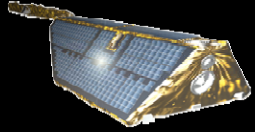


CHAMP, GRACE, SAC-C, TerraSAR-X/Tandem-X: Science results, status and future prospects

*J. Wickert, C. Arras, C.O. Ao, G. Beyerle, C. Falck, L. Grunwaldt, S.B. Healy, S. Heise,
A. Helm, C.Y. Huang, N. Jakowski, R. König, T. Mannucci, C. Mayer, G. Michalak,
M. Rothacher, T. Schmidt, R. Stosius, B. Tapley*



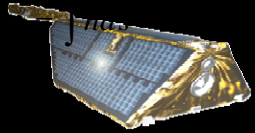


Content:

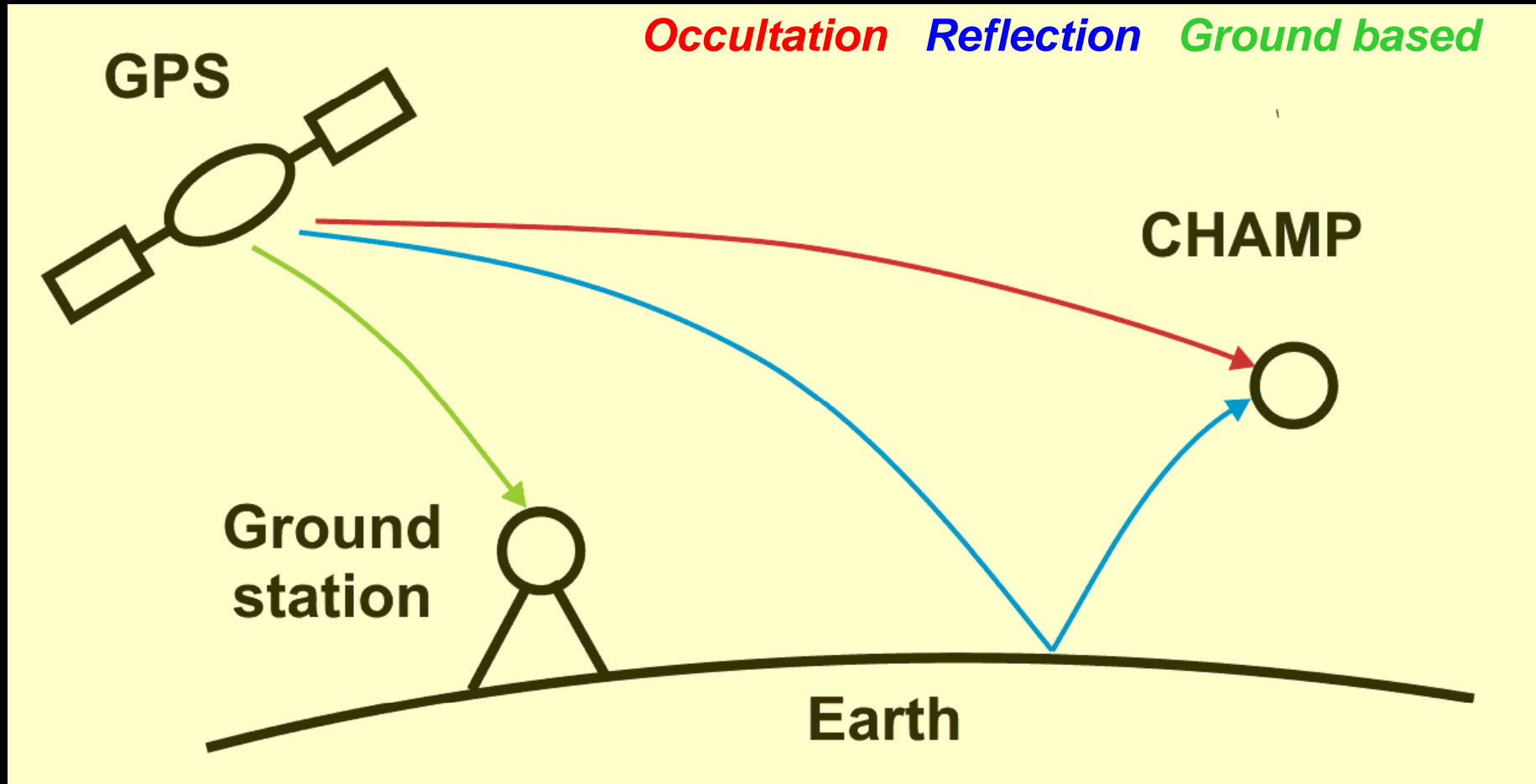


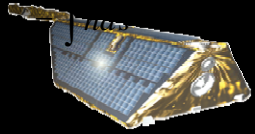
- ***Intro***
- ***CHAMP***
- ***GRACE***
- ***SAC-C***
- ***TerraSAR-X/Tandem-X***
- ***Future prospects***

Atmosphere sounding with GPS

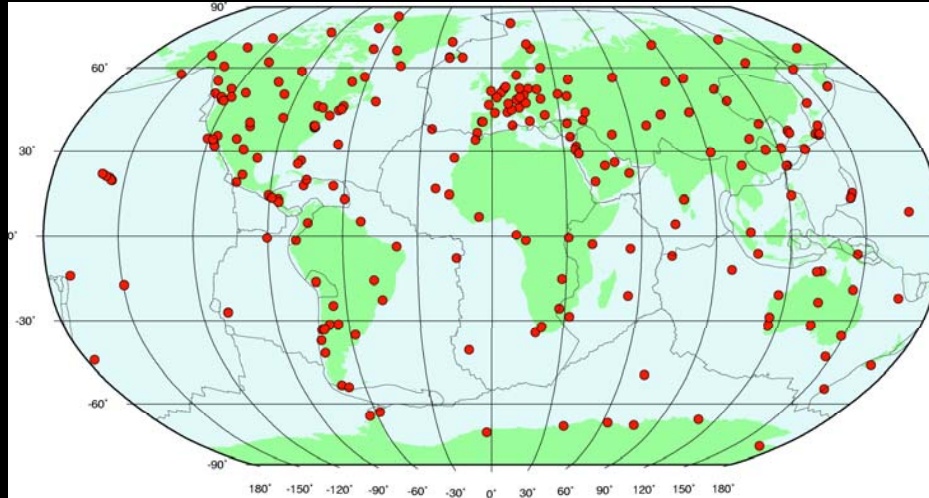


GPS remote sensing at GFZ

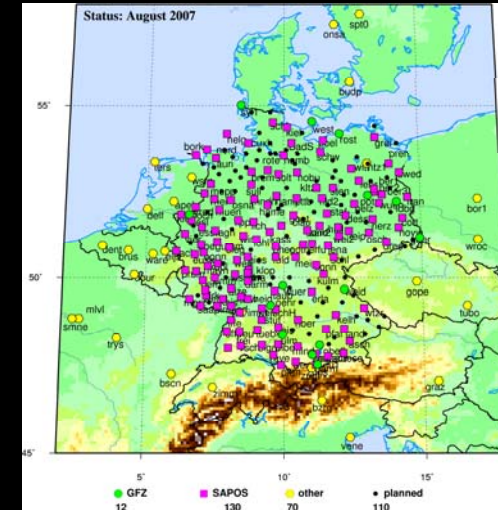




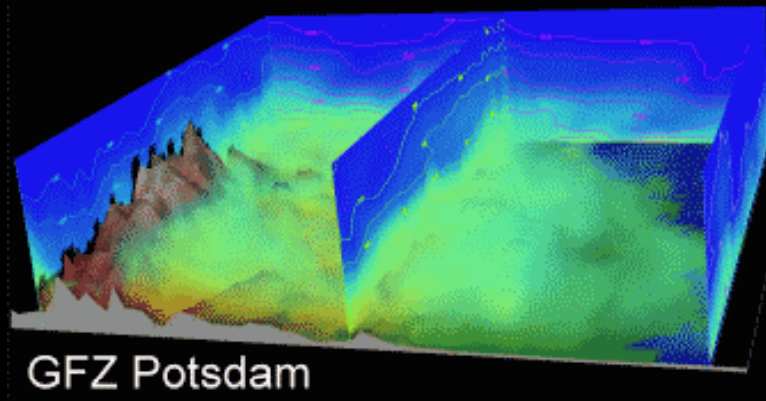
E.g., ground based GPS at GFZ



Global ~200 stations (IGS Network)



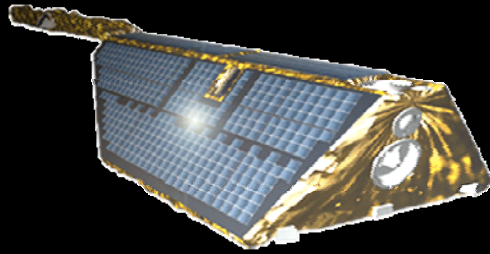
Regional ~230 stations (Germany)



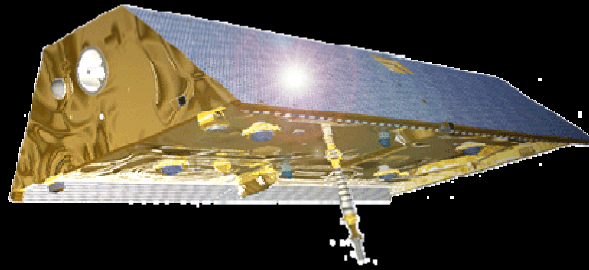
Research project:
Operational GPS
Tomography

Space based sounding (Radio occultation)

GNSS receivers for occultations on satellites



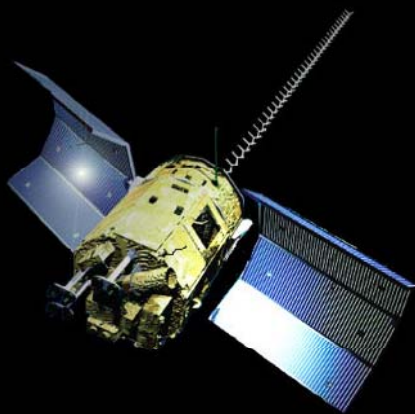
CHAMP (since 2000)



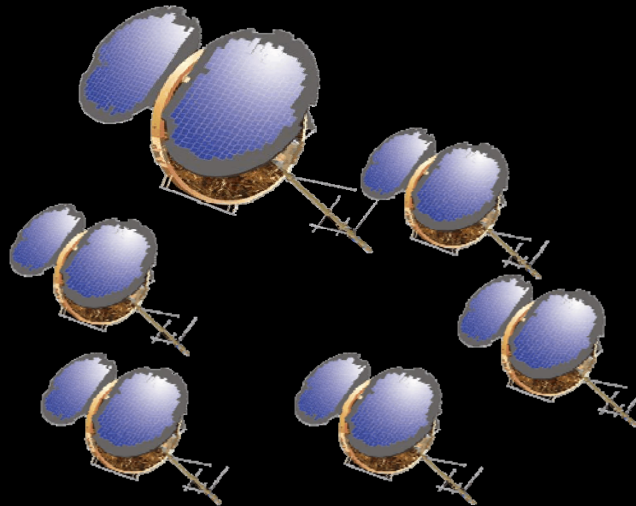
GRACE (since 2002)



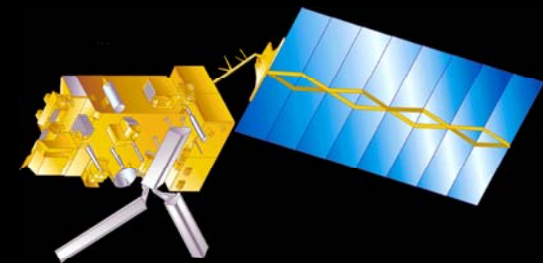
***TerraSAR-X (2007)
Tandem-X (plan 2010)***



SAC-C (since 2000)



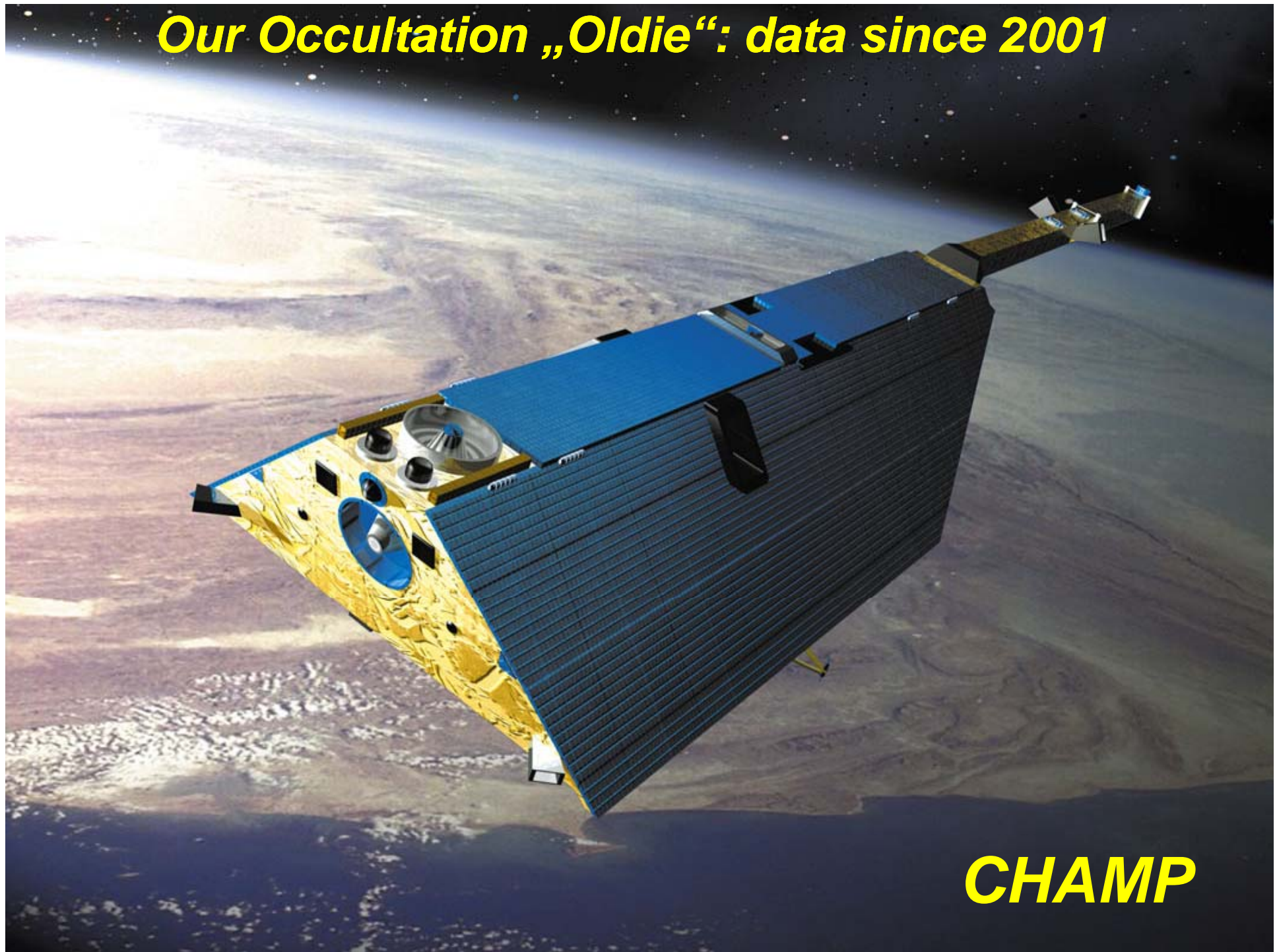
COSMIC (6; since 2006)



Metop (since 2006)

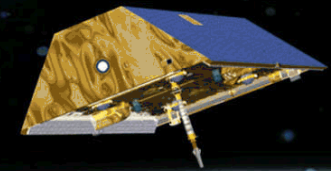
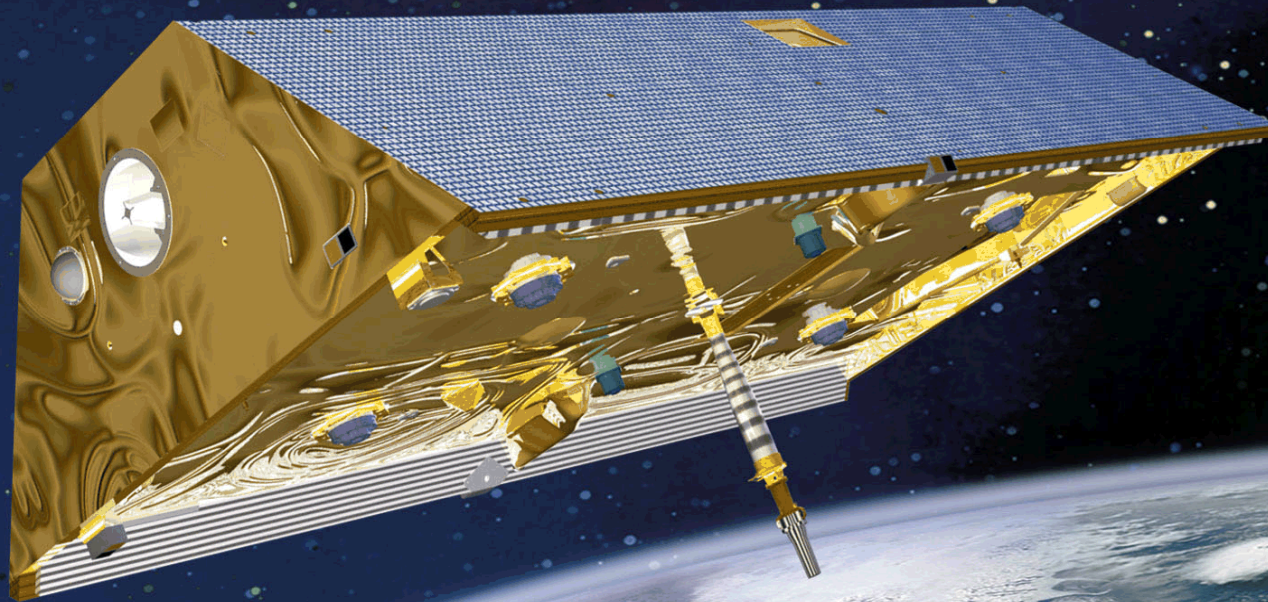
GFZ

Our Occultation „Oldie“: data since 2001

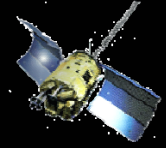
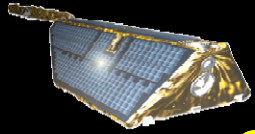


CHAMP

***Earth's Gravity with „add on“:
occultations since May 2006***

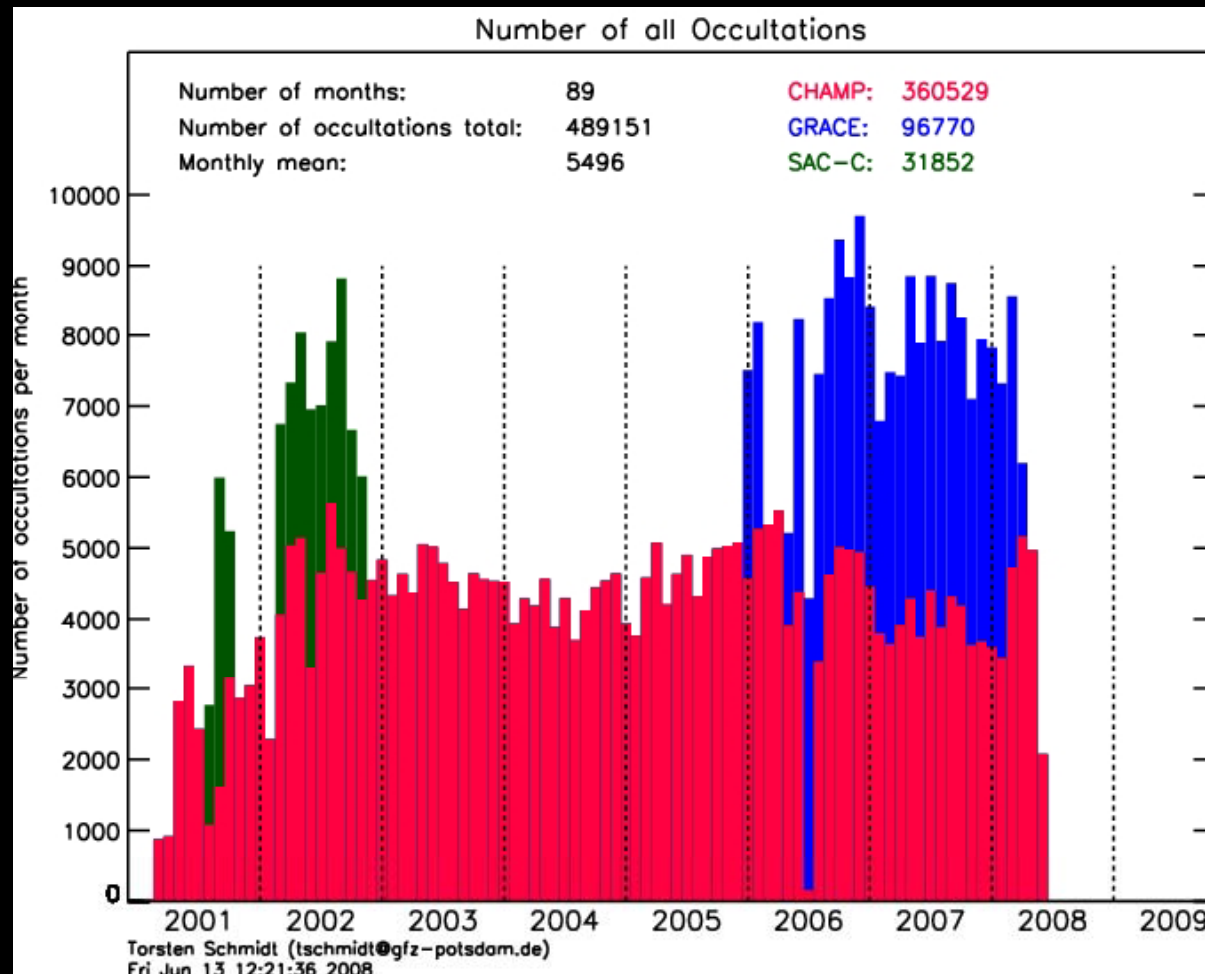


GRACE

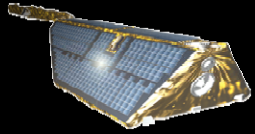


Occultations 2001-2008

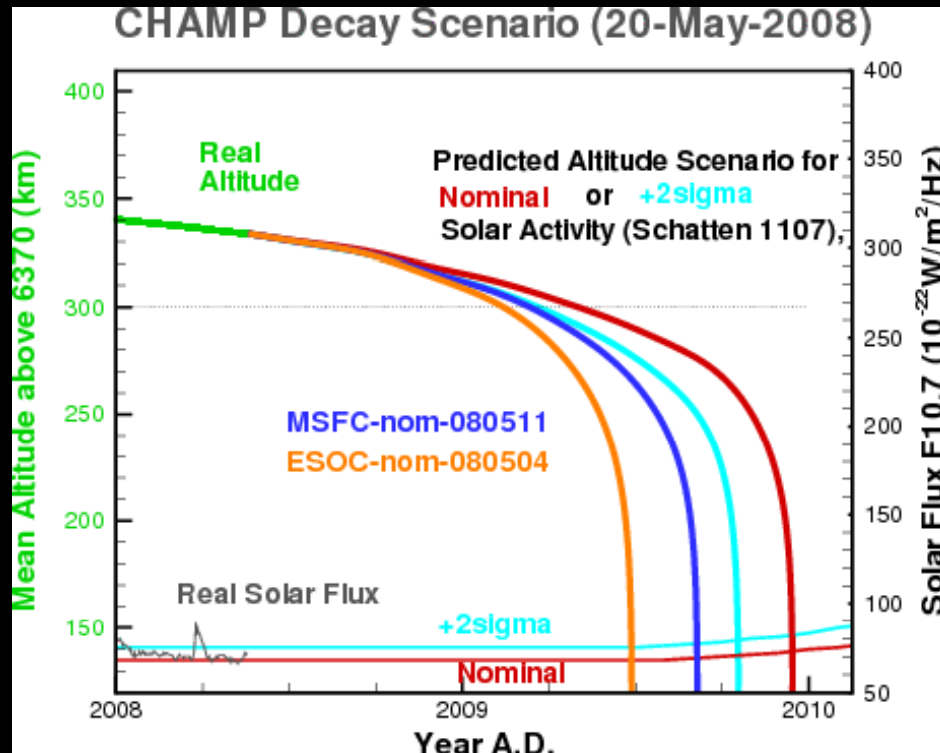
complete GFZ processing chain from raw data



First long-term RO data set from CHAMP

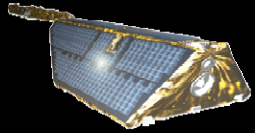


Good job CHAMP! Bye Bye soon

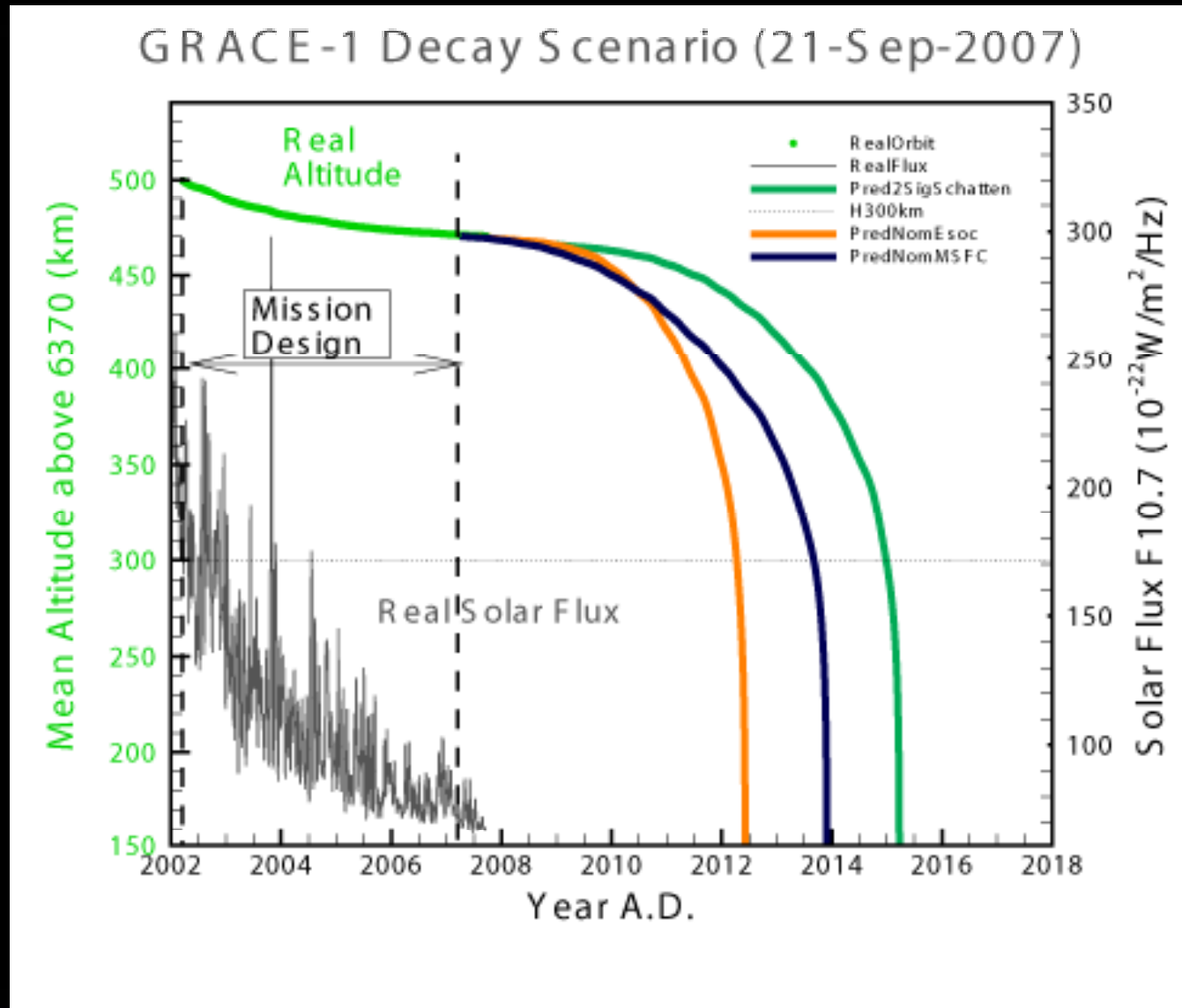


*Estimated live-time:
September 2009 (5
years was nominal LT)*

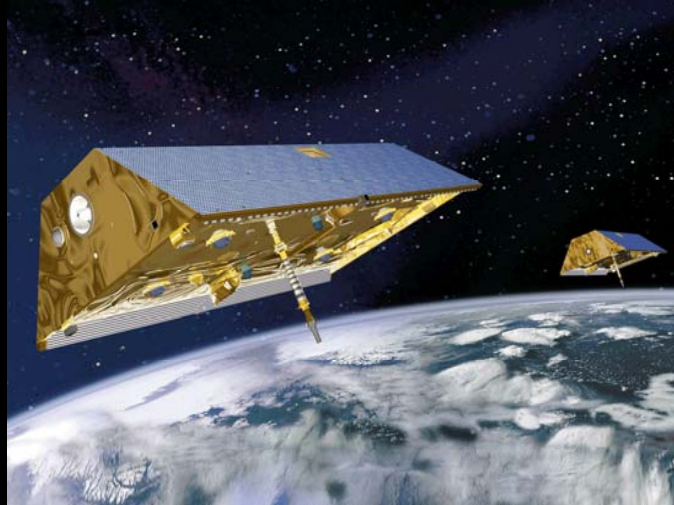
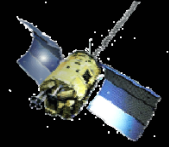
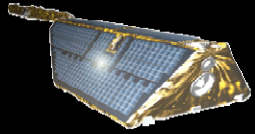
*But there is some cold
gas (~3 kg), Orbit
manoeuvre planned for
spring 2009 (uplift)
prolongation until end
2009 seems to be
feasible*



GRACE decay scenario

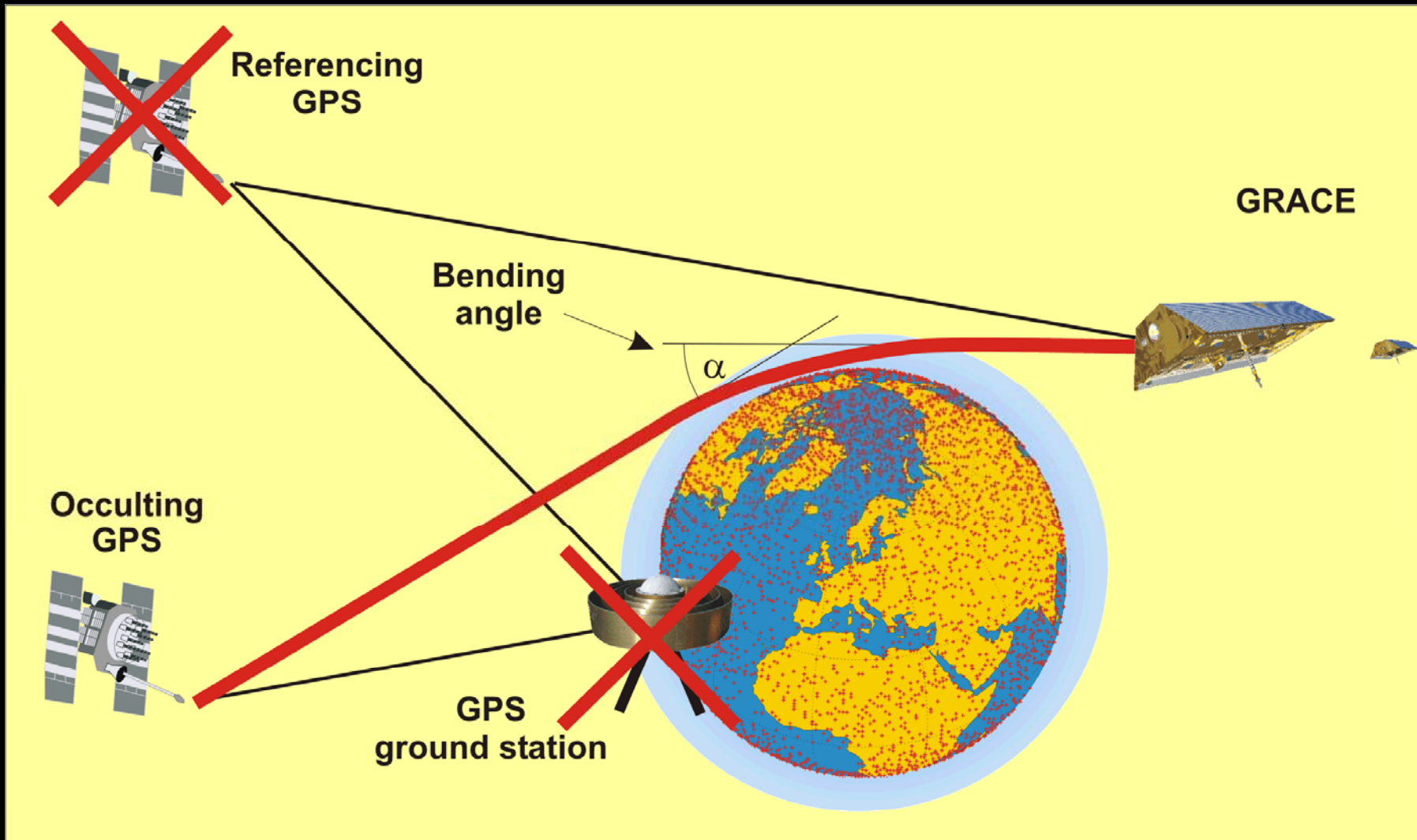


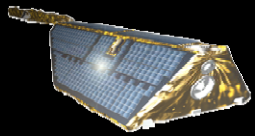
Science results
CHAMP
(examples)



GRACE processing: Zero Differencing

Zero differencing (no more reference links!)

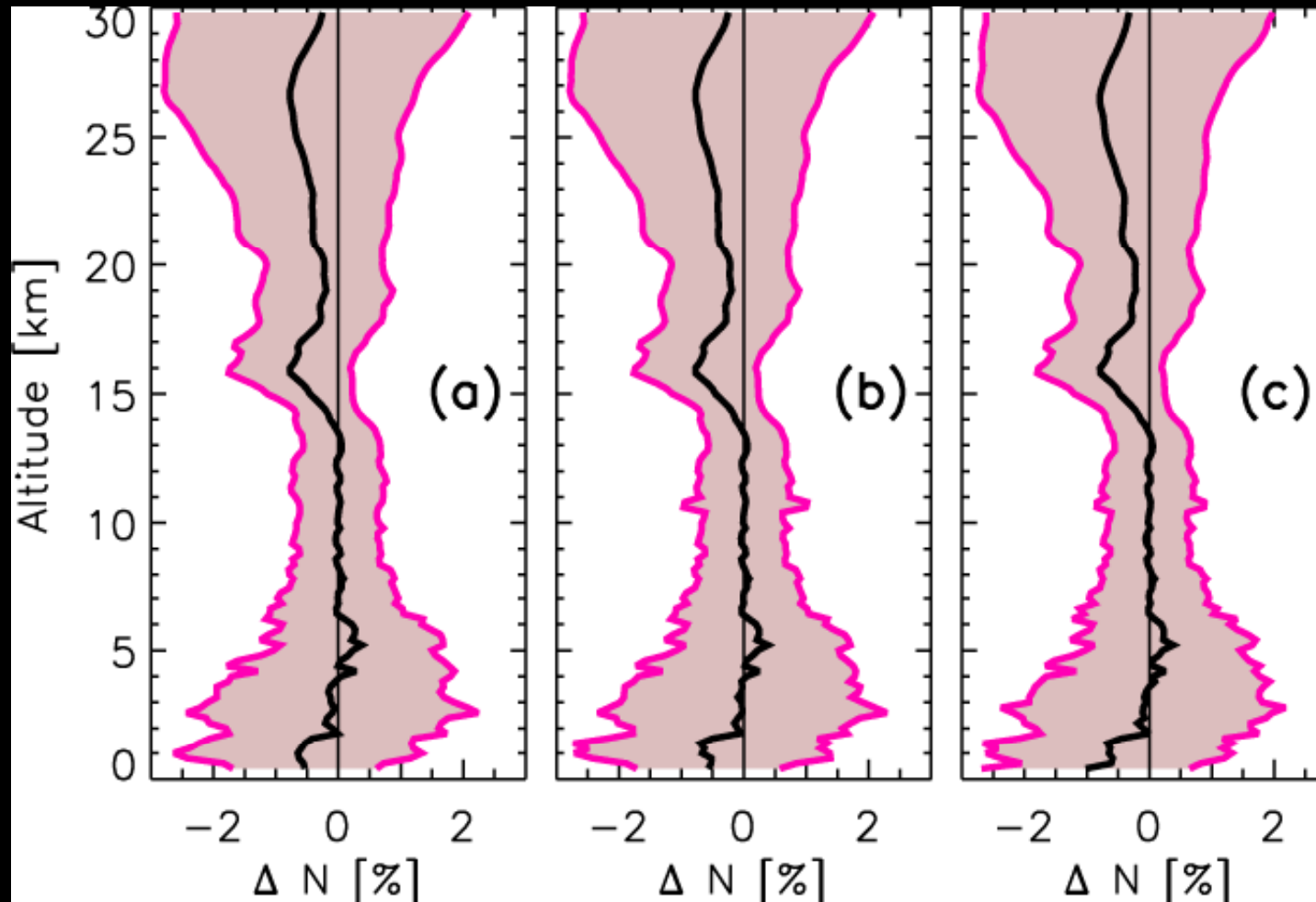




Zero Differencing: GRACE-B

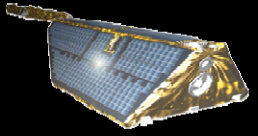


Deviations in relation to ECMWF (96 profiles)

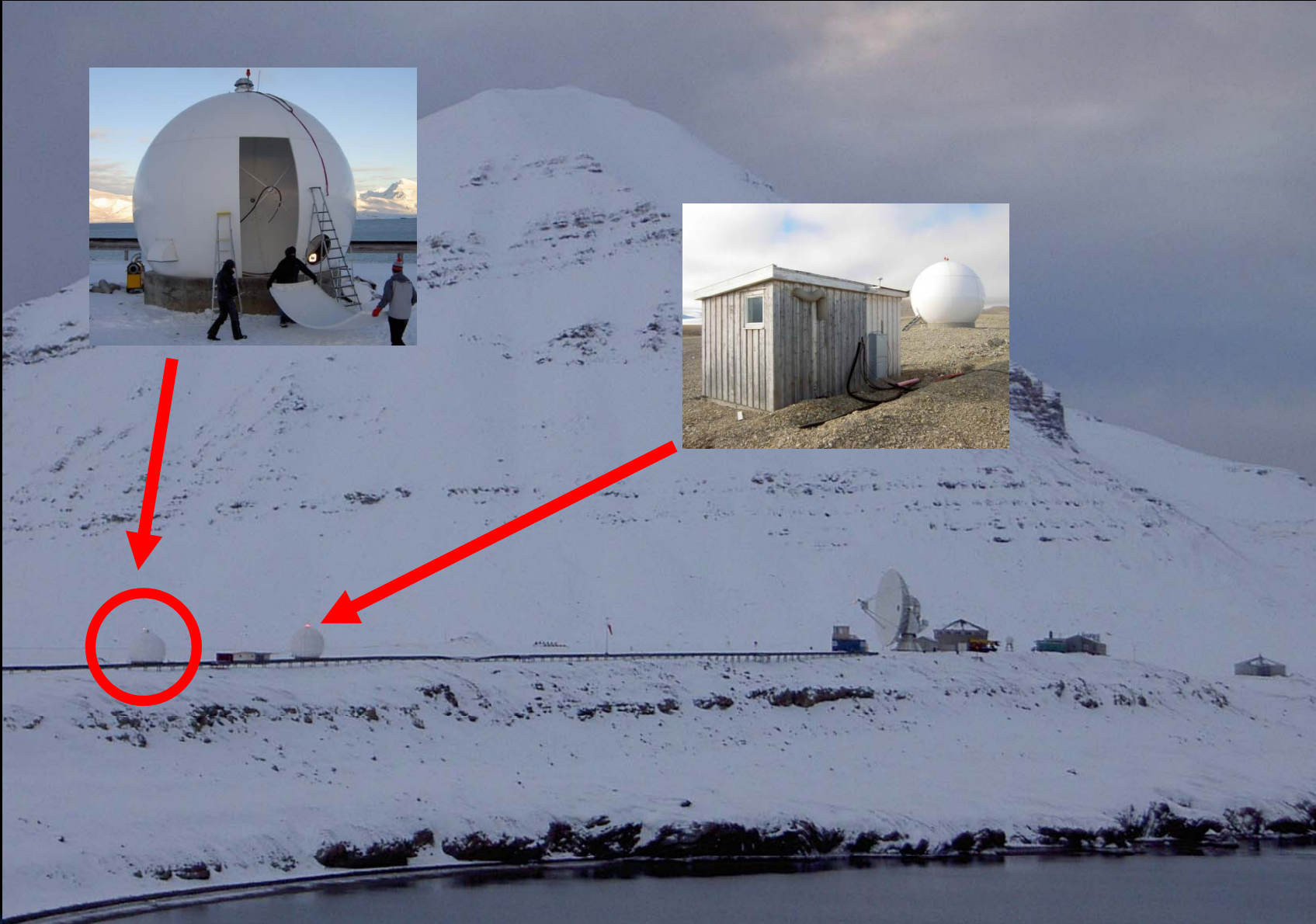


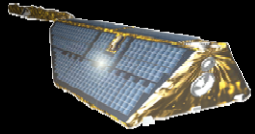
Differencing a) double b) single c) zero

NRT data and weather forecast

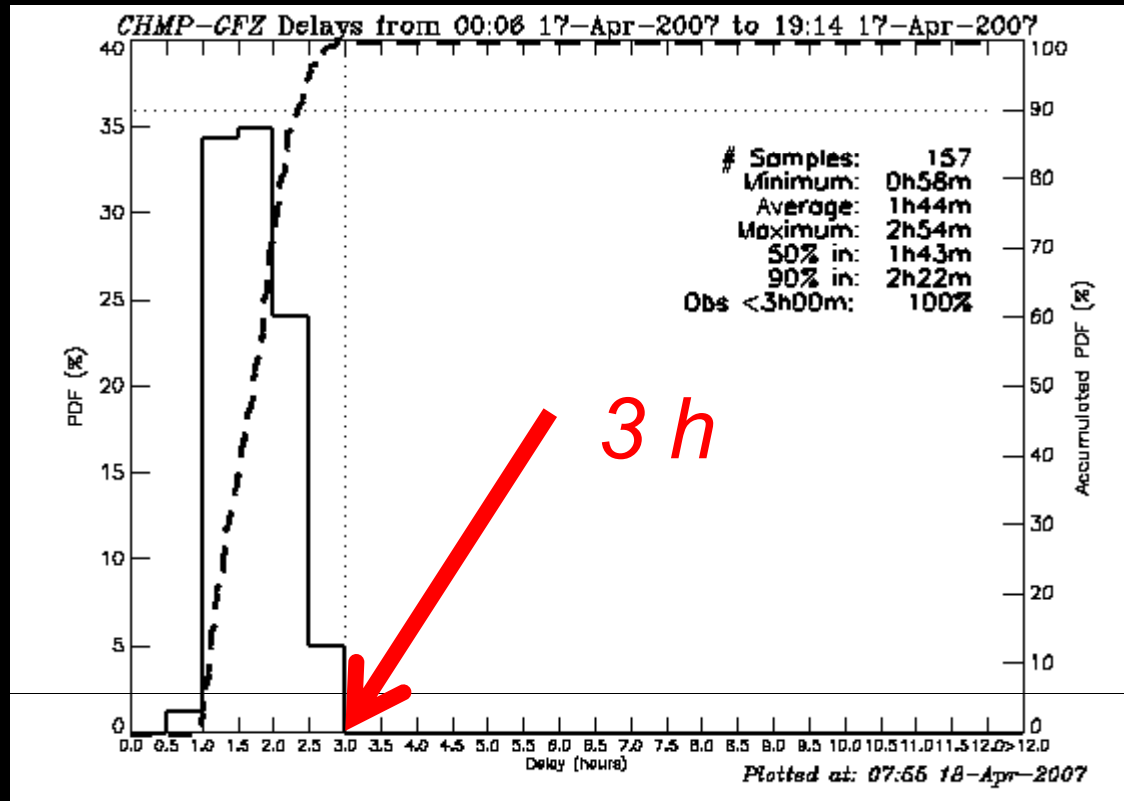


2 GFZ antennas at Ny Alesund





NRT data from CHAMP

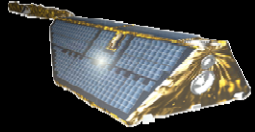


Monitoring by GRAS-SAF at Metoffice

(for April, 17)

Average delay of 1h44,

100% of the data in 3h!



NRT data use CHAMP/GRACE-A



MetOffice (U.K.) currently monitoring

ECMWF currently monitoring

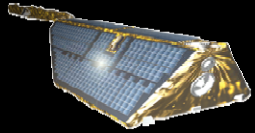
JMA assimilating

MeteoFrance assimilating

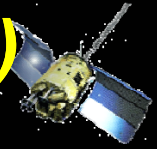
DWD monitoring

NCEP monitoring

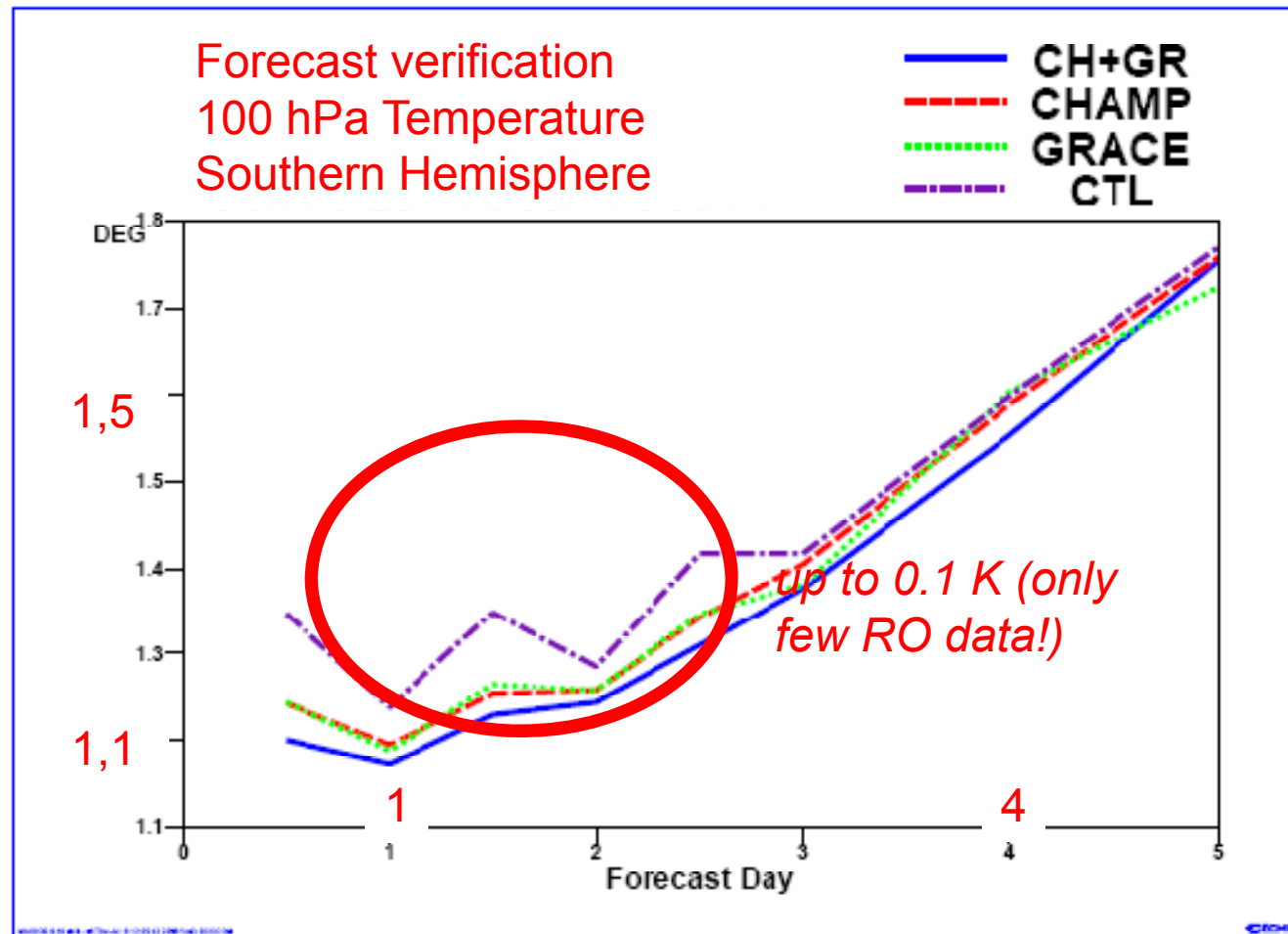
Kanada monitoring



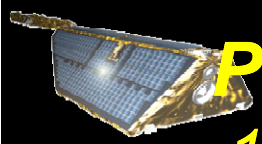
Improvement of global forecasts (ECMWF)



(CHAMP + GRACE-A, Jan/Feb 2006)



Healy et al., ASL, 2007

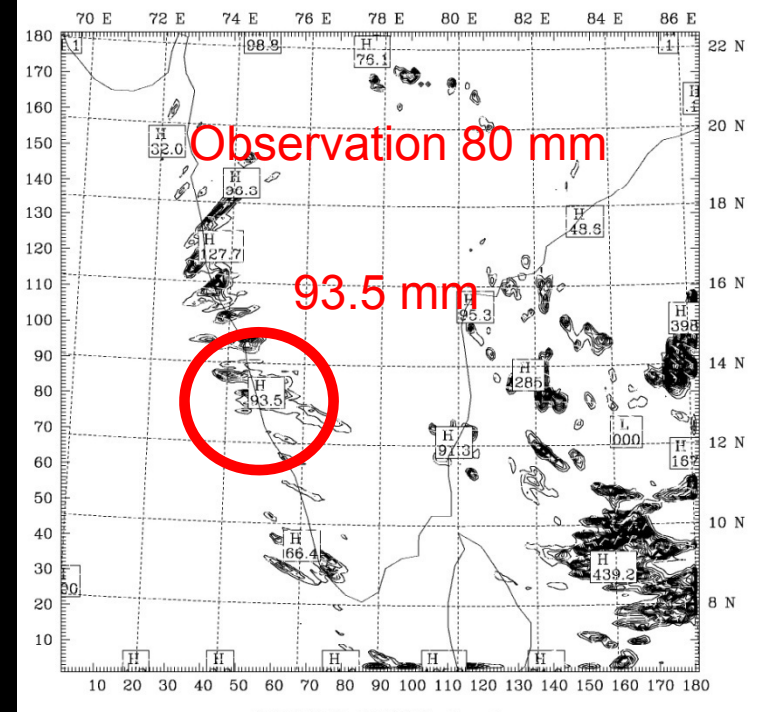
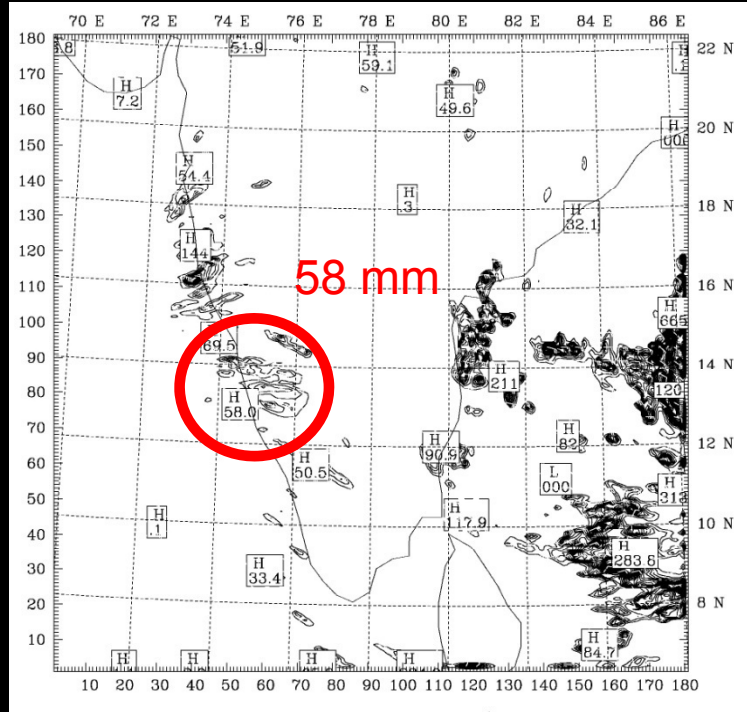


Precipitation forecast India Monsoon 2002

10 CHAMP 3 SAC-C occultations 3dvar WRF, NCU
accumulated 24-48 h precipitation

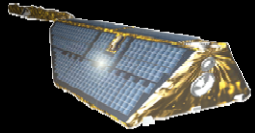
Control

+ 13 GPS RO

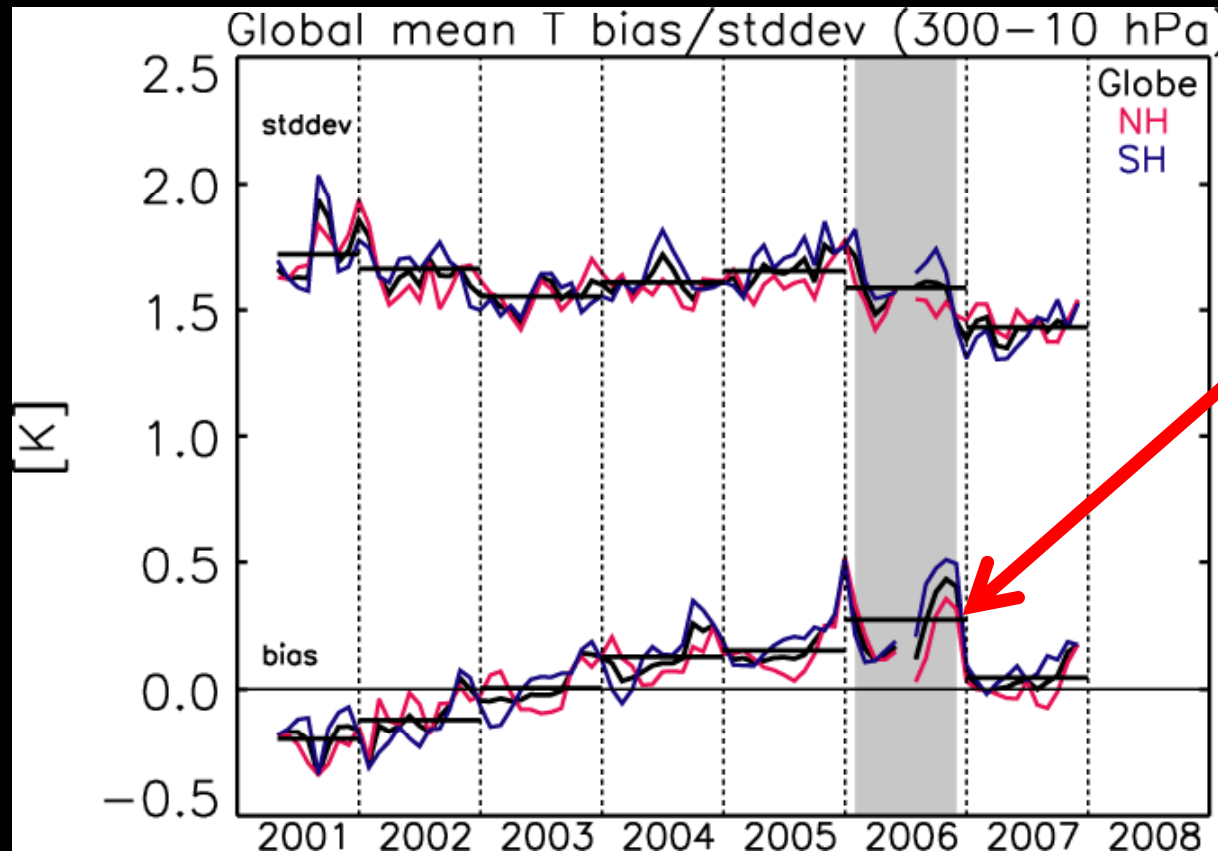
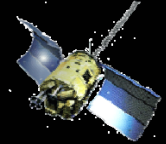


Underprediction of rainfall 2nd day at west coast improved

For details see Huang et al., 2006



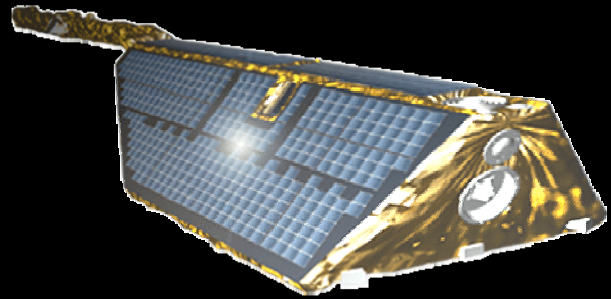
GPS RO improves ECMWF analyses



**Begin
assimilation
GPS RO**

Monthly mean temperature bias and stddev between CHAMP and ECMWF for the pressure (altitude) range 300 -10 hPa

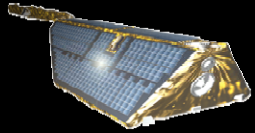
Schmidt et al., 2008



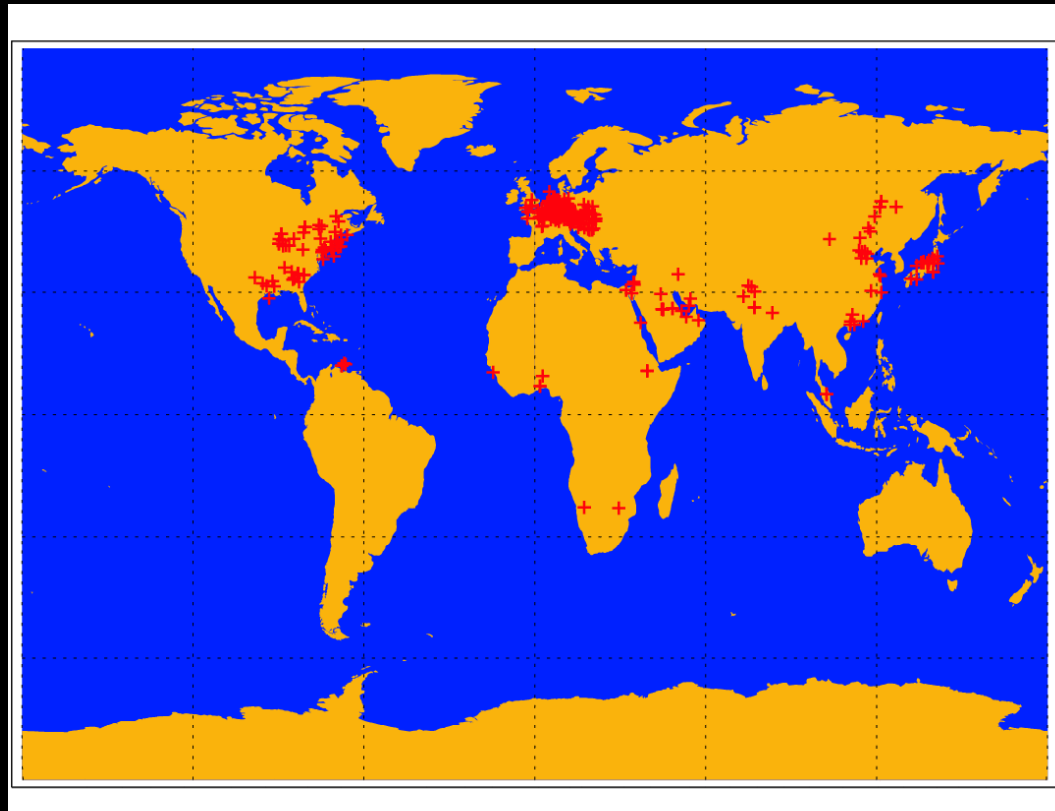
Comparison CHAMP with MOZAIC data

Recent and unique validation study, Heise et al., 2008

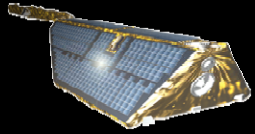




Humidity comparisons

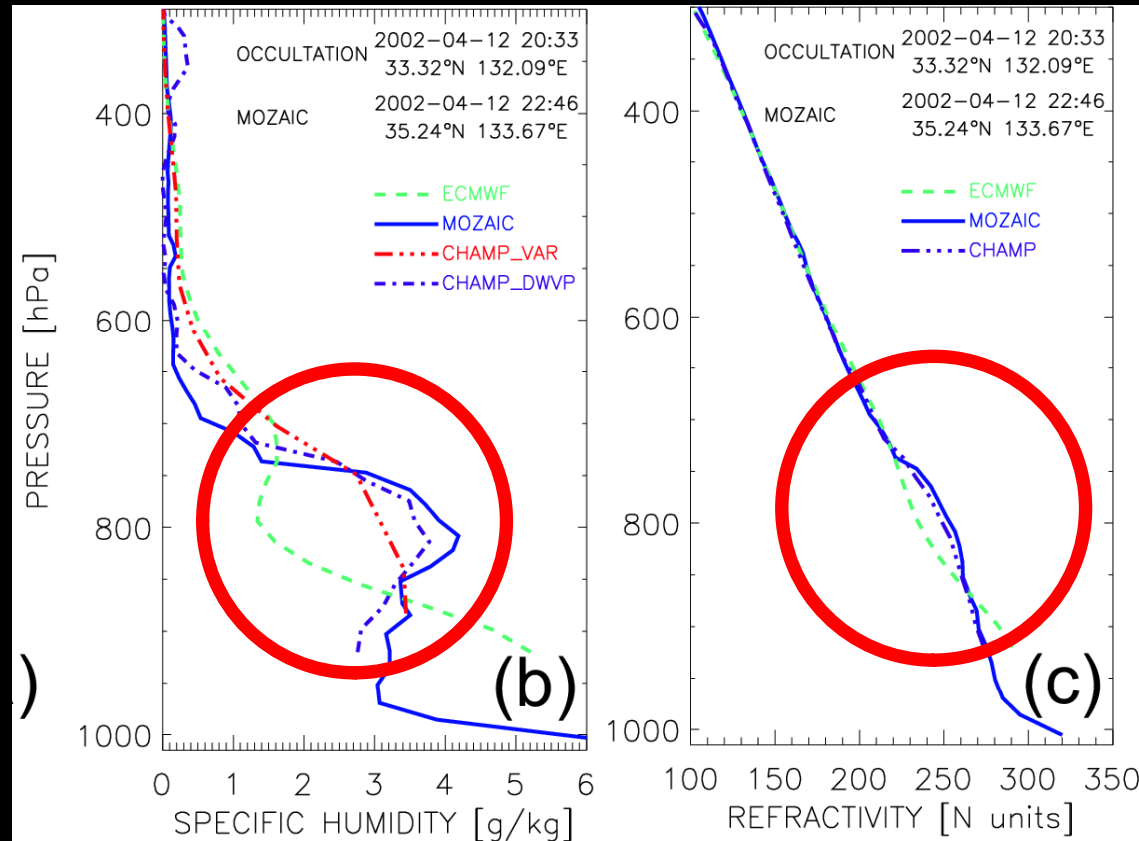


*$\Delta t < 3h$, $d < 300$ km, March 2001- March 2006,
324 coincidences found (MOZAIC, CHAMP)
Indicate the airport locations approached by the 5 aircrafts*

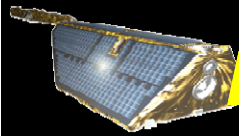


Comparison example

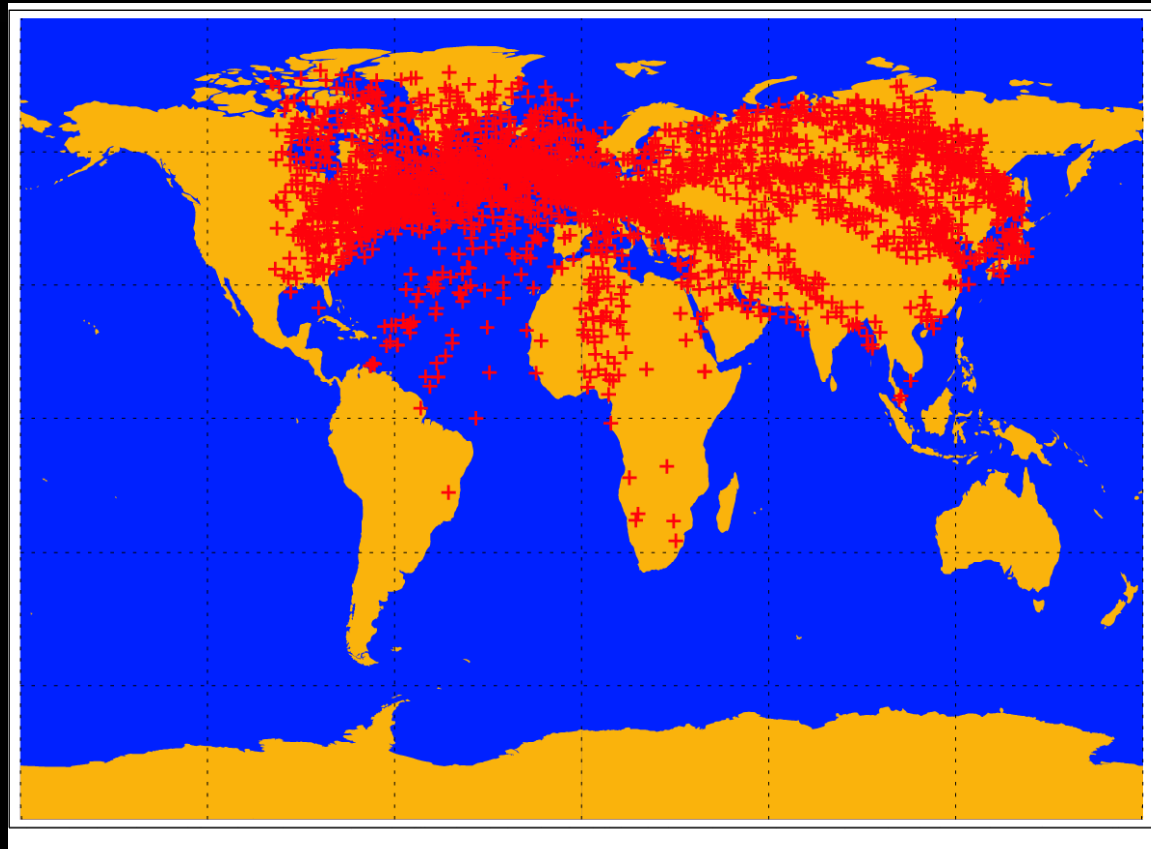
April 12, 2002; 20:33 UTC; 33.32°N 132.09°E



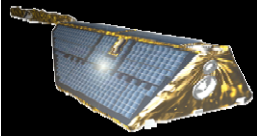
- *Temperature (not shown) MOZAIC and ECMWF in good agreement*
- *Refractivity agrees better with CHAMP compared to ECMWF (900-750 hPa)*
- *Corresponds to better agreement of humidity profiles MOZAIC/CHAMP*



Refractivity and Temperature comparison



- $\Delta t < 3h$, $d < 300$ km, March 2001- March 2006
- 2700 coincidences used for comparisons
- (dry) temperature and refractivity, $h > 300$ hPa (dry air assumption)

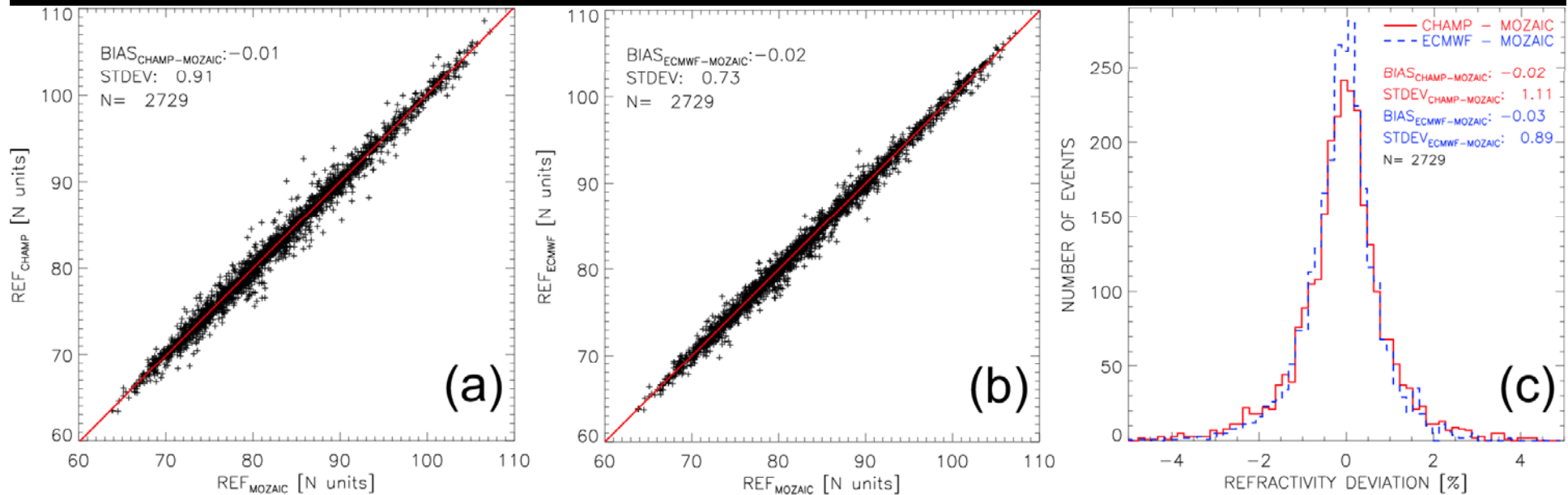


Refractivity comparison (cruise)

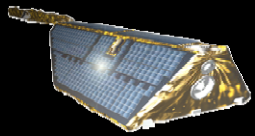


CHAMP-MOZAIC

ECMWF-MOZAIC



- *Excellent agreement of MOZAIC with CHAMP and ECMWF*
- *Comparison with CHAMP shows more scatter (assimilation of aircraft data to ECMWF, high accuracy in this region and altitude)*



Conclusion and outlook

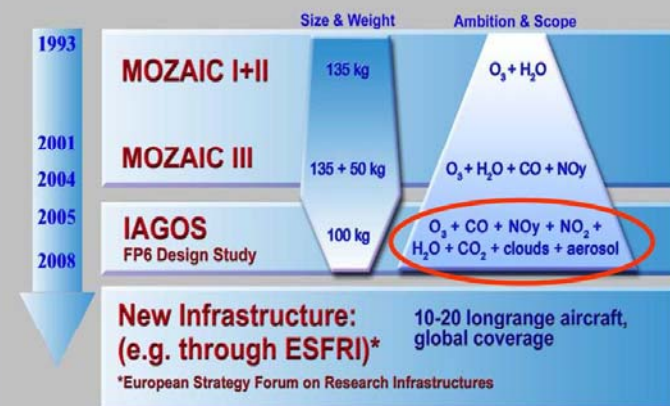


- *MOZAIC is valuable data source for GPS RO retrievals (for the first time demonstrated with CHAMP)*
- *IAGOS (follow-on) in the pipeline*

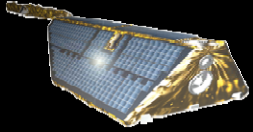


Taipeh, June 2008

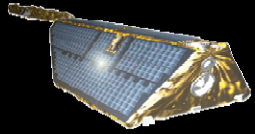
IAGOS: From MOZAIC to Sustainability



20 aircrafts planned



Climate

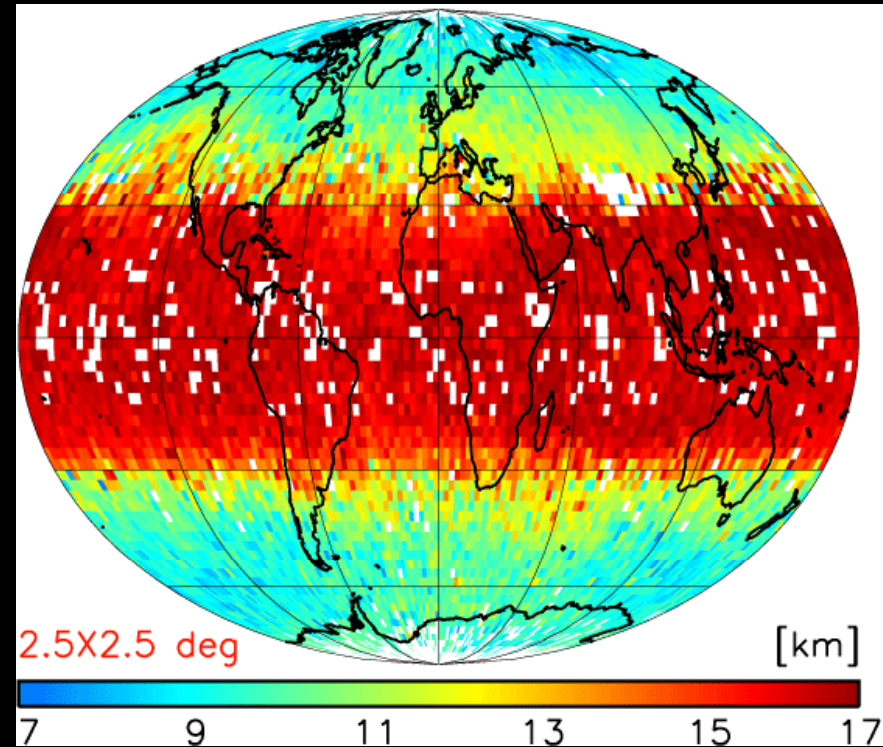
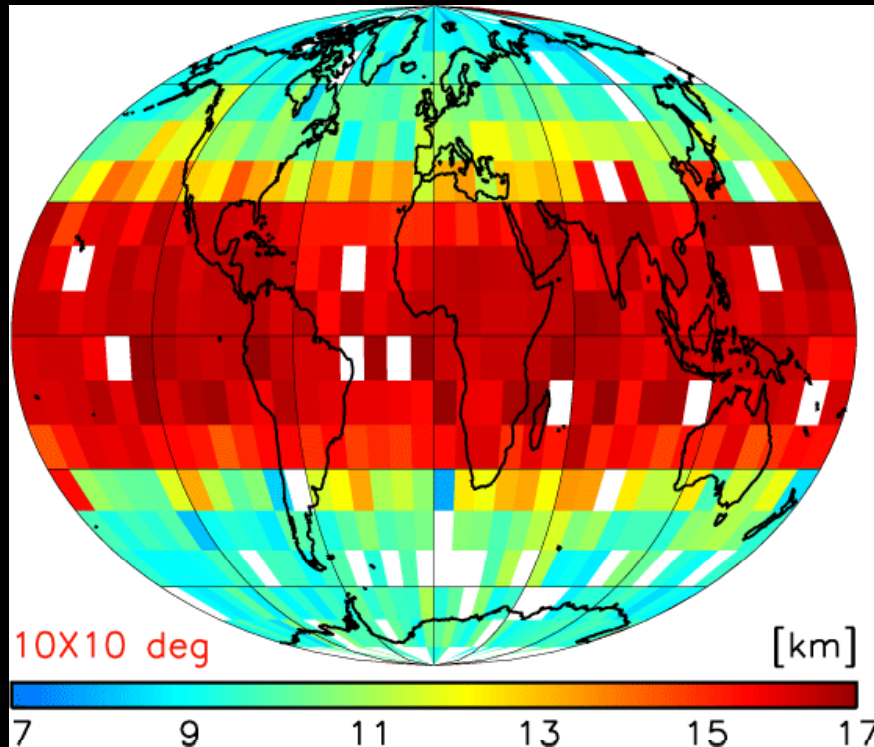


Tropopause altitude (October 2006)



CHAMP

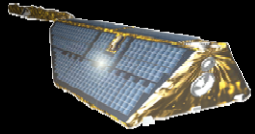
CHAMP+GRACE+COSMIC



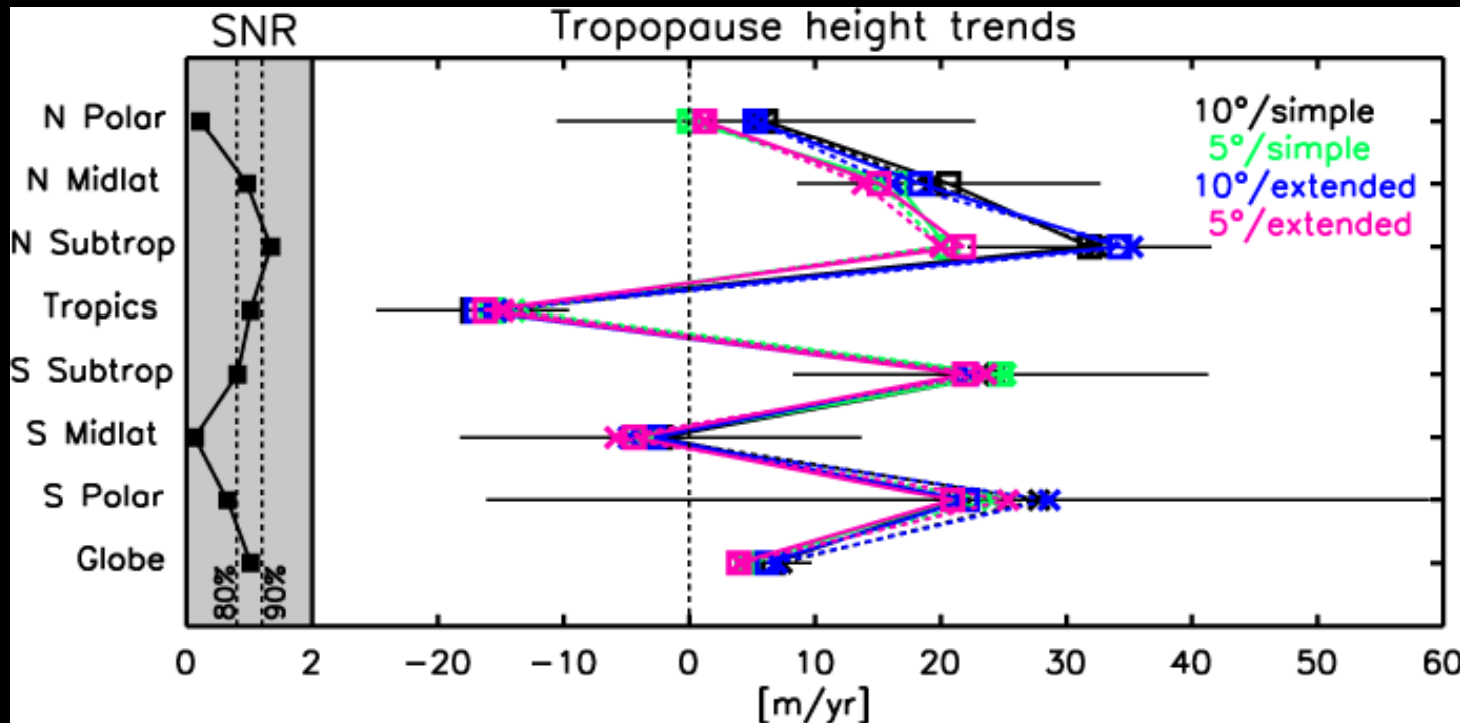
~ 5,000 profiles

46.235 profiles

High resolution in time and space!!

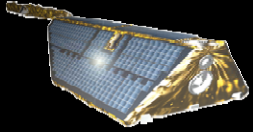


Tropopause climatology

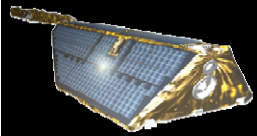


LRT height trends [m/yr] based on GPS RO data from May 2001-December 2007 (80 months) for different binning methods and tropopause algorithms. Error bars (2-sigma confidence intervals). (left) SNR with the one-sided 80% and 90% confidence intervals. For details see Schmidt et al. (2008), Figure 3.

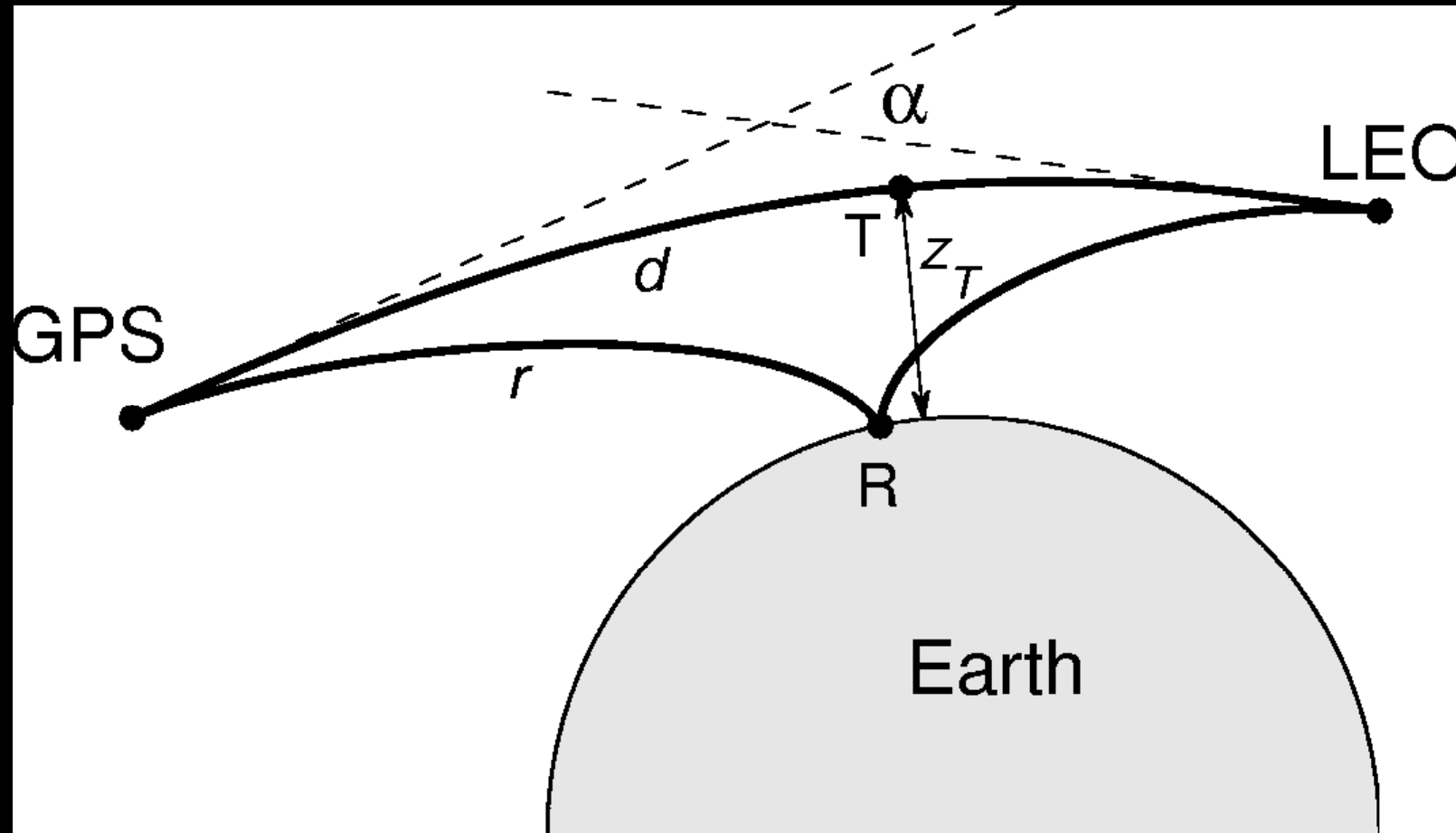
Schmidt et al., GRL, 2008

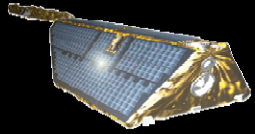


Reflections

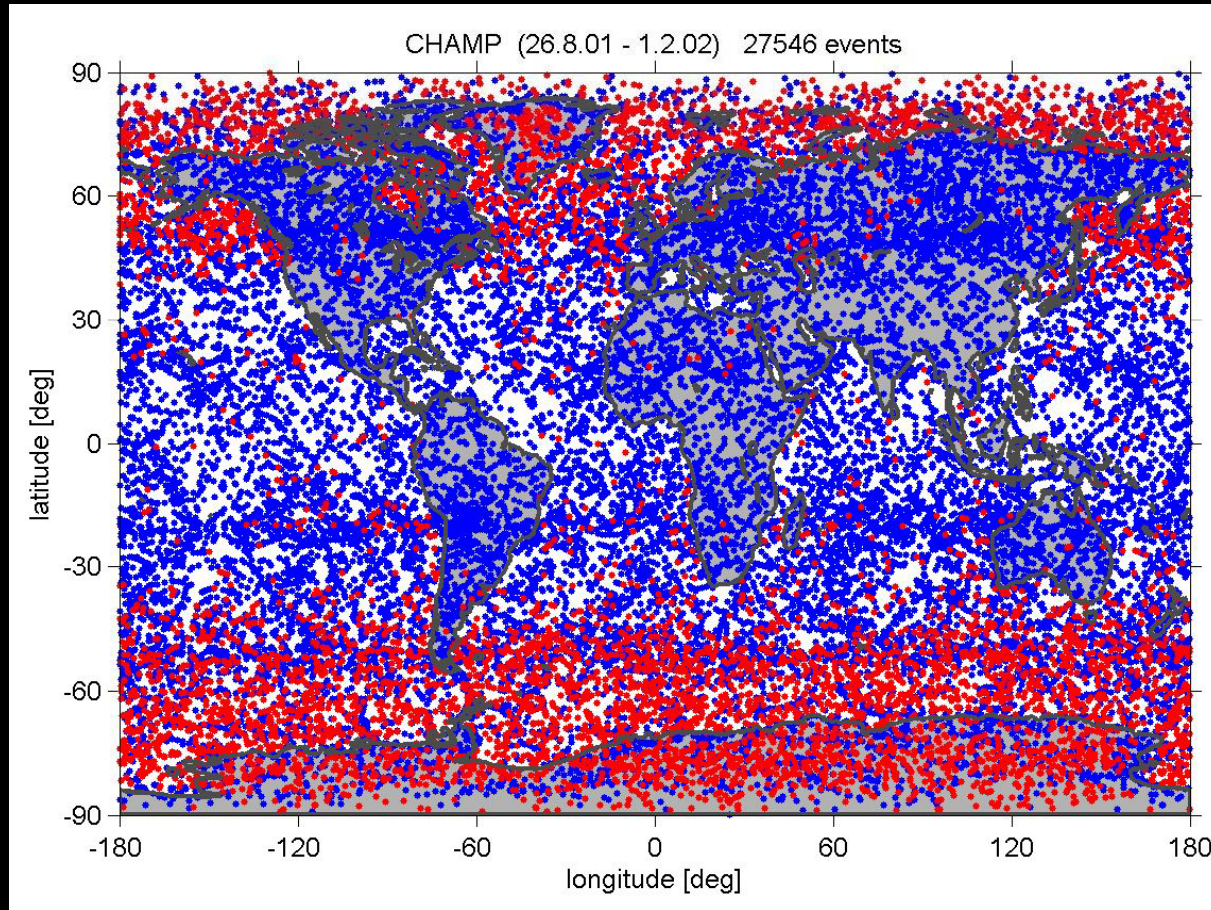


Reflections and RO data



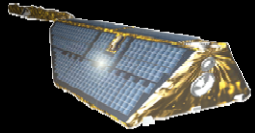


Space based ocean and ice reflections (as already seen by CHAMP)

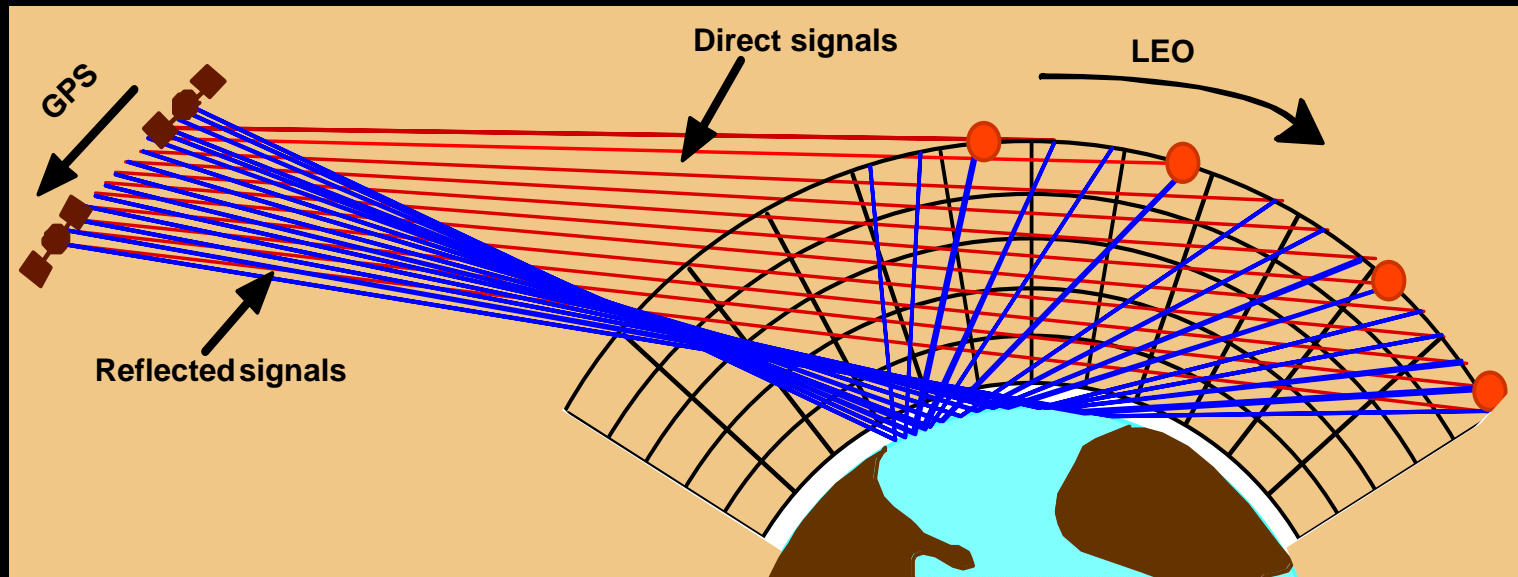


(red – with reflection; blue - without reflection)

5 months of CHAMP occultation data (Beyerle et al., JGR, 2002)



Remote sensing with reflected GNSS



Applications

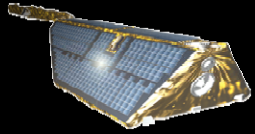
- Ocean Altimetry (topography, circulation)
- Scatterometry (sea state, surface winds)
- Atmospheric and Ionospheric Imaging

Thanks: Tom Yunck

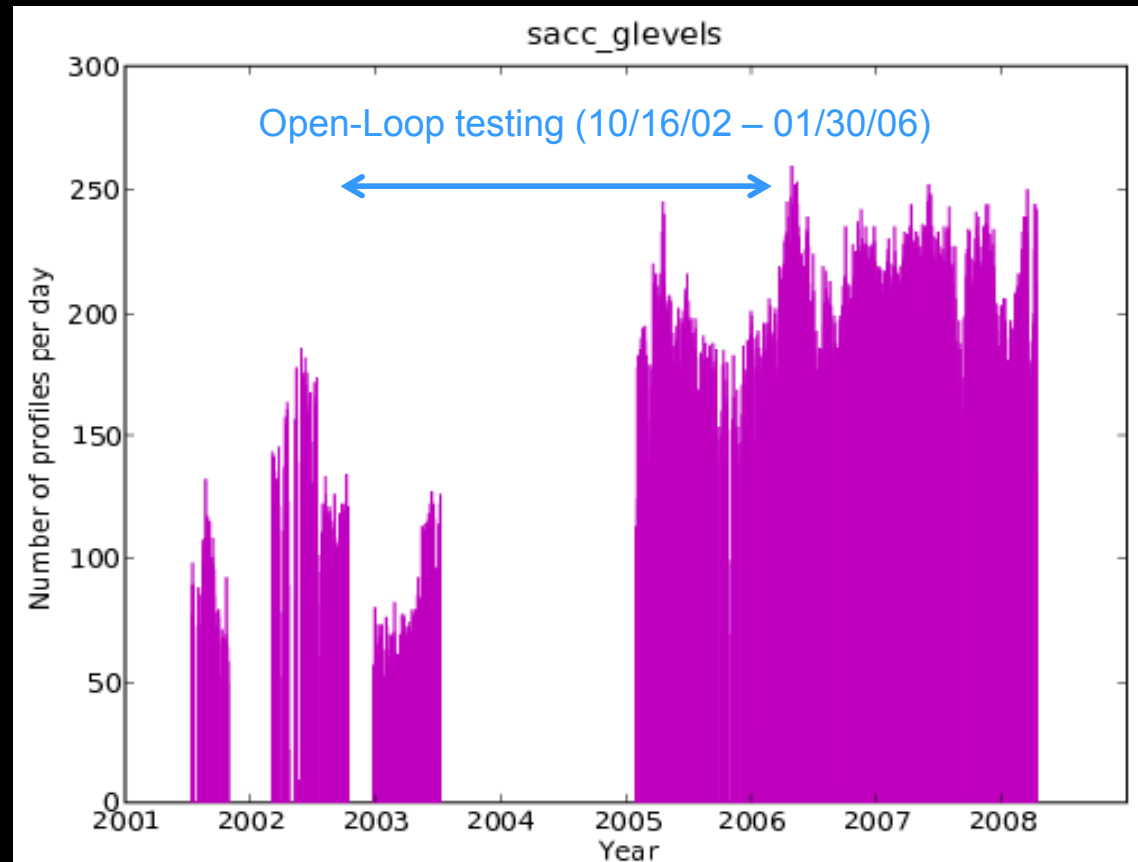
SAC-C



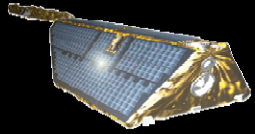
- *Delta-2 Vandenberg, Nov. 21, 2000*
- *U.S. (JPL) Argentina (RO)*



SAC-C: occultations (JPL)



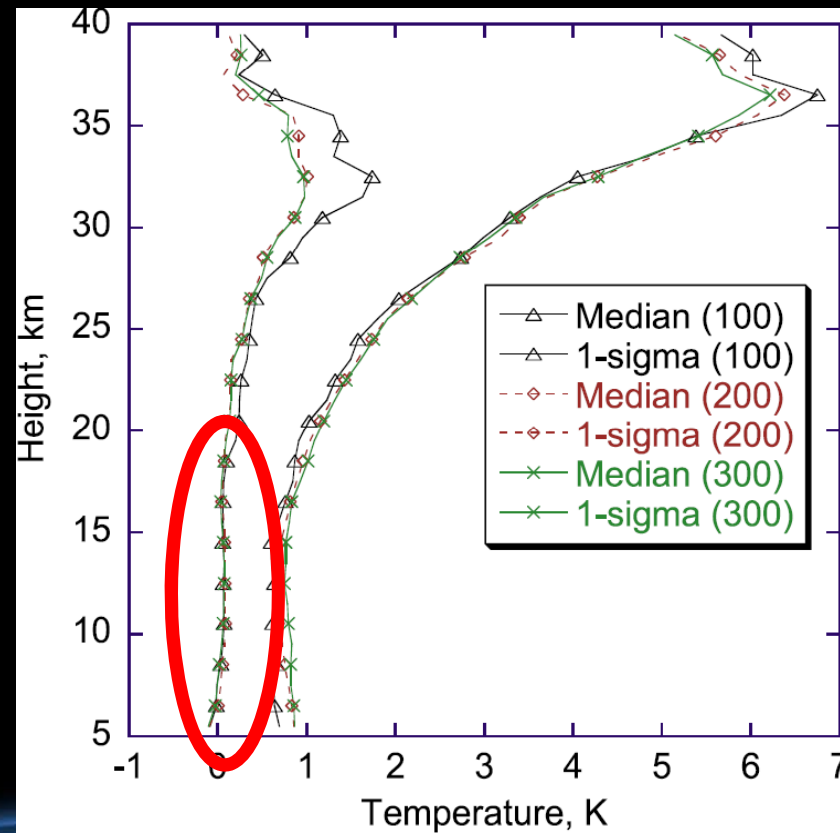
- *First investigation with Open Loop Tracking since 2002*
- *Currently more than 200 profiles daily*
- *Recent joint community effort for NRT data reception and processing*



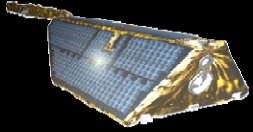
First intersatellite RO comparisons (SAC-C; CHAMP)



212 coincidences (July 2001 ... March 2003) ($<1/2$ hr and <200 km) consistent mean ΔT to < 0.1 K (below 18 km). By contrast mean temperature of analysis (NCEP) shows differences of ~ 0.5 K to SAC/C or CHAMP



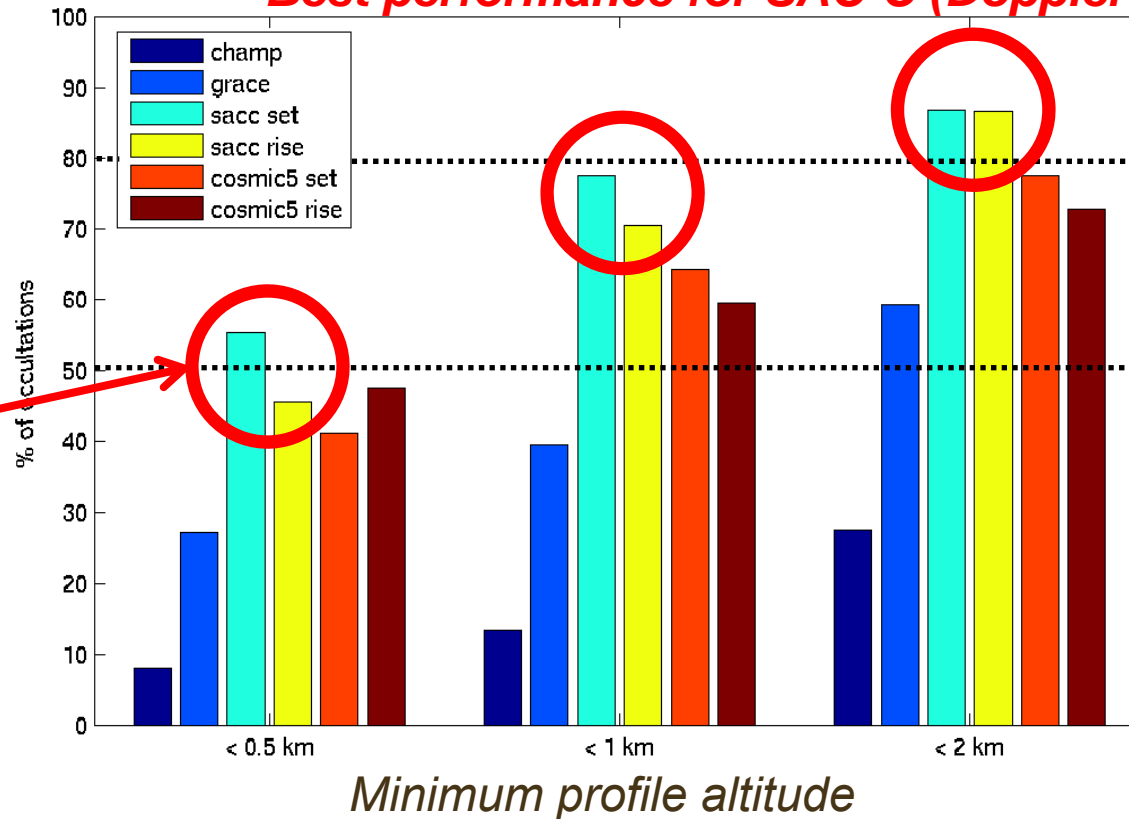
Hajj et al., 2004



Lower troposphere sounding with SAC-C



Best performance for SAC-C (Doppler model)



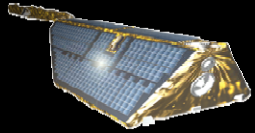
50 % of profiles reach 0.5 km in the Tropics

**Minimum altitude statistics over the Pacific ocean (JPL)
(160 - 230 deg longitude, -35 to 35 deg latitude)**

For details talk from Ao et al.



New colleague in space: TerraSAR-X



TerraSAR-X



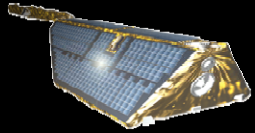
*Launch with Dnepr-2
from Baikonur,
Orbit 514 km 98° incl.
5 years planned*

*GPS orbit
antennas*



*Is quite large ...
5 m, 1,2 ton*

Source: web DLR



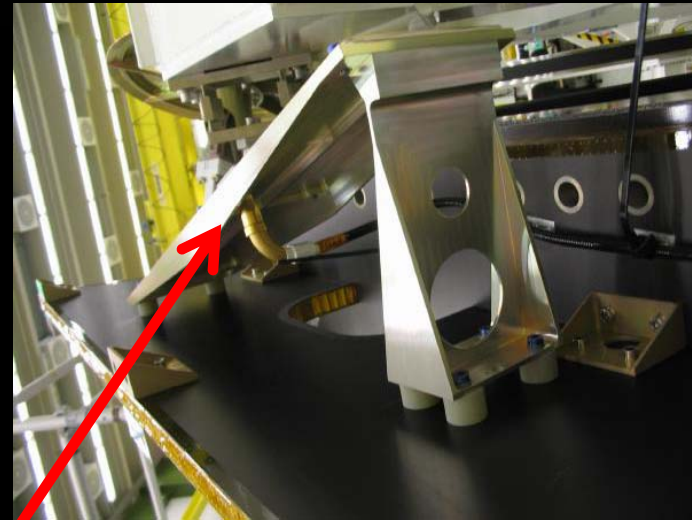
TerraSAR-X has GPS

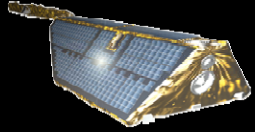


IGOR (Broadreach)

Adapter for

*OccAntennas (same as for COSMIC)
fore and aft-looking*





Status of TerraSAR-X GPS



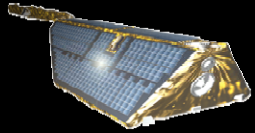
Orbit determination: Operational and high quality

Occultations (neutral gas and ionosphere in commissioning phase) not primary mission goal

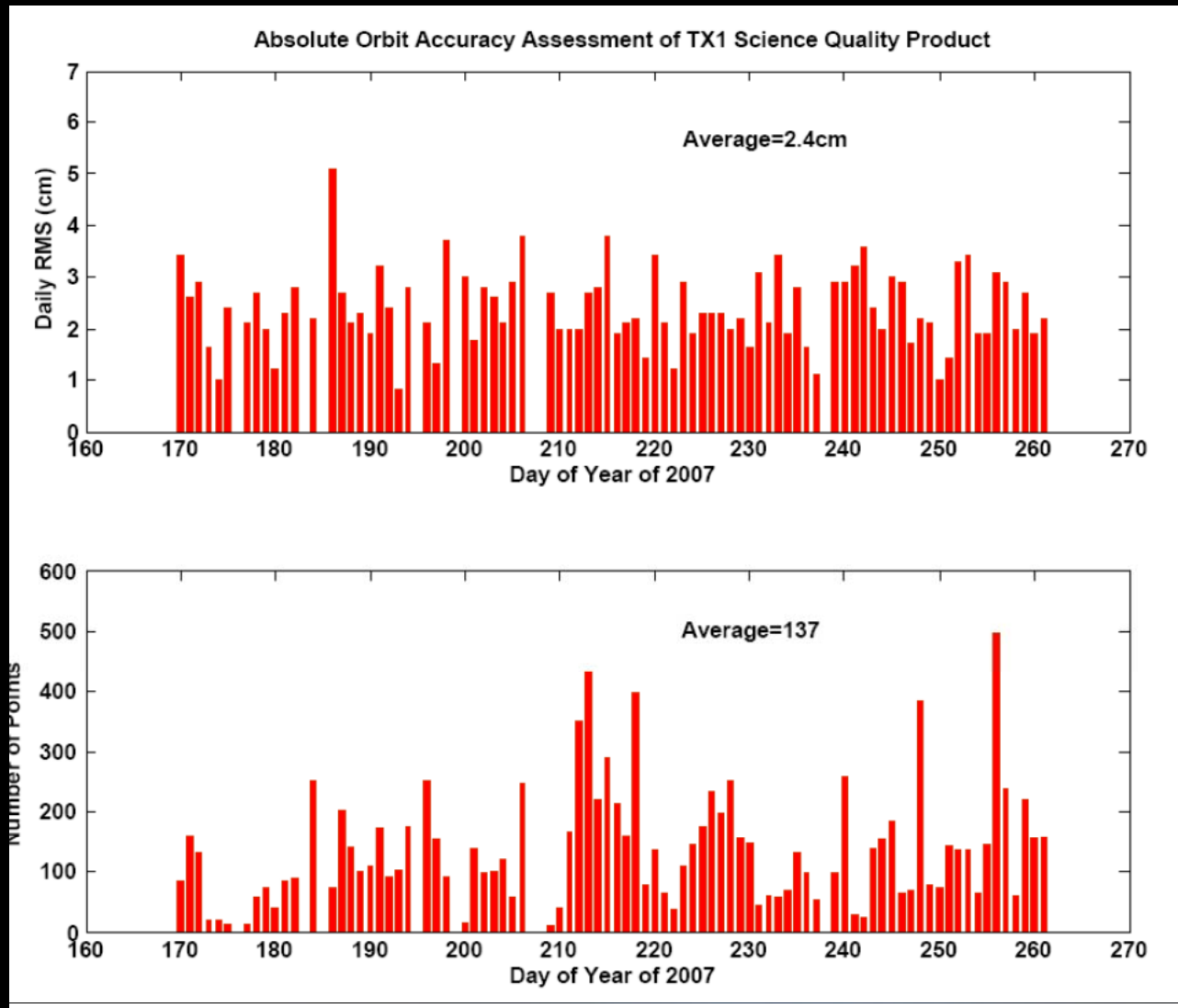
Preliminary results for neutral gas occultations in open loop mode (worse statistics compared to CHAMP, low number of occultations, initial ionospheric profiles, ground network für navigation bit provision installed and operational, data can be provided

NRT data reception, tested with 3 satellites in parallel at Ny Alesund

Contract situation difficult



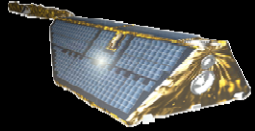
Orbit accuracy TerraSAR-X



DLR orbits

*Comparison
with SLR
data*

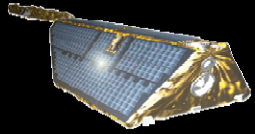
*Daily RMS
2.4 cm*



Initial analyses of RO data TerraSAR-X (January/February 2008)



	<i>TerraSAR-X</i>	<i>CHAMP</i>
<i>time period</i>	<i>32 days</i>	<i>32 days</i>
<i># occultation events</i>	<i>1378</i>	<i>3904</i>
<i>signal tracking method</i>	<i>closed-loop, open-loop below 25 km</i>	<i>closed-loop, fly-wheeling in lower troposphere</i>

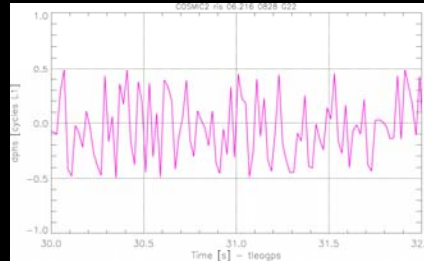


OpenLoop processing

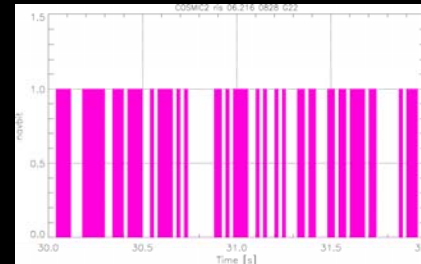
delta phase

nav. bit data

Model +



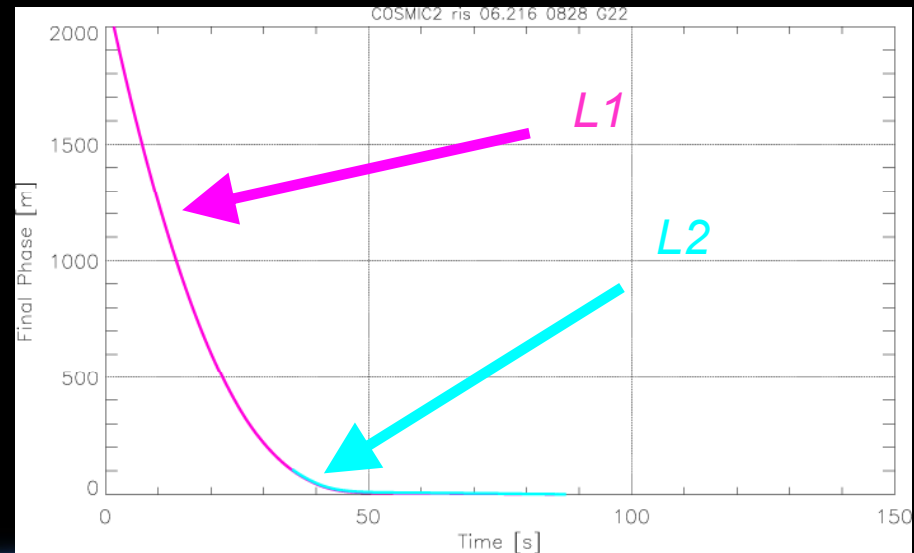
+



+ phase adjustment

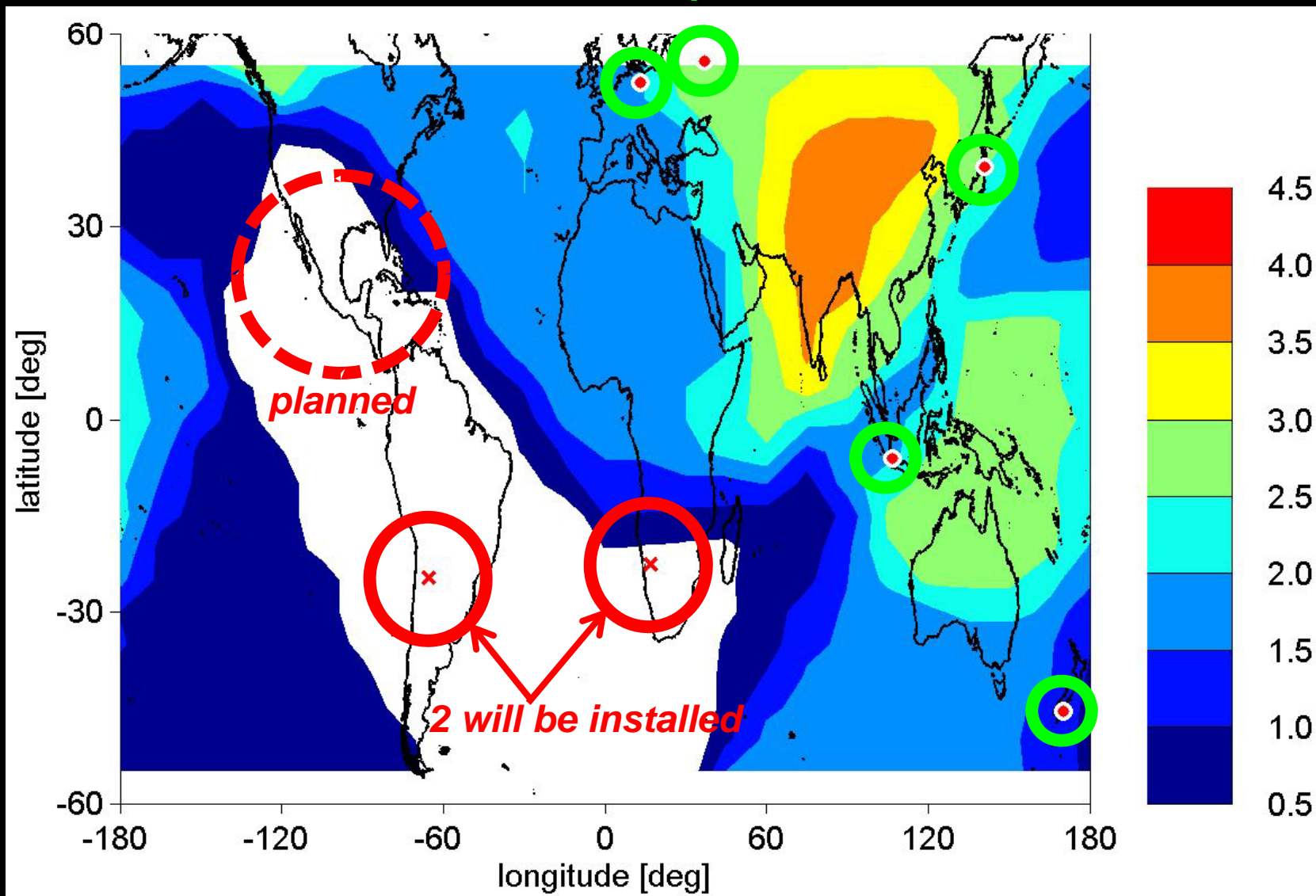
*according to Sokolovskiy,
GRL, 2006*

results in final phase L1

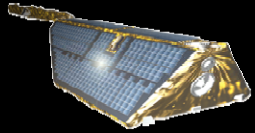


Global coverage NavBit Data GFZ

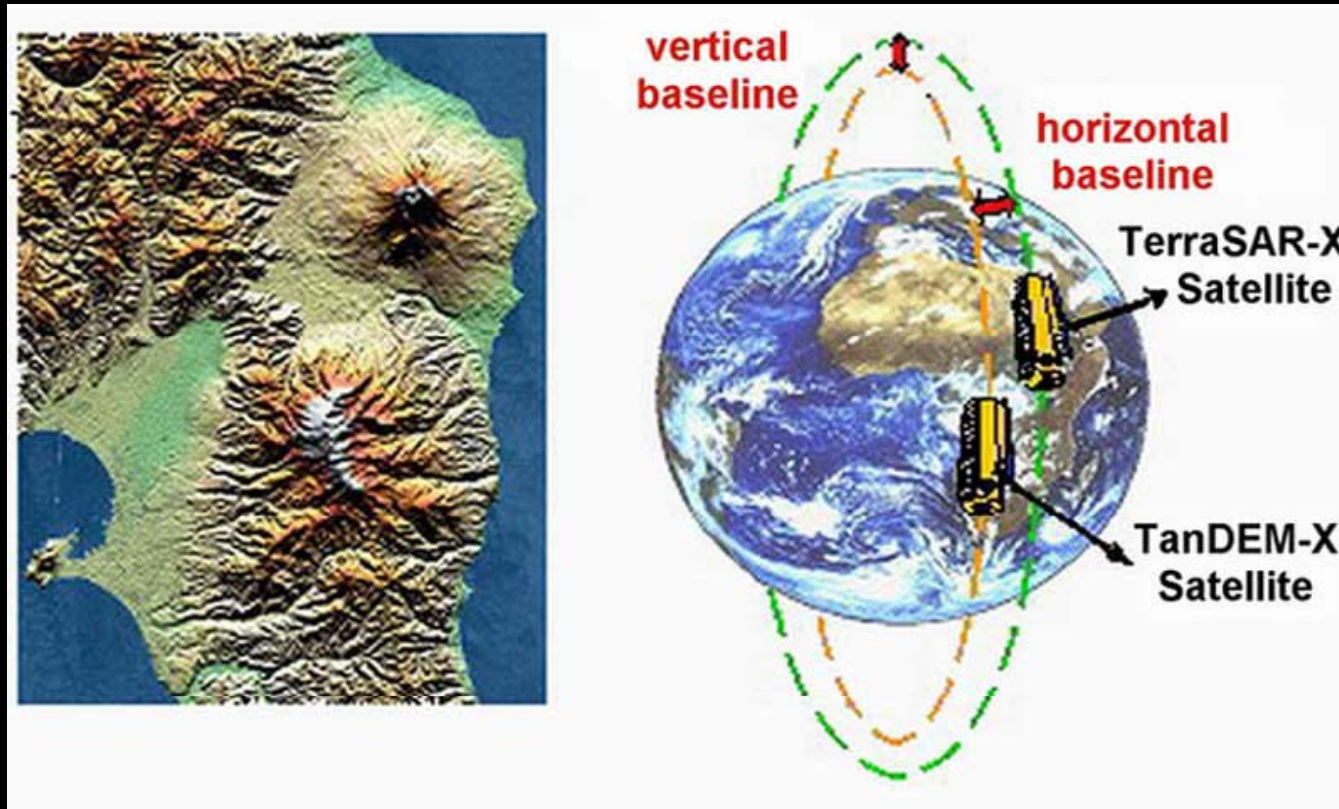
5 stations operational



Beyerle et al., *GPS Solutions*, 2008.

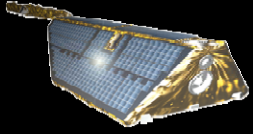


TerraSAR-X will not stay alone ..

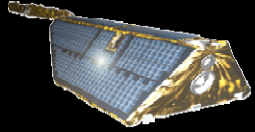


Source: DLR web

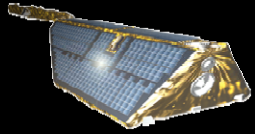
*View to the Earth in stereo ..
planned launch in 2010 again with IGOR*



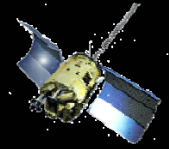
Some activities for future projects



GPS-M and GALILEO



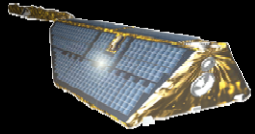
Successful launched!



Giove-A (Dec. 28, 2005)

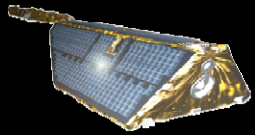


Giove-B (Apr. 27, 2008)



GNSS receivers

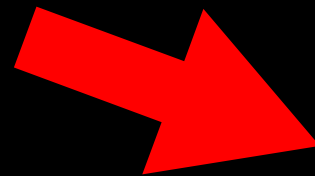
GFZ receiver development



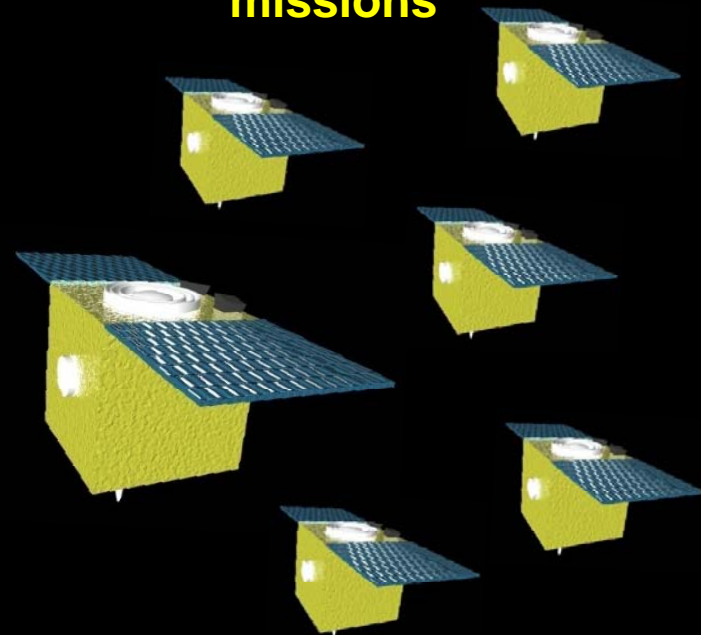
GORS receiver (with JAVAD, GITEWS)



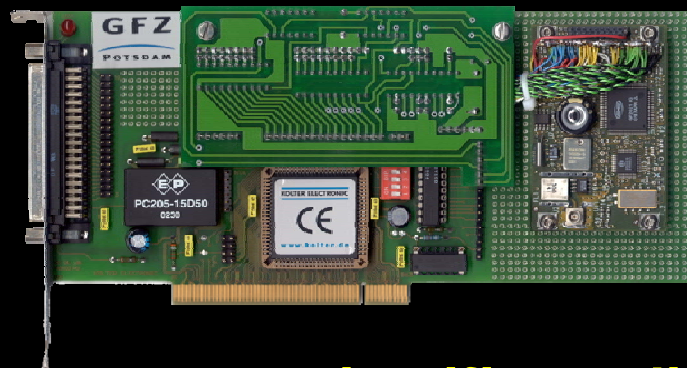
GPS, GLONASS,
GALILEO



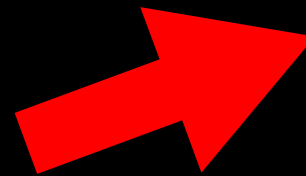
New satellite
missions



GFZ receiver (Open GPS)

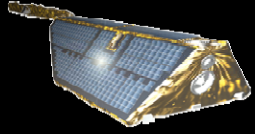


GPS

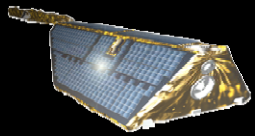


*e.g. NanoGEM (6 satellites)
for occultation/reflection*

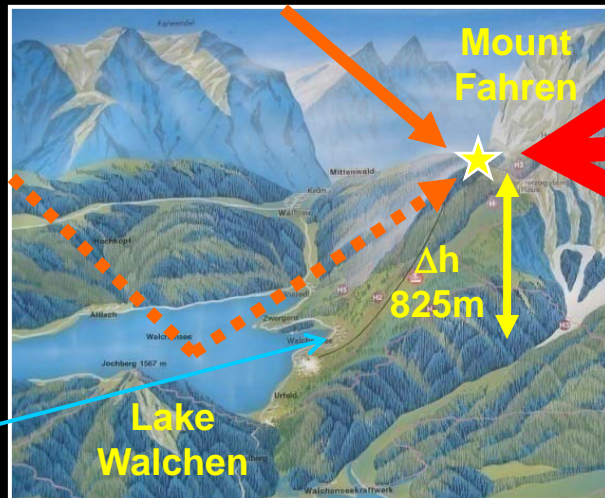
**new scientific quality for sounding and reflectometry
activities – GNSS receiver as a remote sensing sensor!**



GNSS receiver application for reflectometry

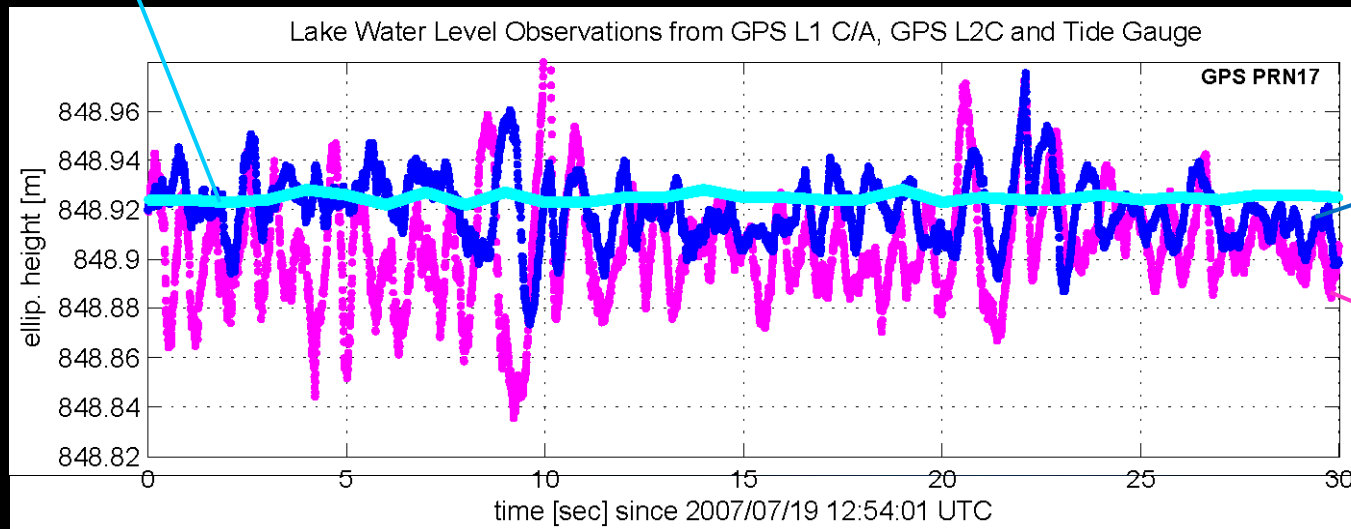


COTS-receiver: Use of new signals



~ 2 cm accuracy

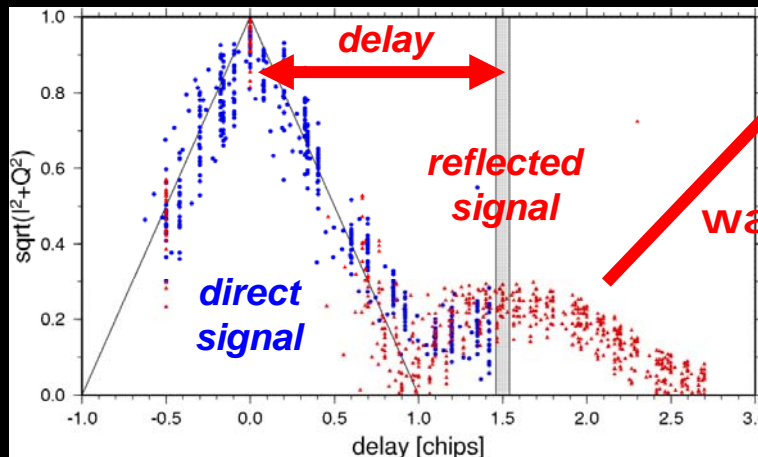
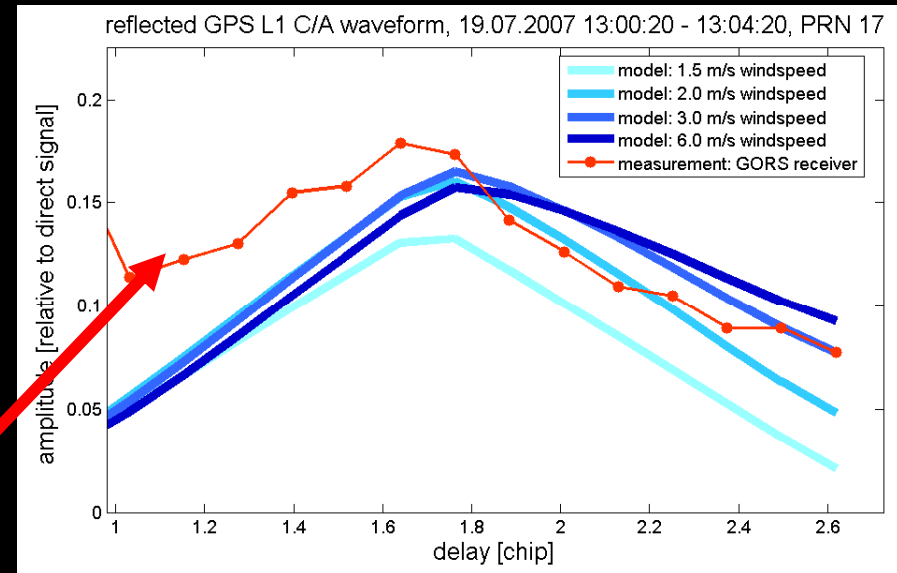
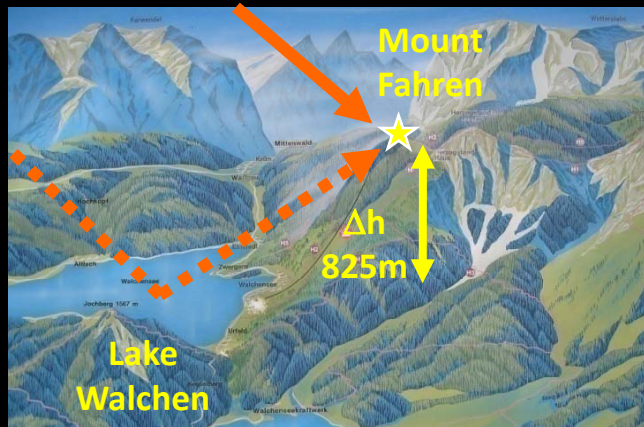
Tide Gauge



GPS L1 C/A

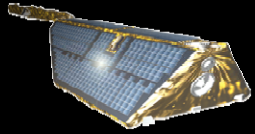
GPS L2C

Wind speed above water surfaces from reflected signals

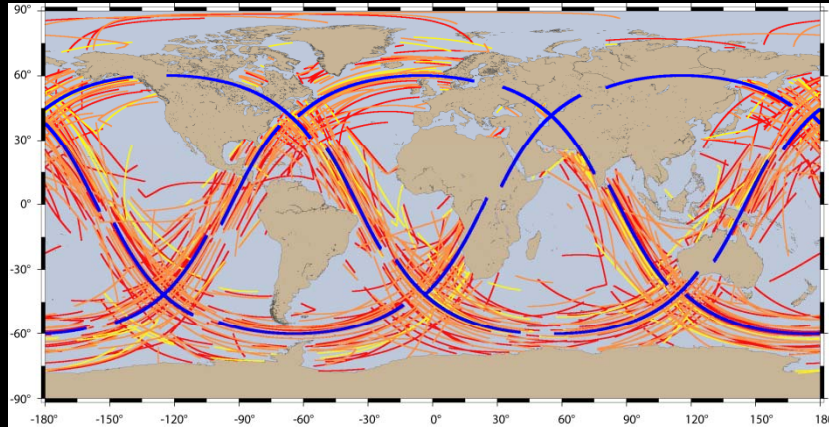


**Scatterometry
Model (provided by
IEEC Barcelona)**

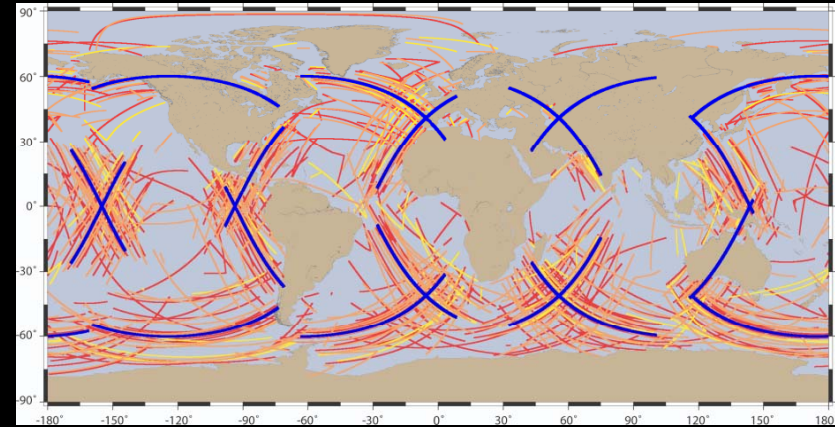
Receiver correlator



Satellite constellations for reflectometry



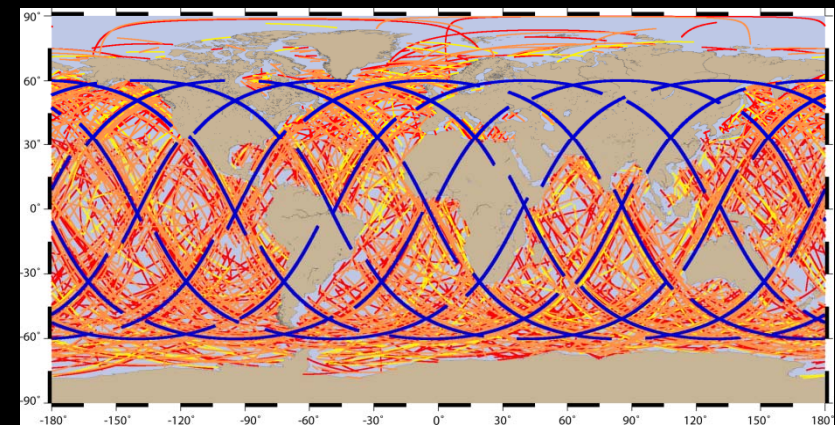
18 sat., 3 planes, 15 min



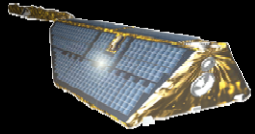
18 sat, 6 planes, 15 min

LEO groundtracks
(450 km altitude, 60° Inclination)

GPS GLONASS GALILEO



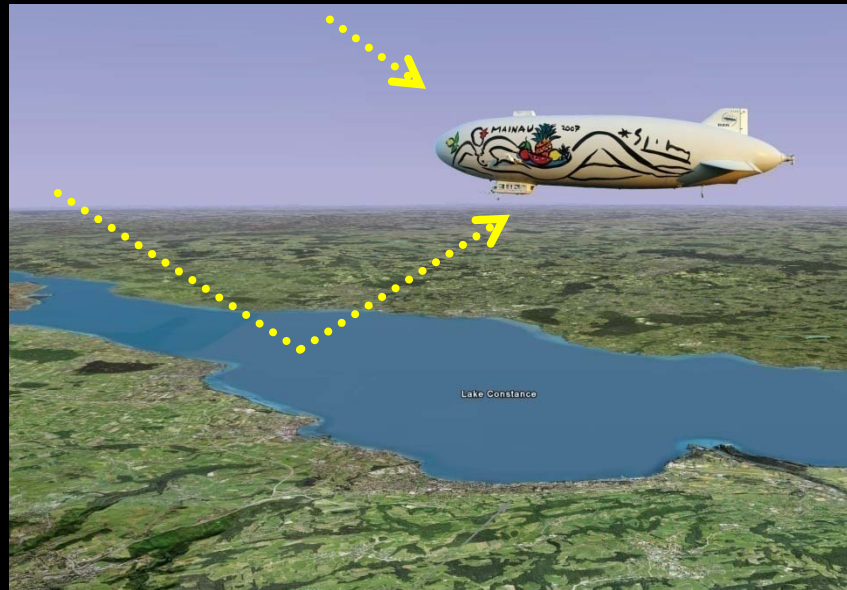
48 sat, 8 planes, 15 min



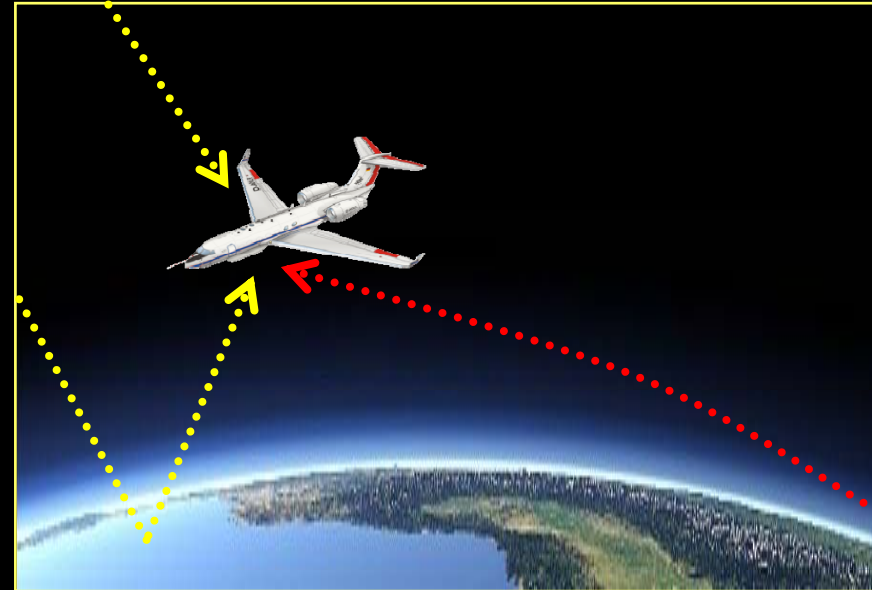
Airborne platforms



Zeppelin NT

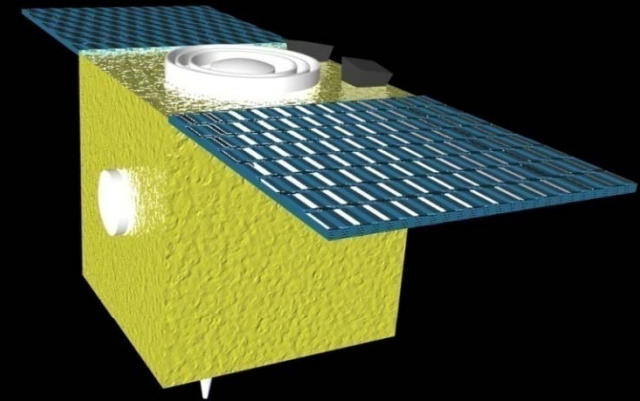
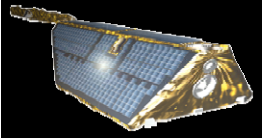


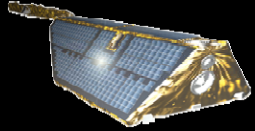
Research aircraft HALO



Reflectometry/Scatterometry; Occultations (HALO)

***From ground via aircraft to space:
Multi-nanosatellite missions***





Conclusions and outlook

The „science driven“ missions CHAMP, GRACE, SAC-C brought *significant progress for the RO technique* (retrieval, applications, preparation of COSMIC and Metop) TerraSAR-X/Tandem-X „hopefully“ bring new aspects (calibration, error characterization)

Budget for operational activities is existing but limited at science institutes as GFZ, better cooperation with GRAS-SAF feasible ?

There are serious thinkings on *new missions from science side with new scientific aspects* (GPS-M, Galileo, GLONASS, receiver technology, reflections etc.), for realisation international cooperation necessary, also with COSMIC FO