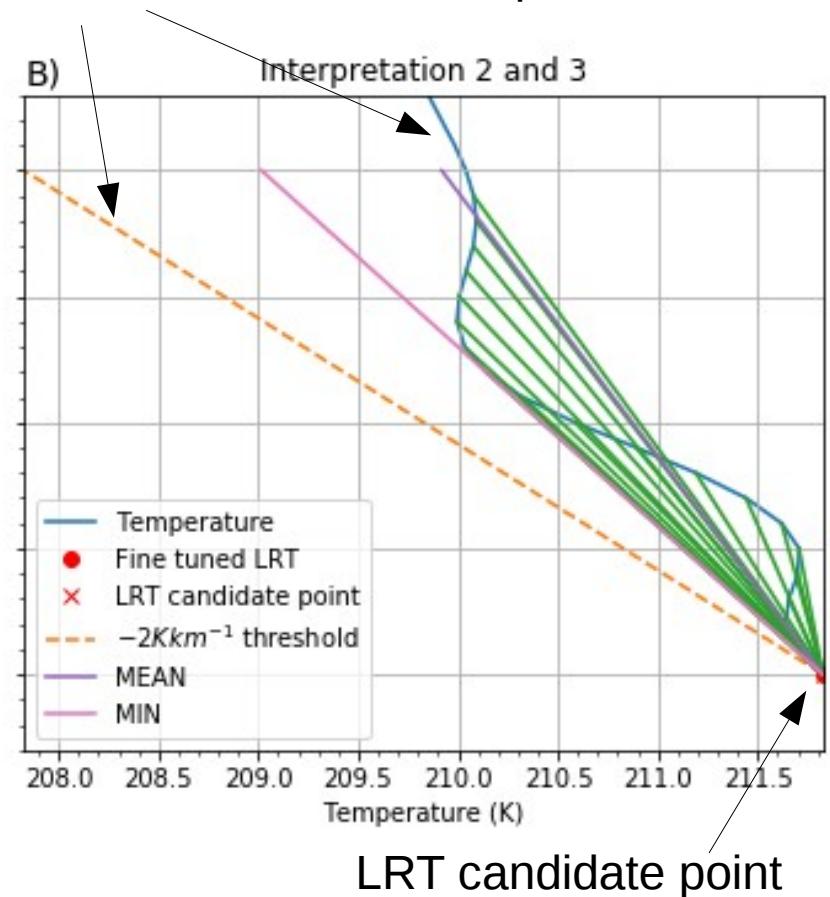


Step function

The interpretation used in this work



These two lines may not meet for 2 km above the candidate point



Double tropopauses

- Tropical tropopause domain extend over the polar tropopause domain
- Polar tropopause domain extend under the tropical tropopause domain
- Along the jet streams (especially during winter)
- Stratosphere troposphere exchange
- Rossby wave braking events
- Warm Conveyor Belts
- Mountain gravity waves (lee waves)
- Cloud tops

Method

- Temperature profiles from the WegC OPSv5.6 data record (with some exceptions). 100 m vertical resolution.
- WMO 1957 Lapse rate tropopause definition on all temperature profiles (QC=0)
- Lower limit: $6.25 \text{ km} + 1.25 \text{ km} \times \cos(\phi)$ ← Latitude
- Upper limit: 25 km ← (way above the tropopause)
- 5 deg latitude x 5 deg longitude grid cells
- $\text{DT \%} = 100 \times \frac{N_2}{N_1}$ ← Number of 2nd tropopauses ← Number of 1st tropopauses

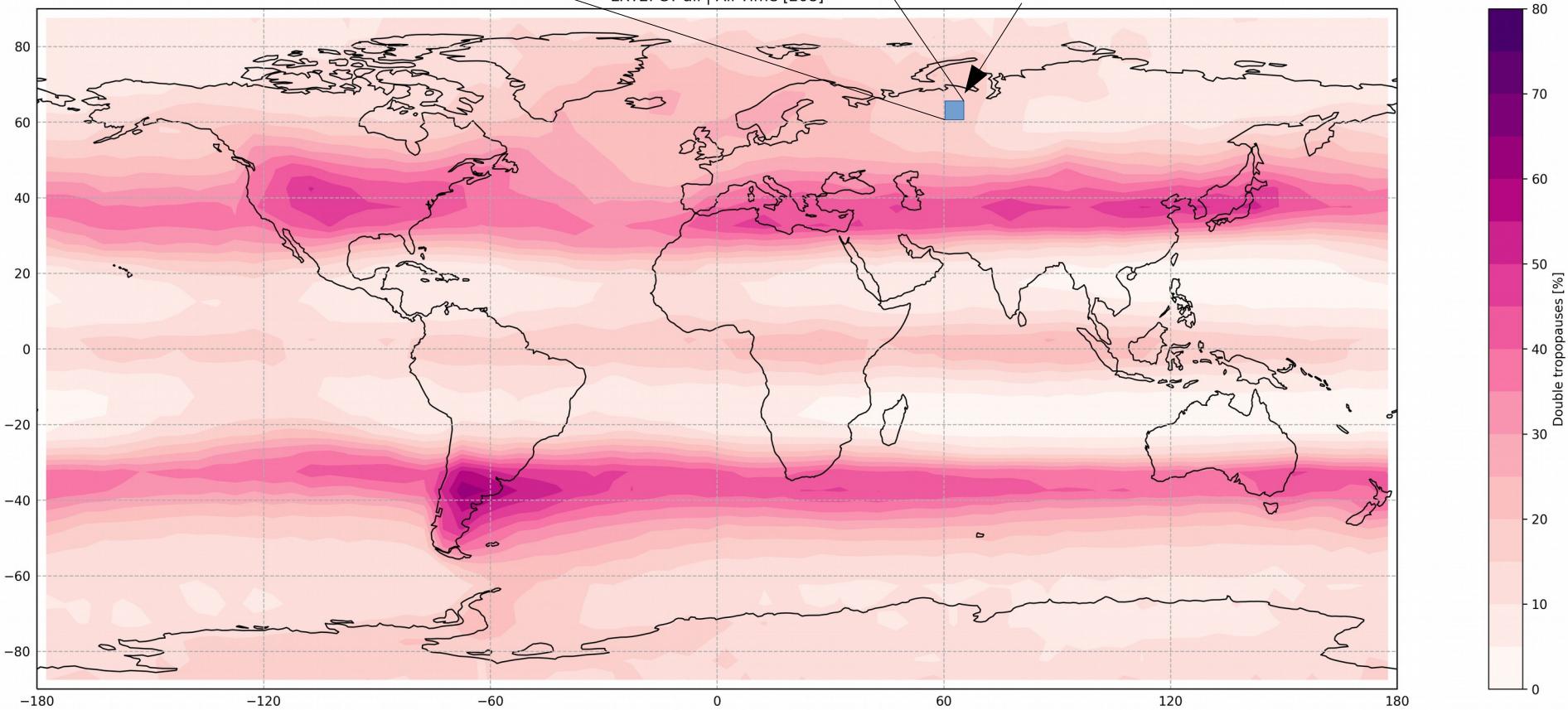
Global view

$$100 \times \frac{N_2}{N_1}$$

All 2nd tropopauses
All 1st tropopauses

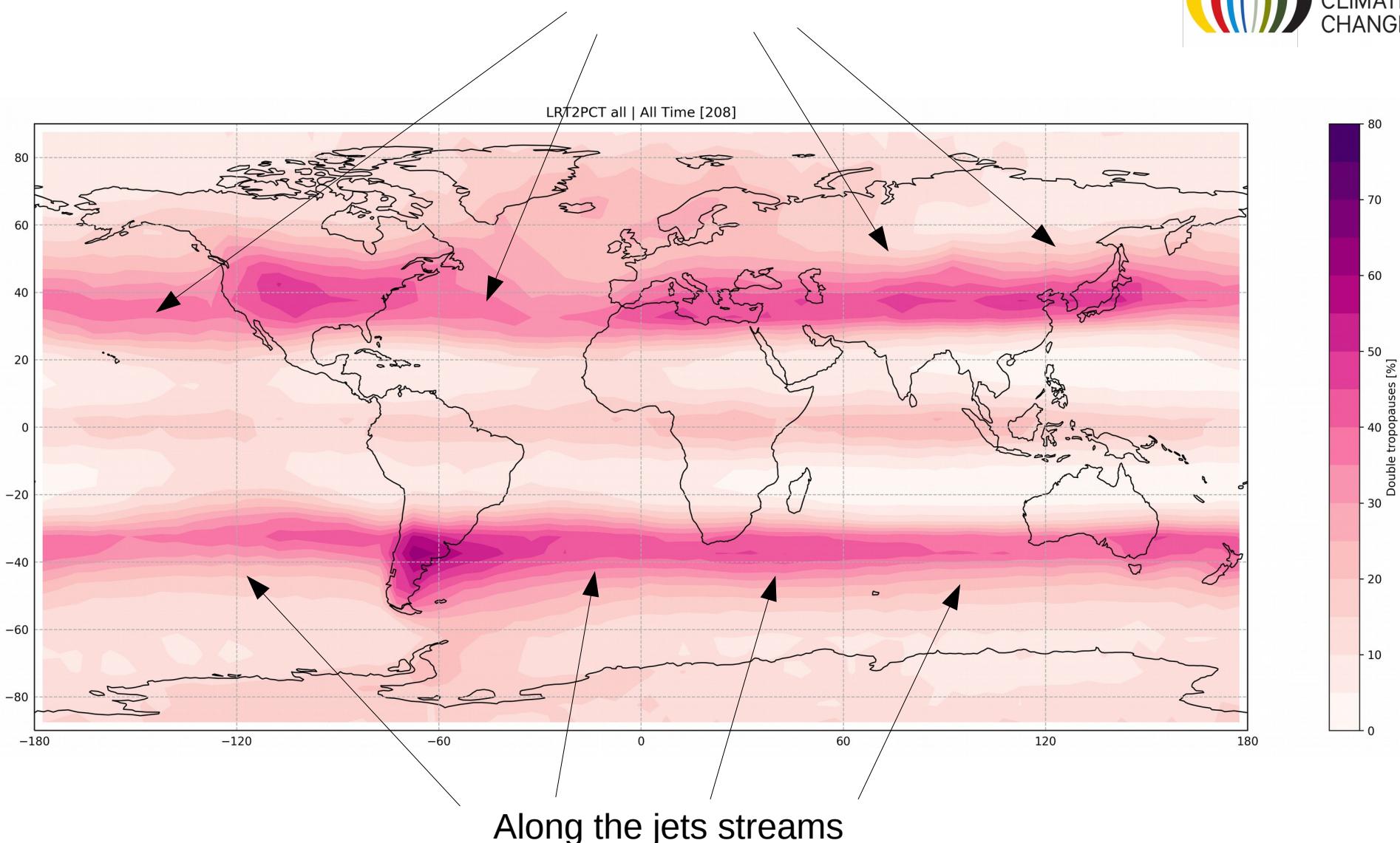
LRT2PCT all | All Time [208]

5 lat x 5 lon



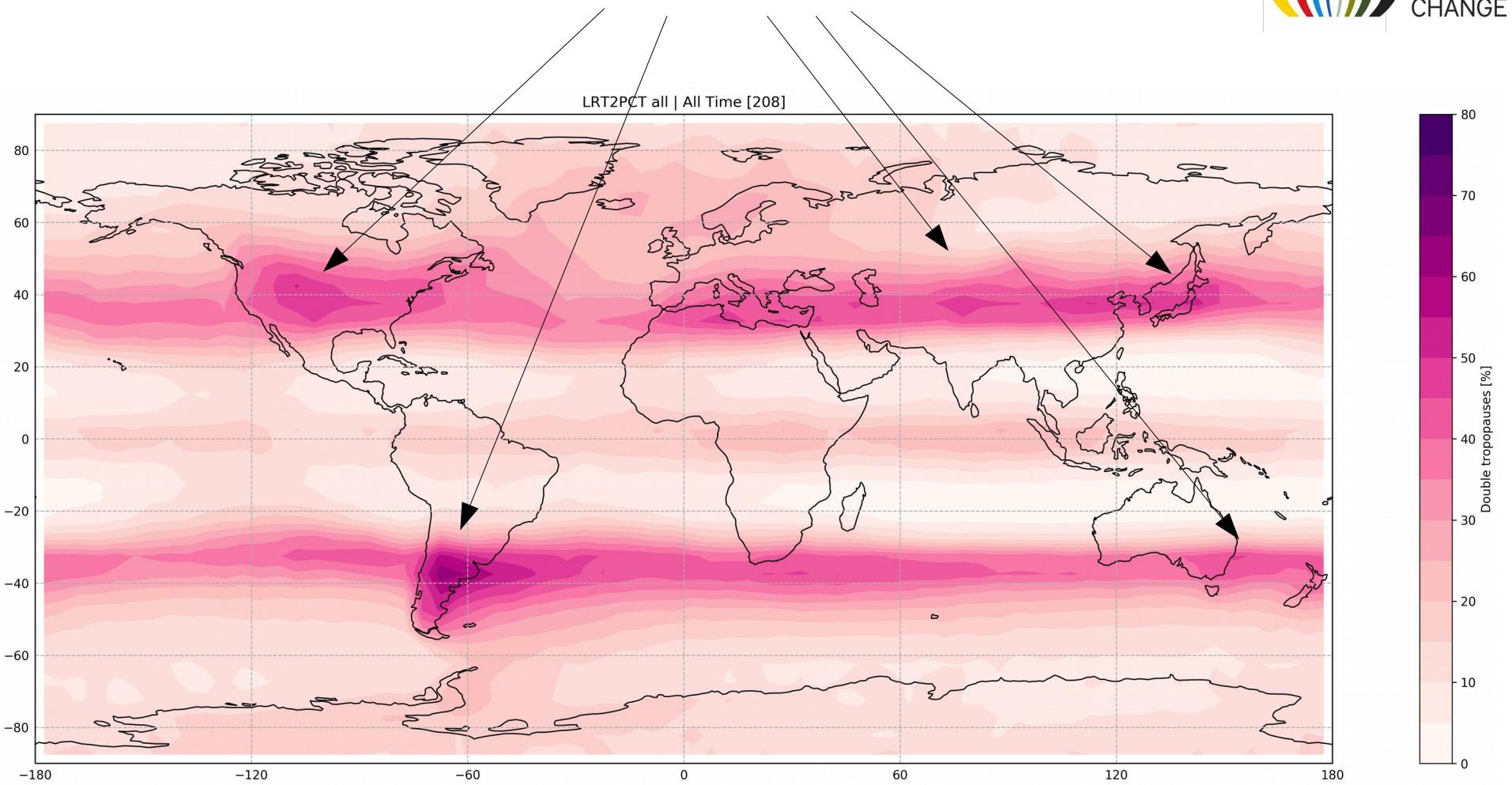
Global view

Along the jets streams



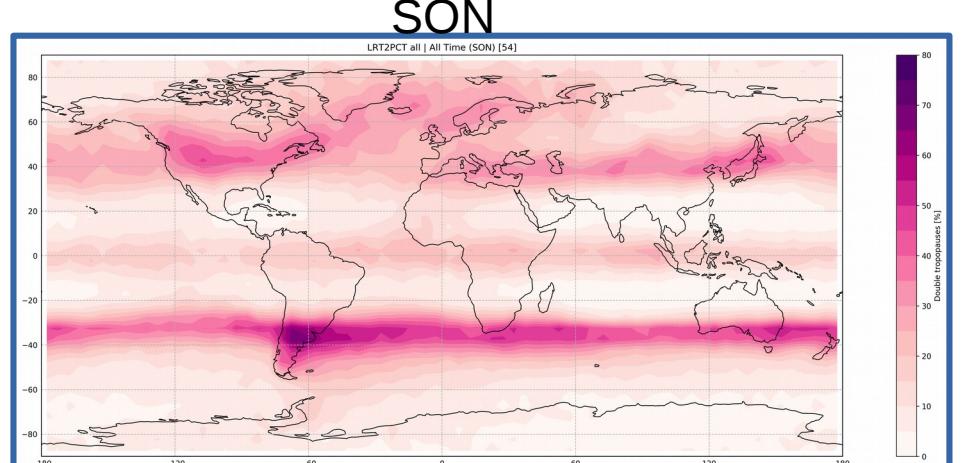
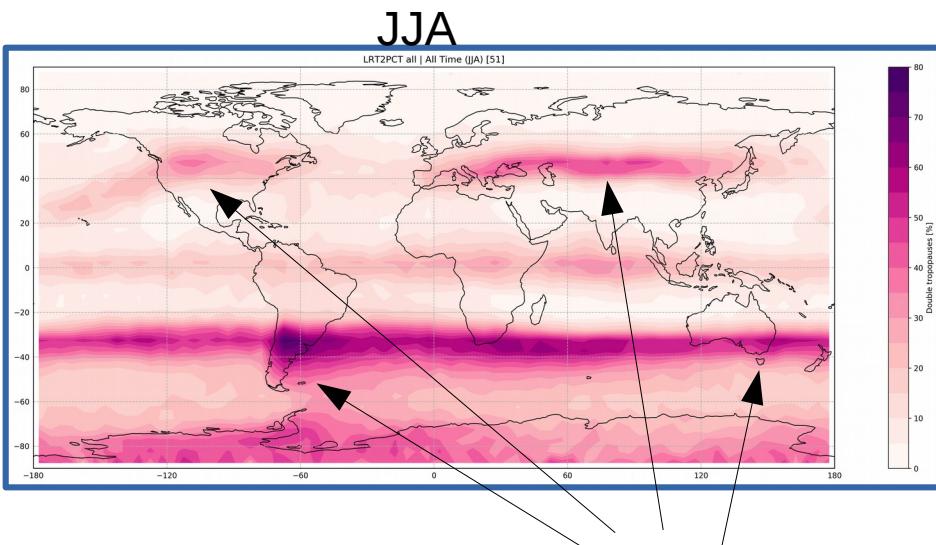
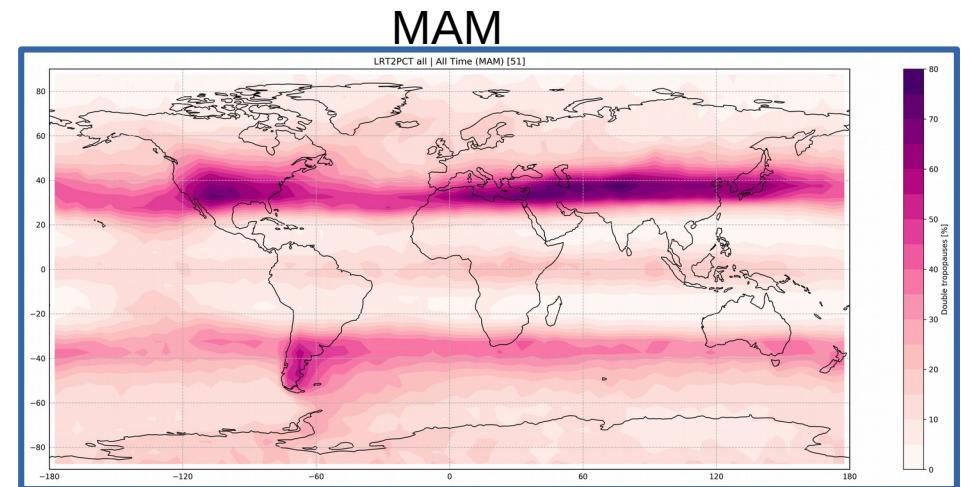
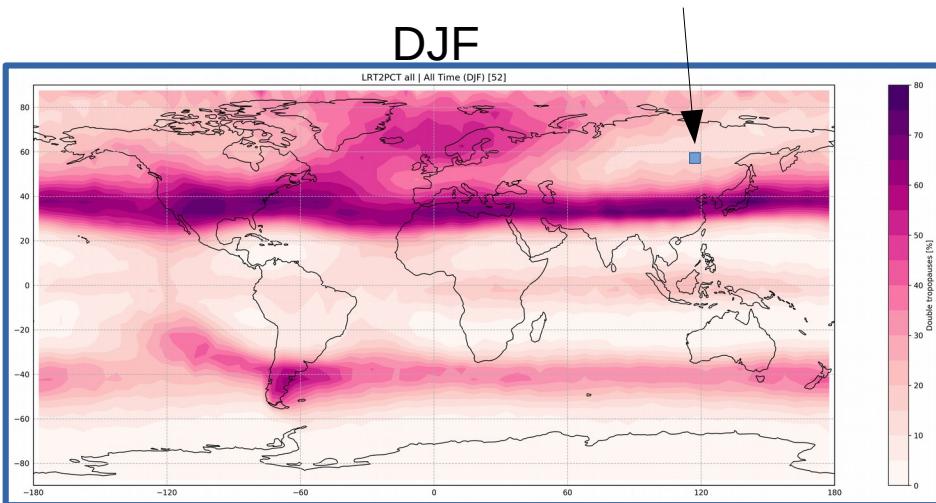
Global view

Hotspots



Seasons

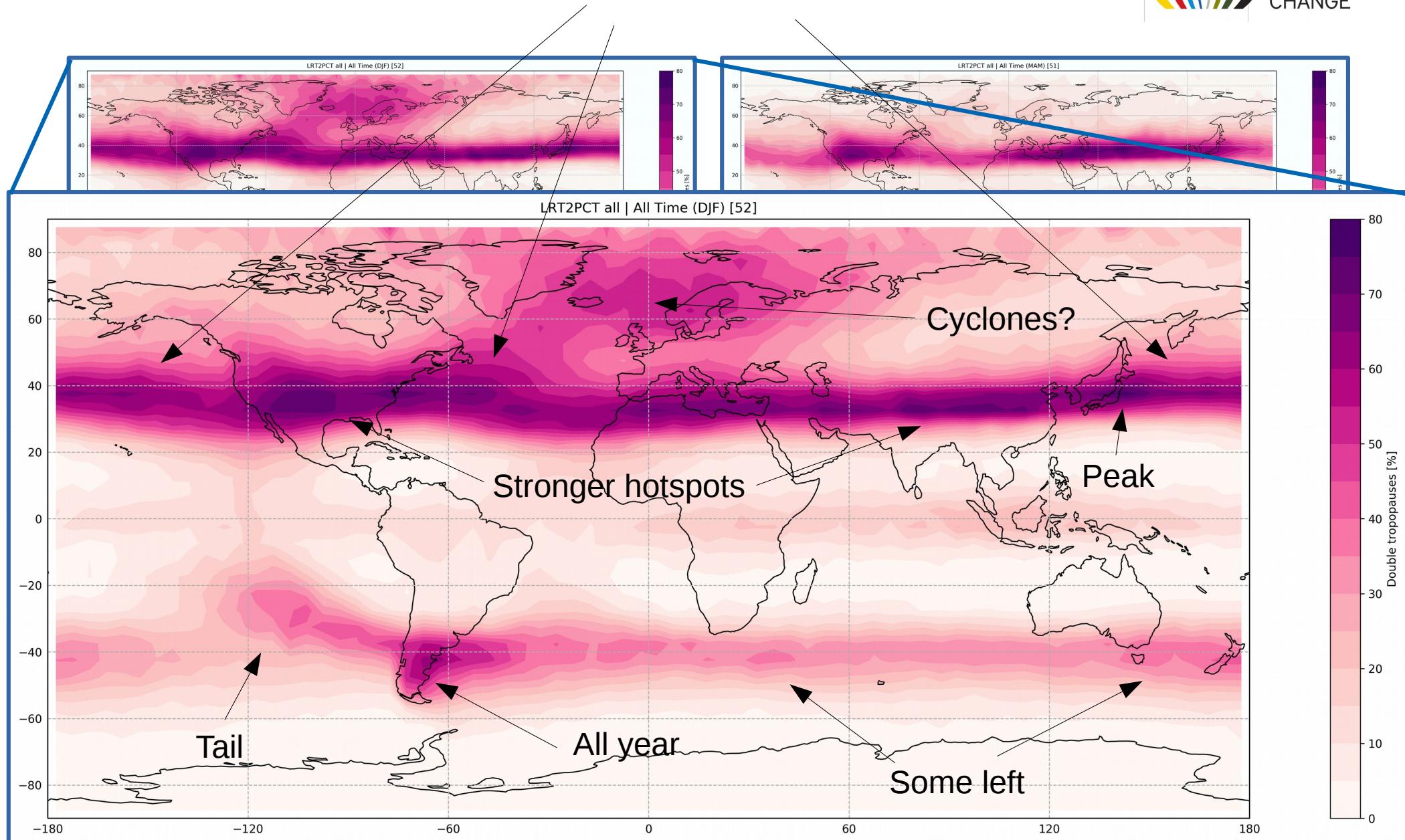
All profiles within the grid cell,
for the corresponding season included



All year

Seasons - DJF

Along the jets streams



Still some left

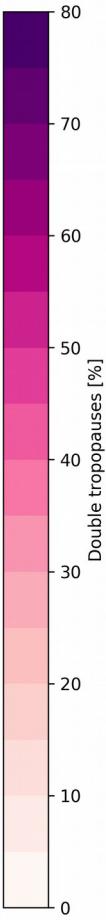
Gone

Seasons - JJA

LRT2PCT all | All Time (JJA) [51]



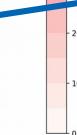
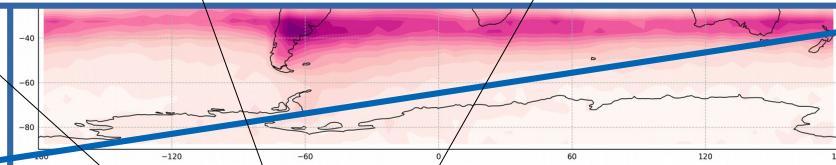
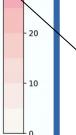
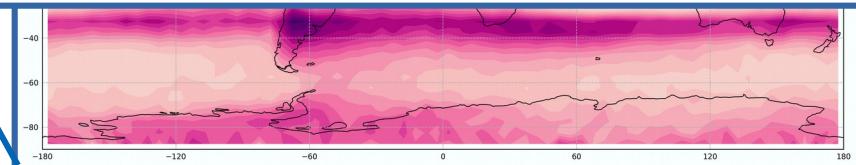
UNI



Weak tail

Peak

Hotspots stronger



Timelines

Peaks connected
to QBO winds
at 70 hPa

Latitude

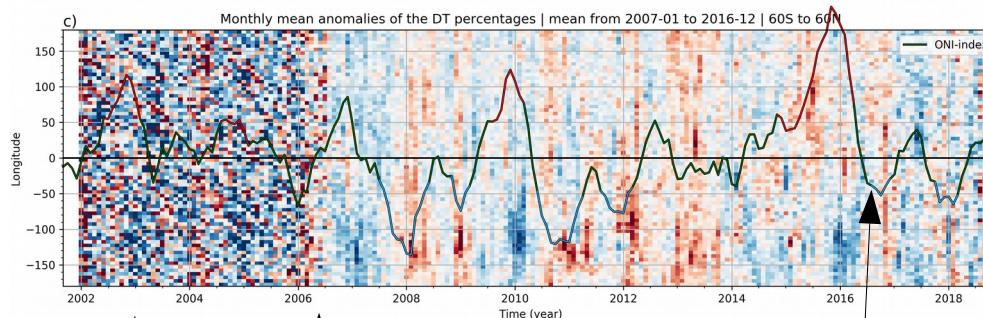
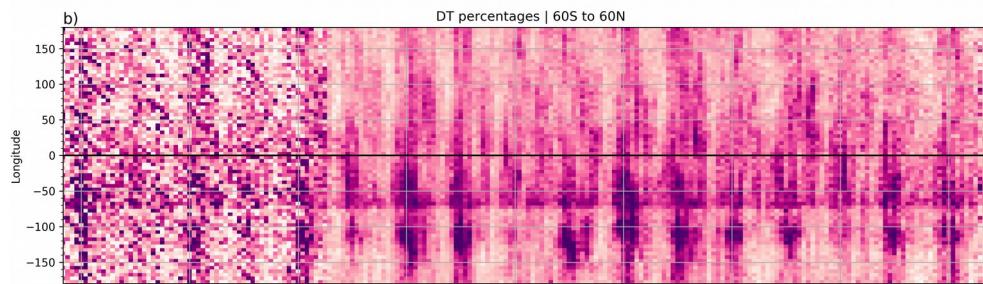
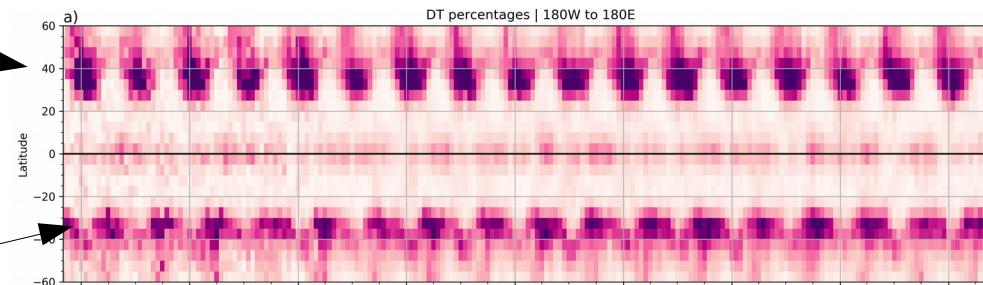
Peaks connected
to QBO winds
at 80 hPa

Longitude

Longitude
(monthly mean
anomalies)

CHAMP period
(fewer measurements)

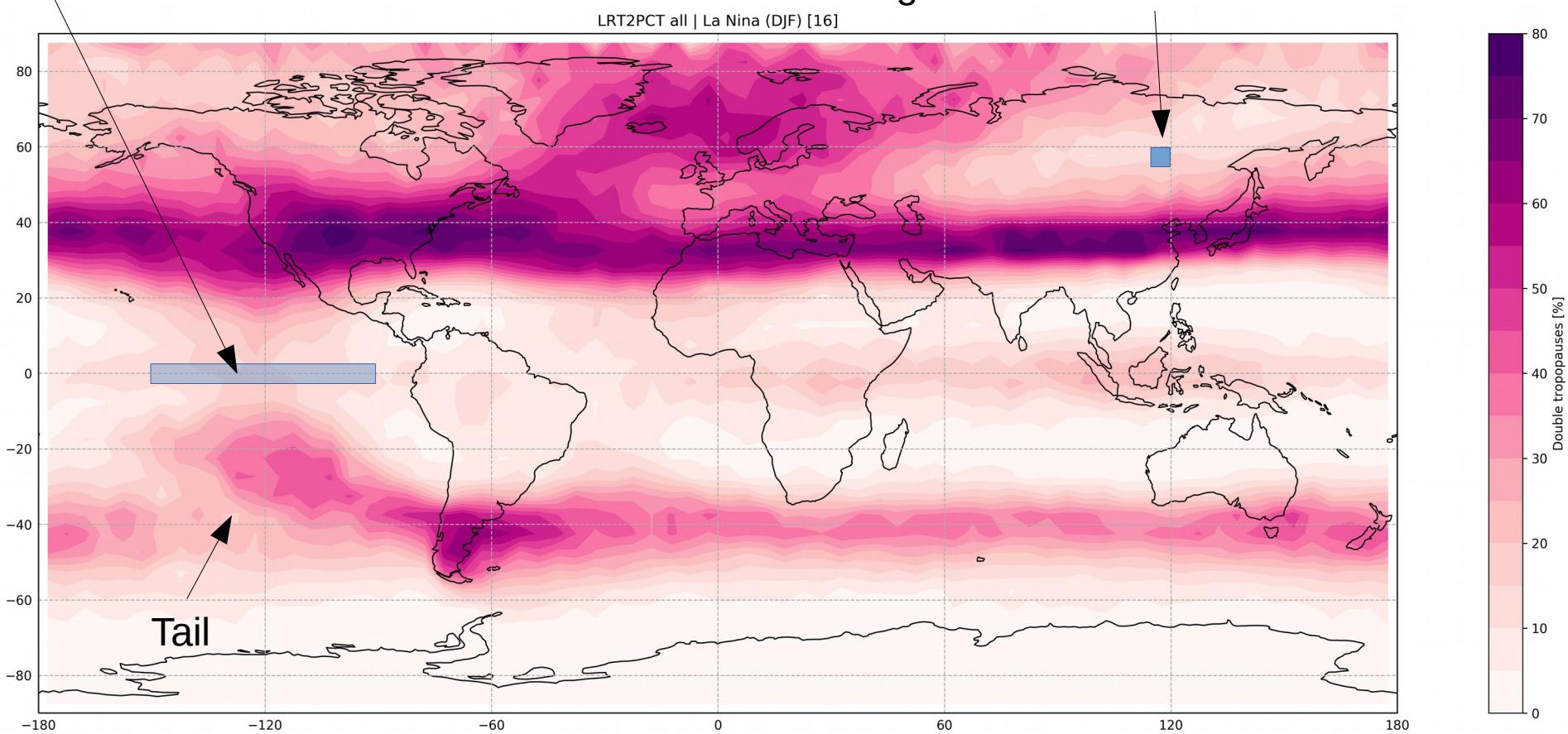
Seasonal pattern



La Niña (DJF only)

Niño3-region

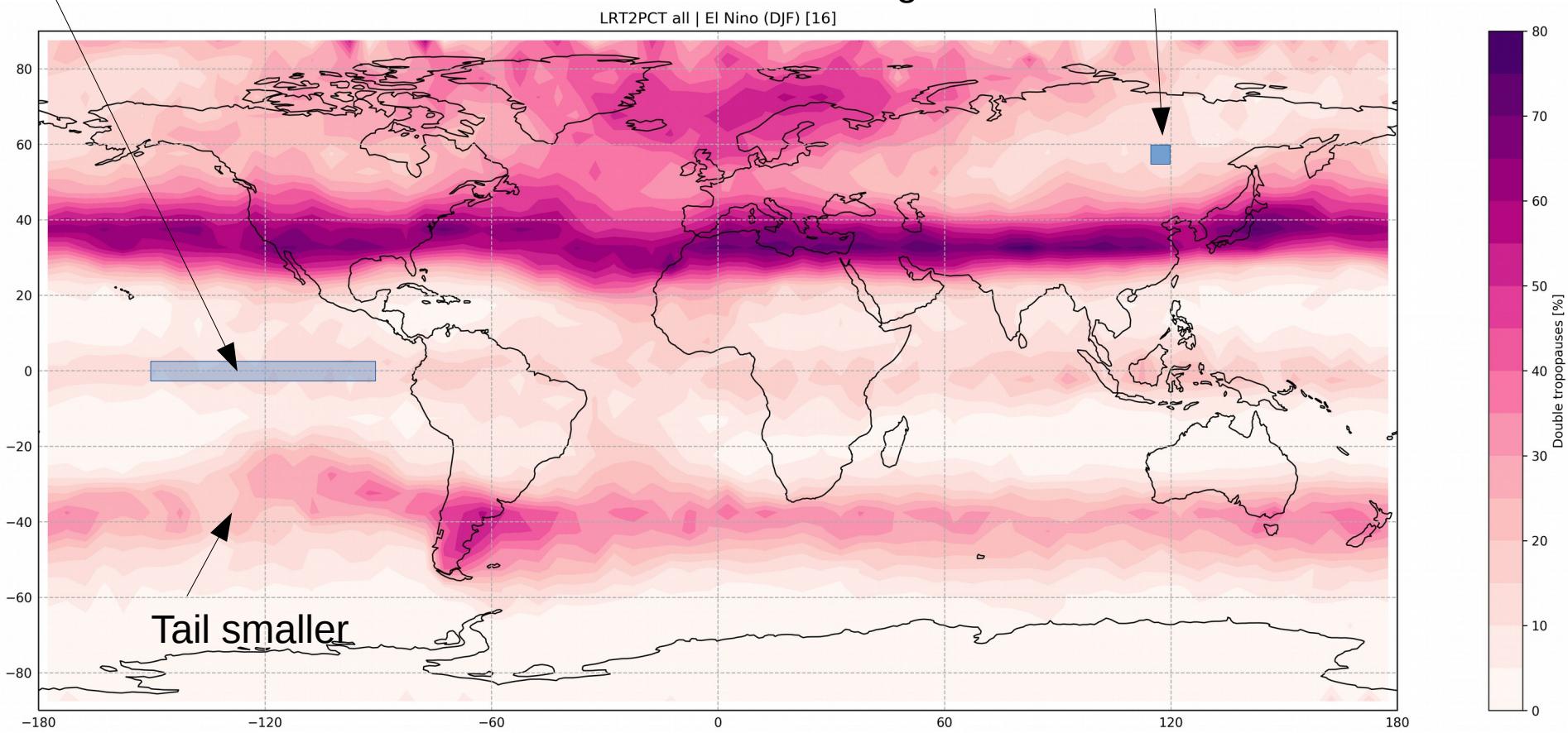
All profiles within the grid cell
during DJF La Niña included



El Niño (DJF only)

Niño3-region

All profiles within the grid cell
during DJF El Niño included



La Niña (DJF only) – El Niño (DJF only)

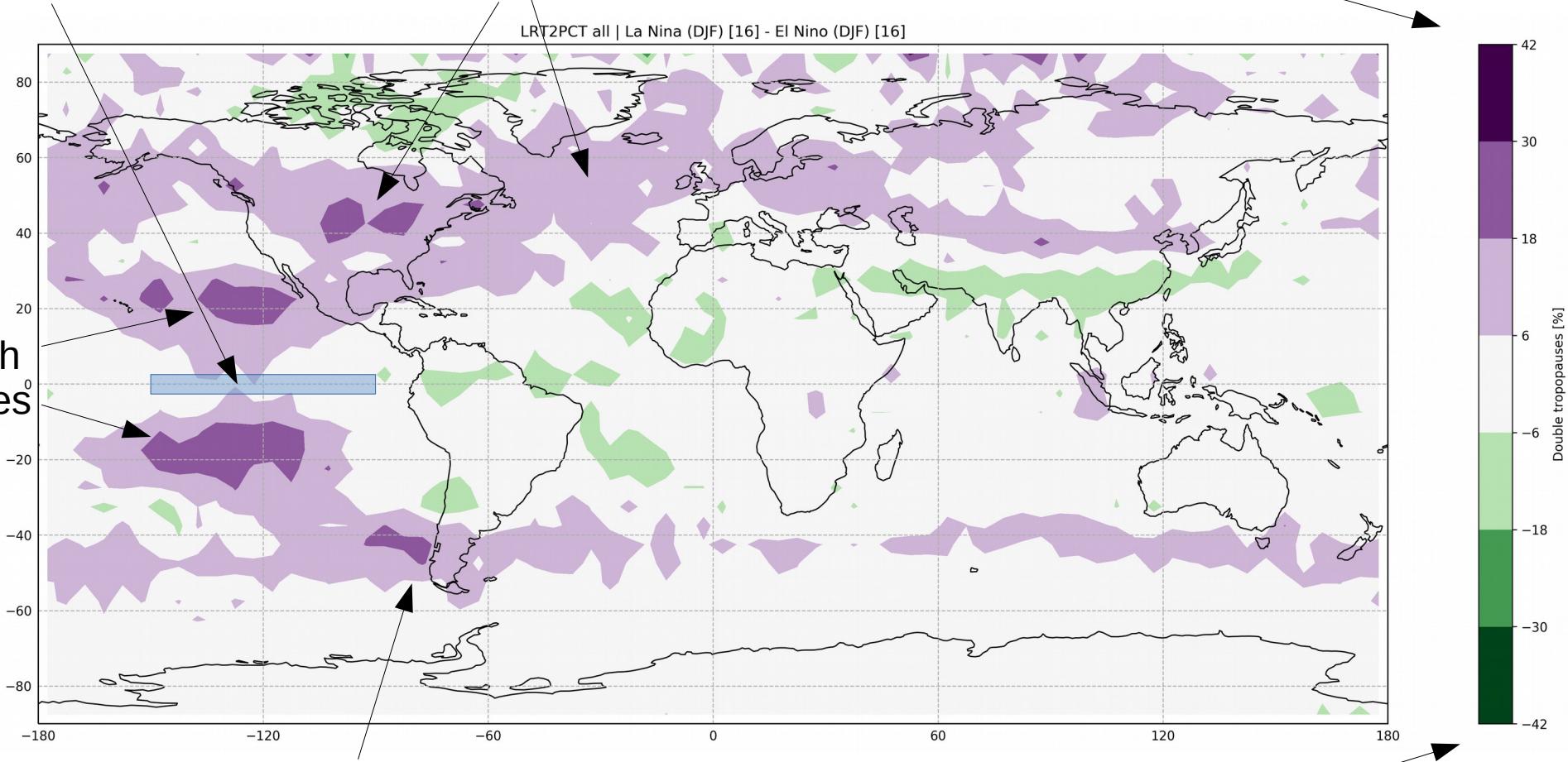
Increased during La Niña More during La Niña

Niño3-region

Both sides

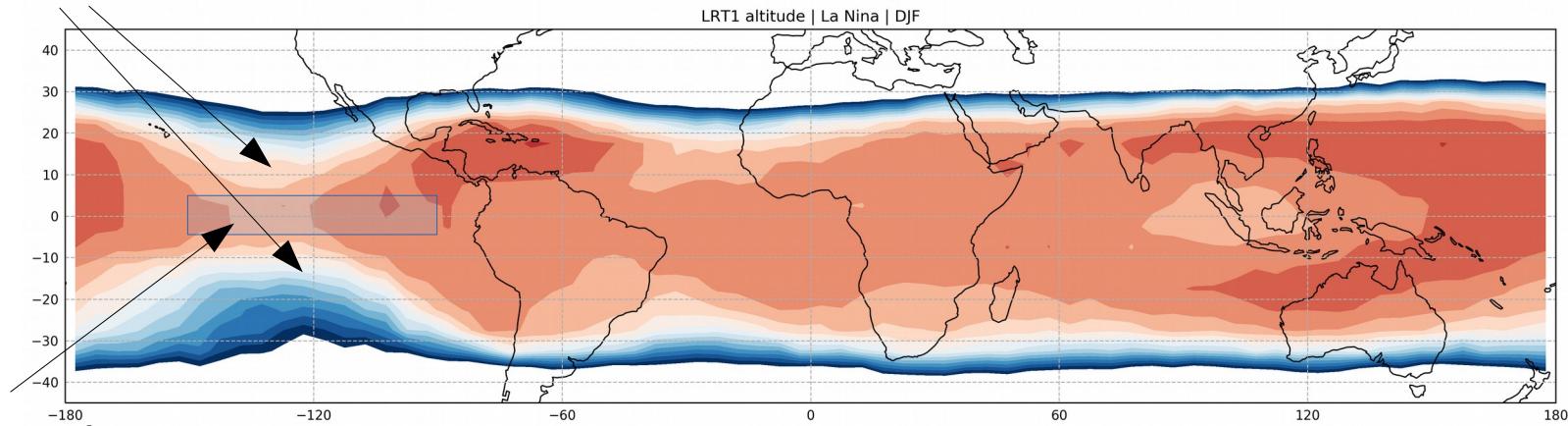
Other side

More during El Niño

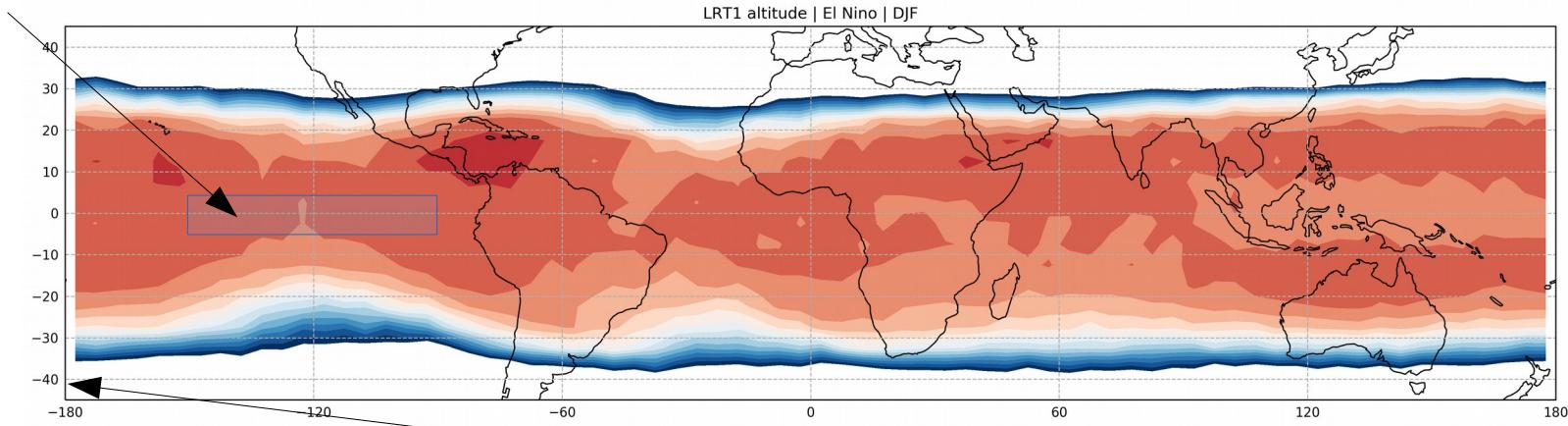


Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: DJF La Niña and DJF El Niño

DIP (on both sides of the Niño3-region)

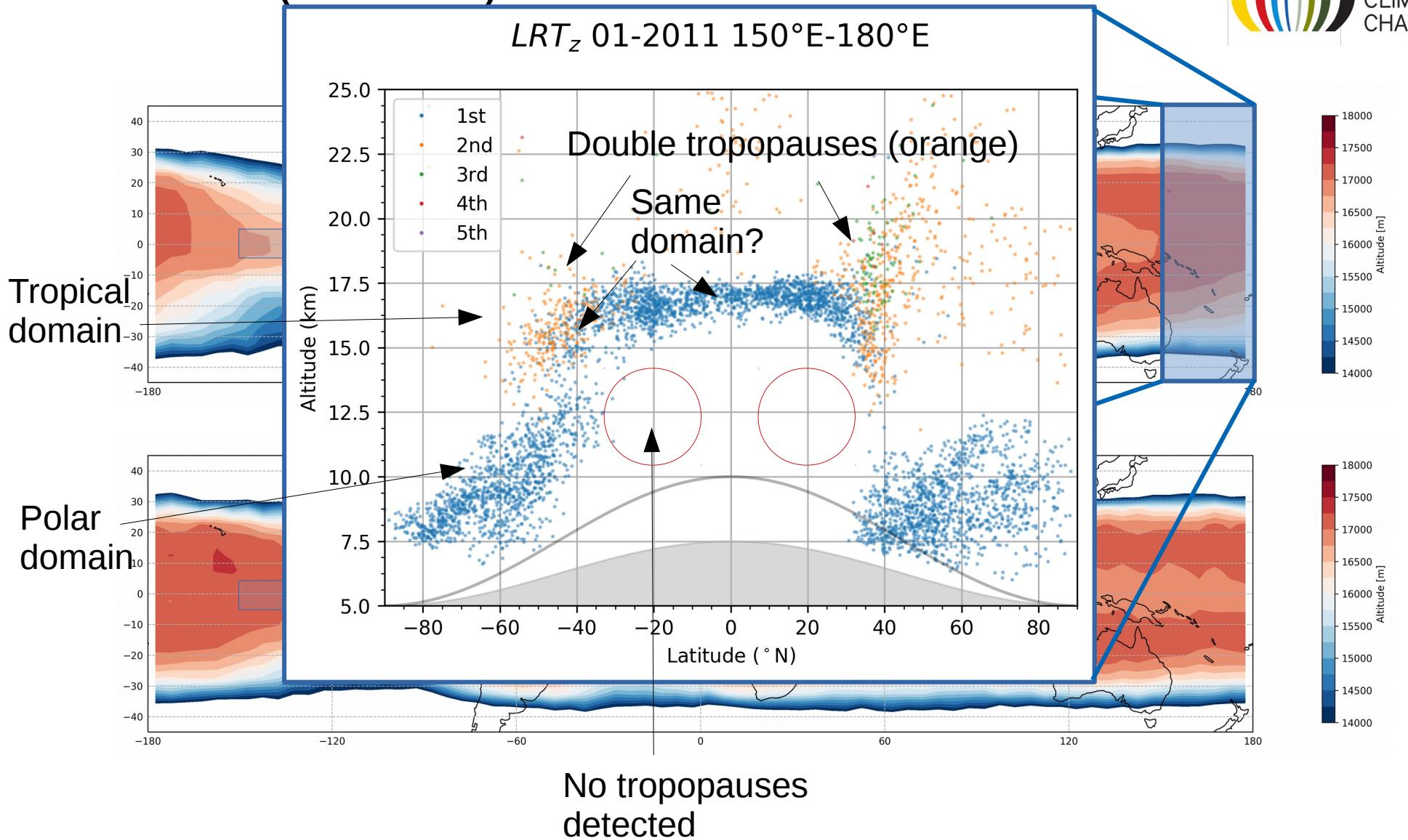


Niño3-region

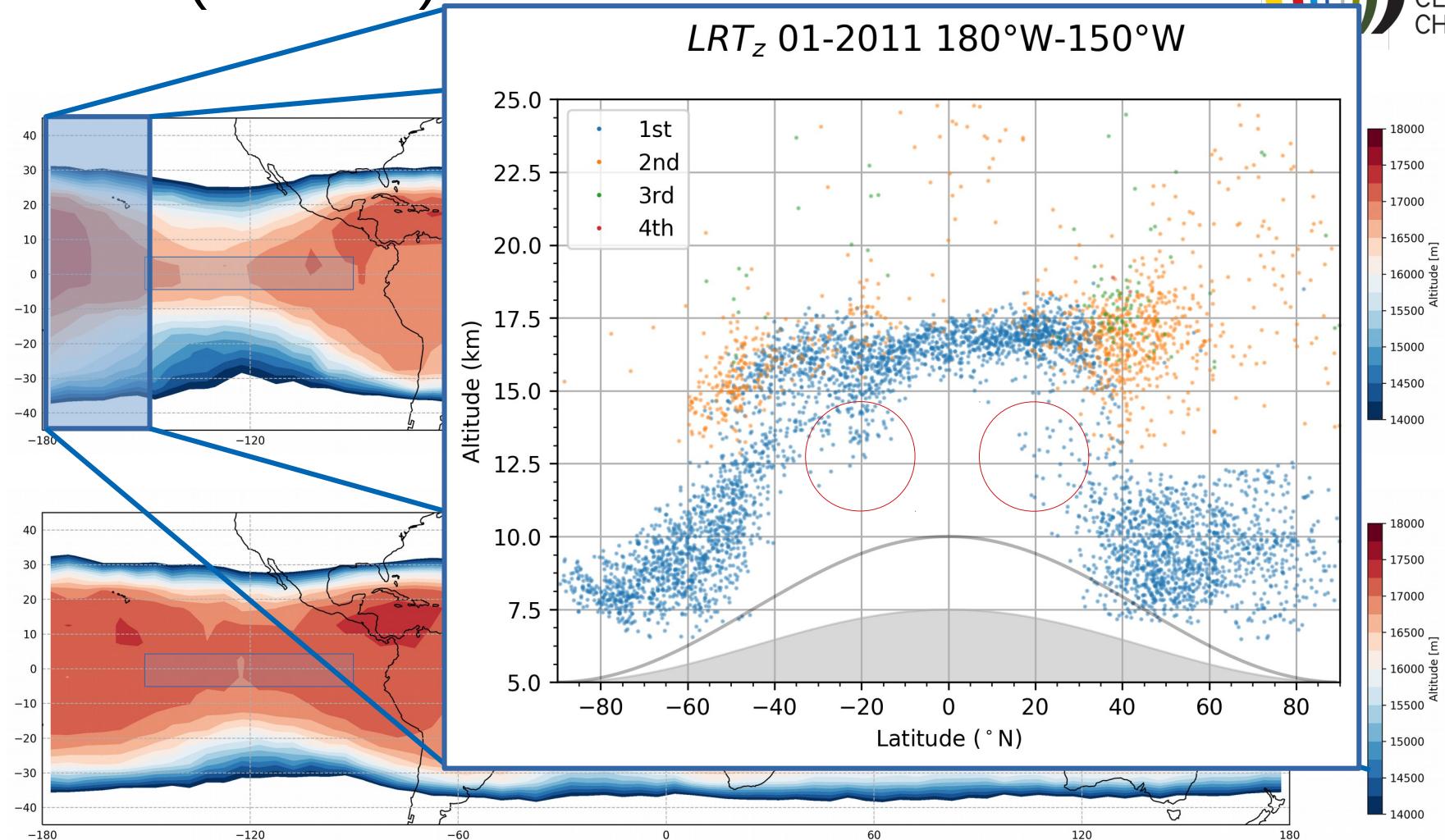


Limited ranges
to see details

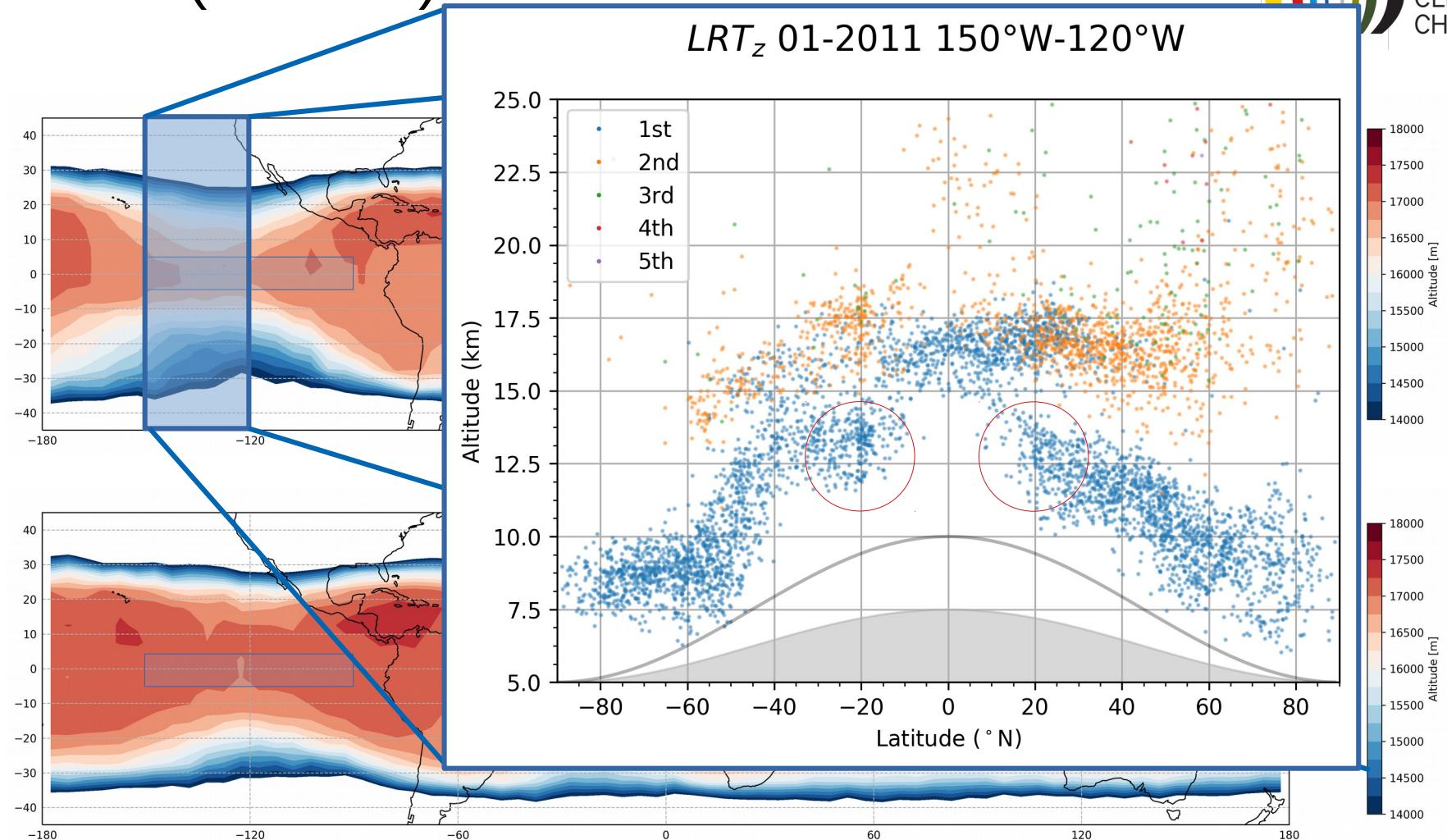
Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2011-01 (La Niña)



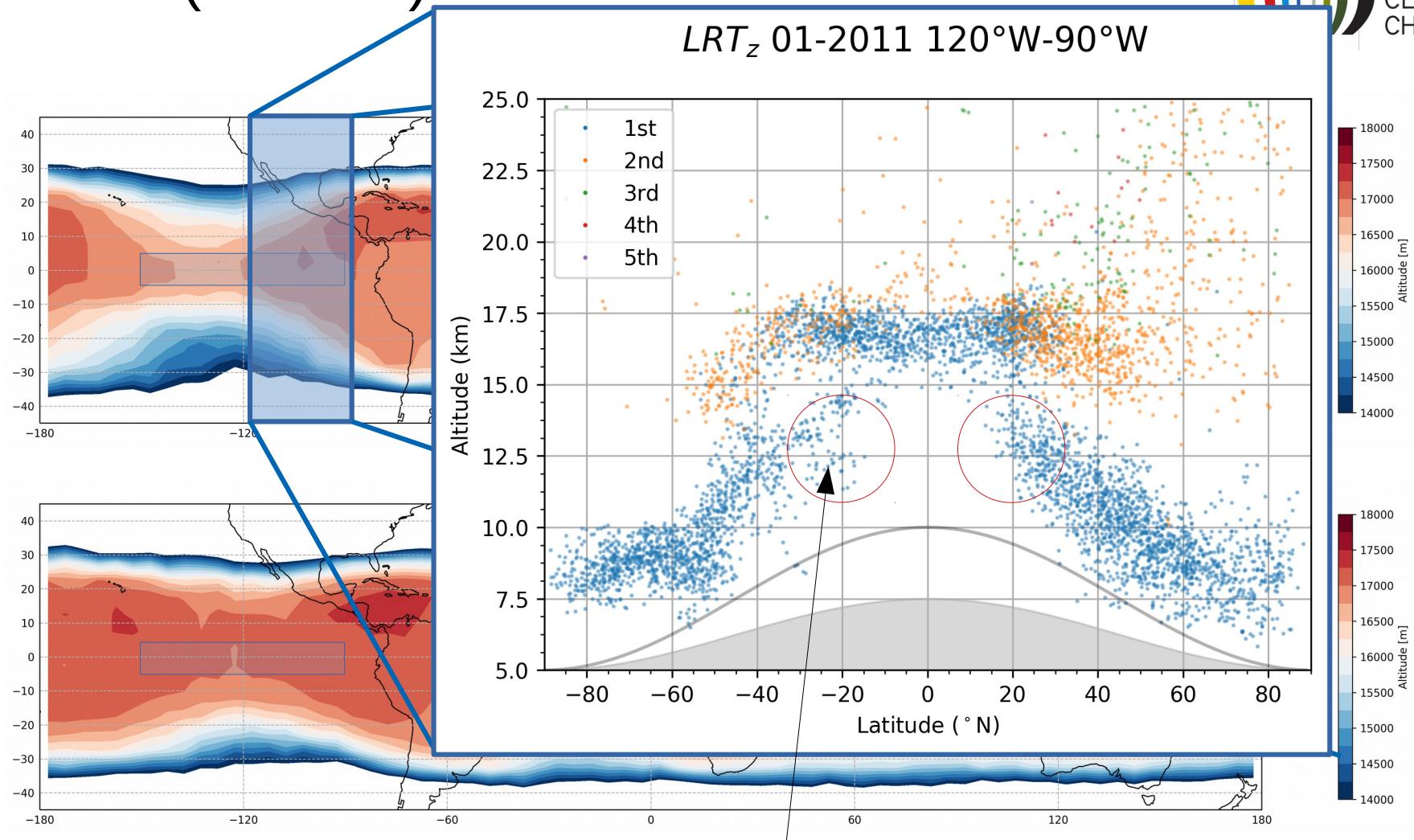
Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2011-01 (La Niña)



Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2011-01 (La Niña)

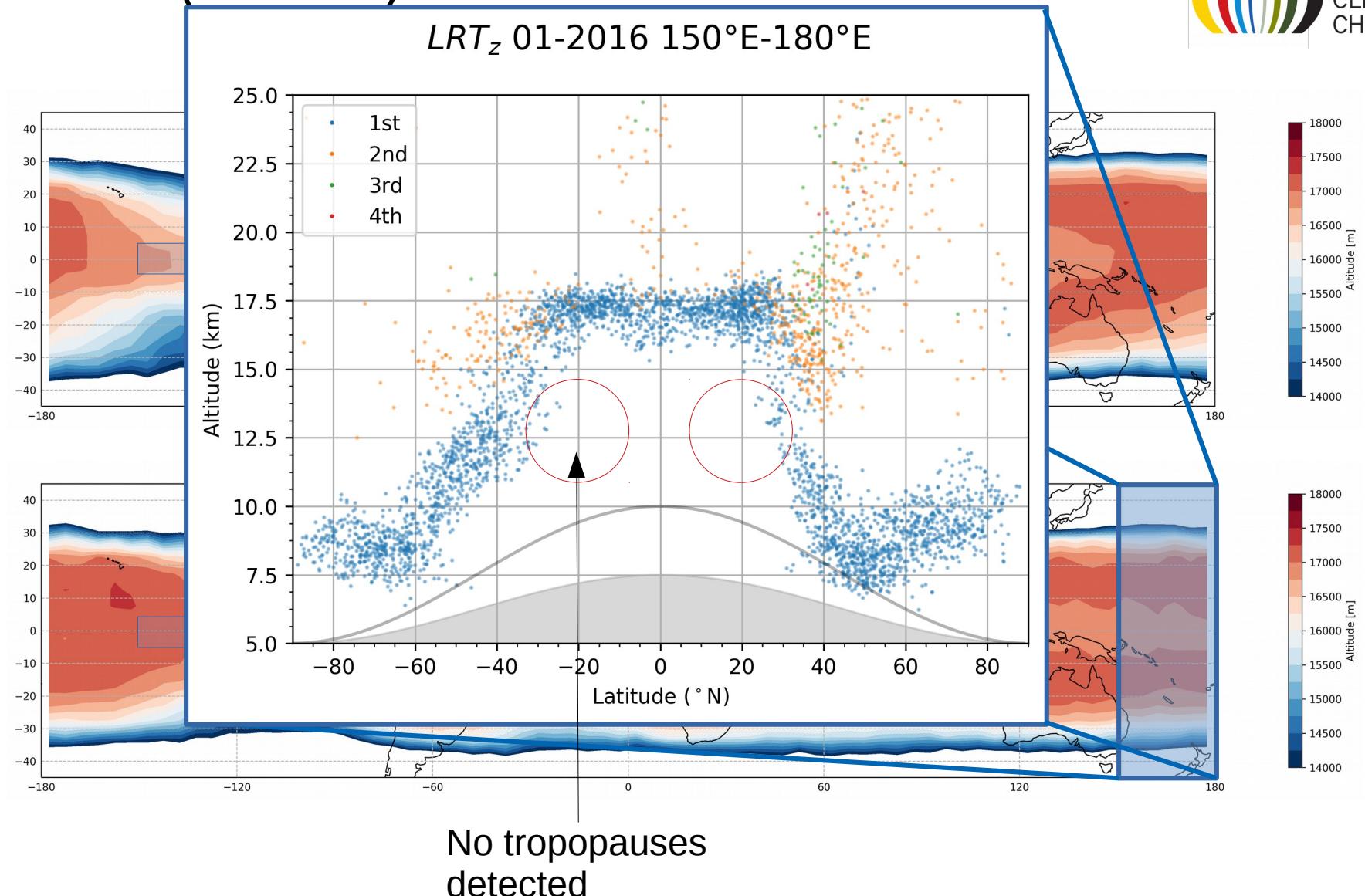


Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2011-01 (La Niña)

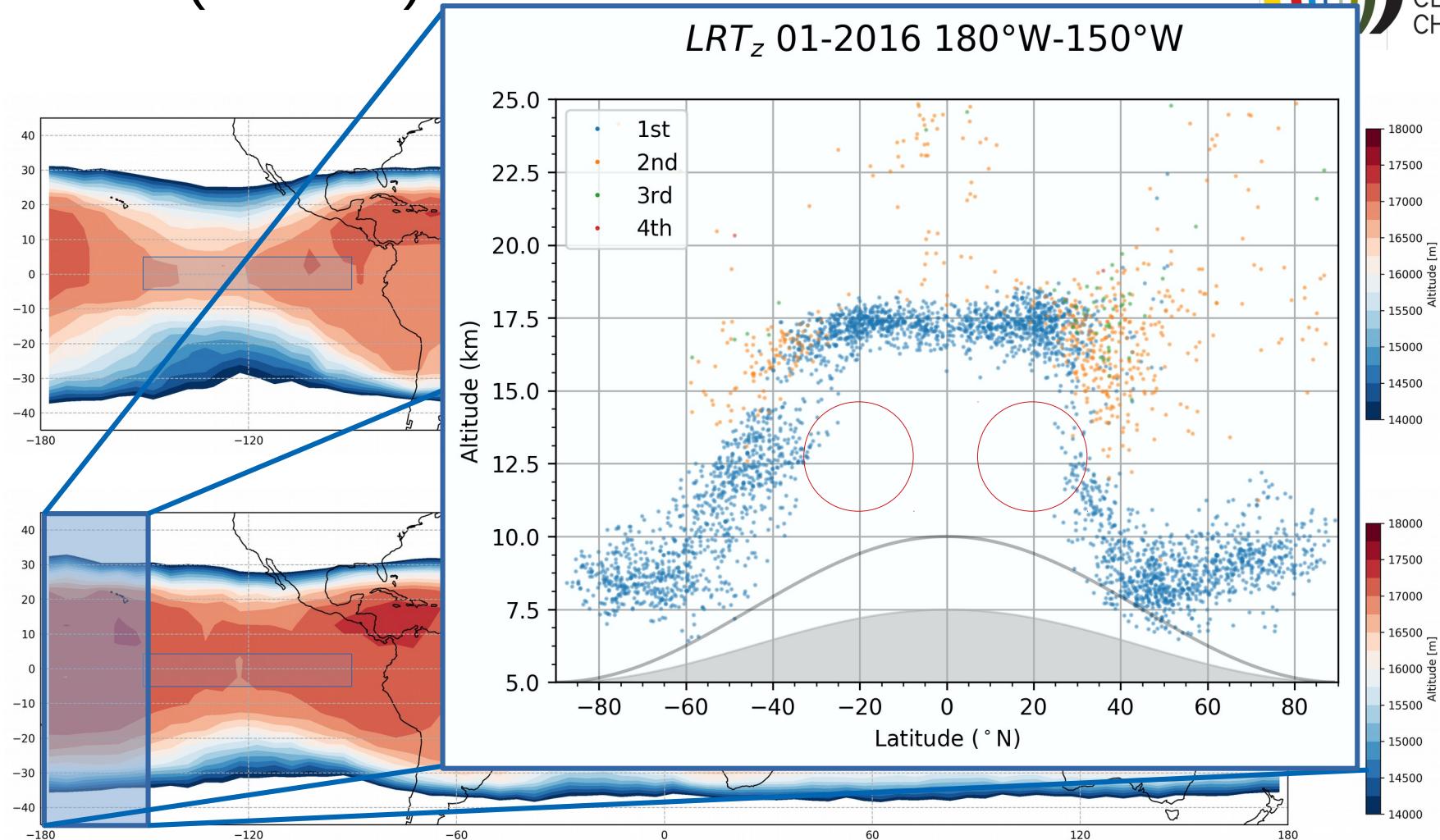


Almost back to normal

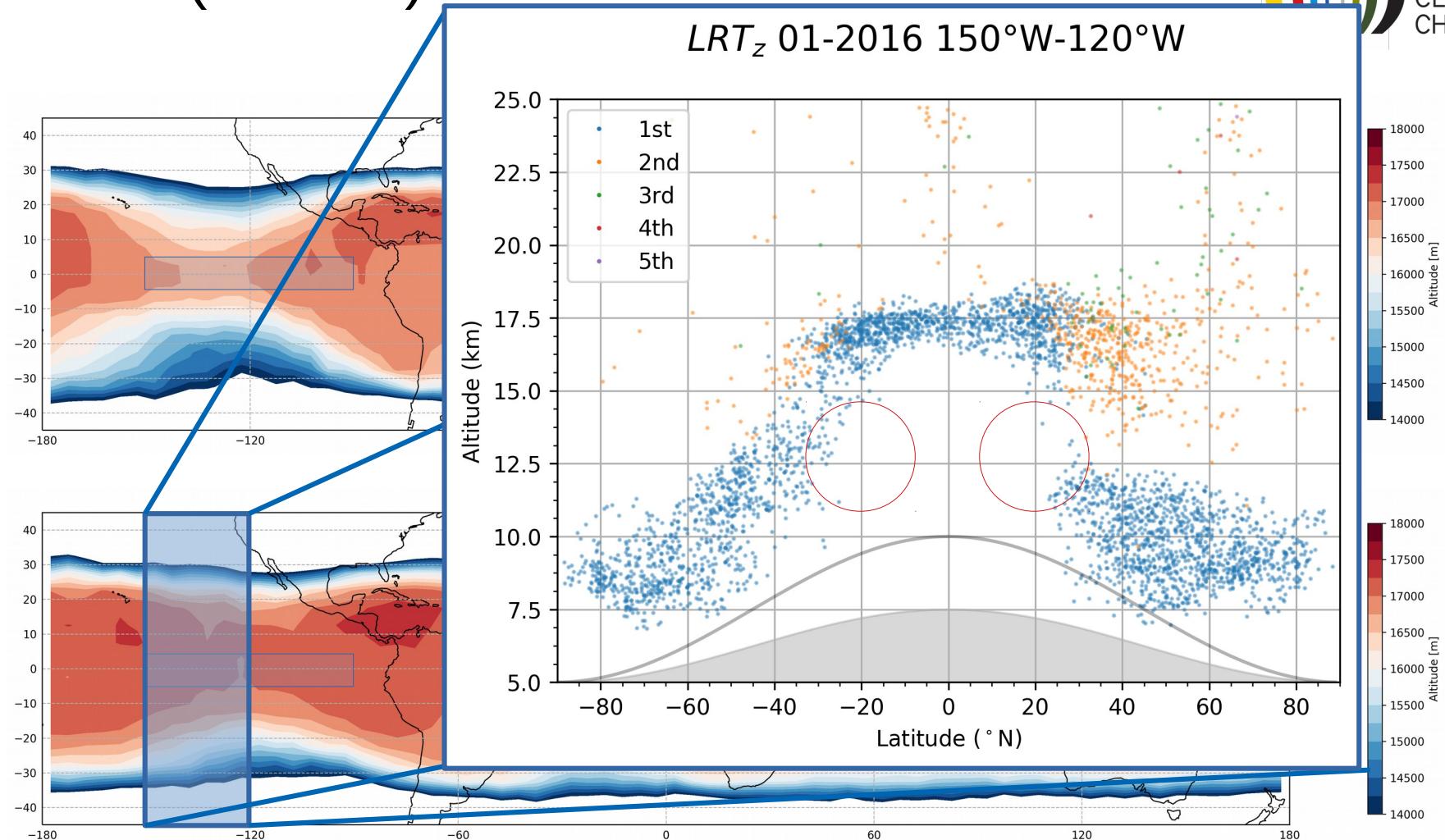
Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2016-01 (El Niño)



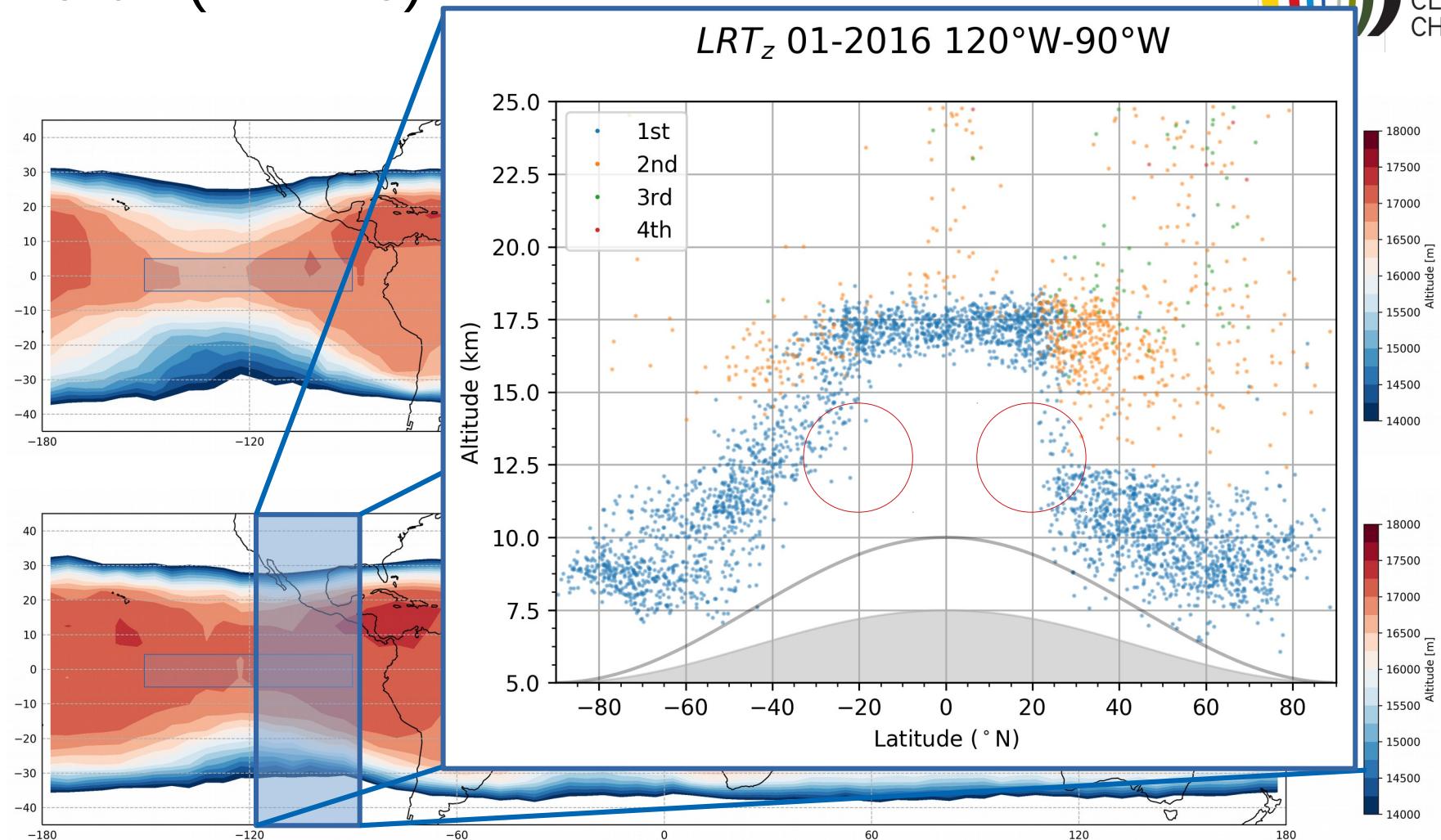
Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2016-01 (El Niño)



Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2016-01 (El Niño)



Height of the first lapse rate tropopause: 2016-01 (El Niño)



Summary

- Double tropopauses of “the whole” RO datarecord (WegC OPSv5.6)
- During La Niña, there are generally more double tropopauses than during El Niño
- During La Niña, extra tropopauses appear below the climatological tropopause just poleward of the Niño3-region

THANKS!